# Normal Procedures

ATR TRAINING & FLIGHT OPERATIONS SERVICES



Flight Crew Training Manual



# foreword

This Flight Crew Training Manual is an essential tool to learn the **ATR standard operating procedures**. It has been conceived as the standard baseline for all ATR flight crew training. To facilitate the learning process, procedures are presented in a pedagogical and user-friendly way, with, when necessary, a visualization of cockpit flows and schematics of flight patterns.

This manual is a comprehensive document that efficiently complements FCOM procedures. It is divided into two volumes:

"Normal Procedures" and "Emergency & Abnormal Procedures".

In the Normal Procedures manual, procedures are presented with detailed task sharing and include standard call outs. Additional procedures relating to specific operations and to equipments uses are part of this manual.

In the Emergency & Abnormal Procedures manual, the general management of abnormal situations is explained. Then, a detailed presentation of the procedures to apply per specific situation is made.

This latest revision encompasses all the changes agreed in 2008 during a comprehensive review of the ATR operational documentation (AFM, FCOM & QRH).

NB: Should you find any discrepancy in the emergency procedures between the FCTM and the AFM, please follow the AFM procedures.

The Training and Flight Operations support team.



#### ORGANIZATION OF THE MANUAL

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STANDARD OPERATING PROSEDURES

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- 1 ATC logo
- 2 Part title
- 3 Chapter title
- 4 Chapter & sections numbers
- 5 Page numbering for the section
- 6 Sequence number
- **7** Date of issue

### **LATERAL BOOKMARK**

72 PEC



72 not PEC

42 not PEC

LL ATR

shows aircraft type for which page is effective: please refer to it before study.

72 PEC refers to 72-500

42 PEC refers to 42-500

72 not PEC refers to 72-200/210

42 not PEC refers to 42-300/320



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### 1. Definitions

#### 1.1. Crew

- CM1 refers to the crew member in the left hand seat.
- CM2 refers to the crew member in the right hand seat.
- The captain always makes the final decision.
- PF is the crew member who flies the aircraft and performs the navigational tasks.
- PNF is the crew member who deals with radio communication, performs the mechanical tasks (Condition Levers), and monitors flight path.
- Cabin crew has to take care of passengers and to ensure the communication between the cabin and the cockpit. Cabin crew is in charge of passenger safety.
- For any additional explanation on task sharing, please refer to Introduction to the Emergency and Abnormal Procedures Manual.

### 1.2. Flight phase

- A flight is divided into several flight phases.
- Each flight phase is associated with a procedure and eventually followed by a checklist.
- A procedure allows crew members to perform all actions. Checklist permits to check they have been correctly done.

#### 1.3. Procedure

• Each flight phase complies with a specific chronological action list which the crew performs from memory.

Note: A procedure is performed before checklist reading.

- It is triggered by the word "...procedure". (e.g. "Before take-off procedure").
- All procedures contained in this manual are in compliance with FCOM & QRH.

### 1.4. Checklist (C/L)

- Normal checklists are used to verify that main procedures with impact on flight management have been correctly performed and checked.
- To be efficient, checklist reading must be preceded with all actions performed from memory.

Note: All checklists in this manual are in compliance with QRH.



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### 2. Crew coordination

#### 2.1. Crew function

FLIGHT PH	ASES	CM1	CM2
ON THE GROUND < 70Kt		PF	PNF
ON THE GROUND > 70Kt	1 <sup>st</sup> situation <sup>*</sup>	PF	PNF
or IN FLIGHT	2 <sup>nd</sup> situation <sup>*</sup>	PNF	PF

<sup>\*</sup> decided during the captain's briefing.

- For all procedures, the general task sharing stated below is applicable:

#### PF is in charge of:

- Flight path and power levers
  - Navigation
  - Aircraft configuration
  - Procedure initiation

#### PNF is in charge of:

- Checklist reading
- Communication
- Mechanic and conditions levers
- Monitoring PF and flight path

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#### Pilot flying transfer

• The PF function may be transferred, due to to external factors, with the following announcement:

#### "YOUR CONTROL" or "YOU HAVE CONTROL"

• The pilot who receives the PF function announces:

#### "MY CONTROL" or "I HAVE CONTROL"

- After PF / PNF function change, the crew must change and check that the coupling is set to the new PF side.
- Whenever possible and prior to the transfer, the PF should remind the main flight parameters to the PNF.

### 2.2. Safety recommendations

#### **Execution of given orders**

- Crew members must inform each other of any task done.
- PF orders and PNF executes and announces when complete.

#### Anti collision monitoring

- Crew should avoid paper work (flight log, technical log,...) between ground and Flight Level 100 (except for ATC clearance).
- Anti collision monitoring must be done by both crew members (outside by visual check and inside by ATC frequency listening and TCAS).

#### Communication in the cockpit

- Talks, requests and call outs must be limited to a minimum during the critical flight phases (take-off, approach, landing or missed approach).
- Technical communications between both pilots must comply with the standard announcements and call outs explained in this manual.



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#### Headset

- The crew must wear headset:
- Before engine start and up to FL 100.
- From FL 100 to engine shut down.
- On Captain's decision.

#### Cabin crew

- Pilots must inform the cabin crew of all significant flight phase changes.
  - Take-off.
  - Service beginning.
  - Turbulence area.
  - Descent.
  - Before landing.
  - Technical problem impacting cabin procedure.
- Following an announcement, the cabin crew must:
  - Secure servicing materials, and stay at service seat.
  - Start a technical or commercial action.
  - Apply a specific procedure.

#### 2.3. Cross control

- Cross control is a safety factor, using CROSS CHECKS.
- Control must be done by clear messages and information.
- To allow an efficient cross check:
  - Each pilot should know the other crew member procedures.
  - The procedure should be entirely and accurately followed.
- If an indication is not in compliance with the executed action, crew members must check that the relevant system is correctly set and/or take any necessary action to correct the situation.
- Any pilot action, wich modifies the flight parameters (flight path, speed or a system status), should be announced by a pilot and cross-checked by the other one (cross check efficiency is necessary to flight safety).
- PNF can be briefly busy (ATC message, weather listening, operating manual reading, procedure action, etc). Any mode changed by PF concerning ADU, system or any noticeable items must be reported to PNF when his attention becomes available again.



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### 2.4. Procedure methodology

- A procedure always precedes a checklist for the considered flight phase.
- Procedures must be executed in full, calmly, and precisely.
- Every pilot must know the other pilot's procedure items.
- Procedures are triggered by:

#### On the ground:

Procedures are triggered by

CM1 or specific flight event

### In flight:

Procedures are triggered by

PF-or specific flight event

• PF and PNF task sharing must comply with the following orders and announcements:

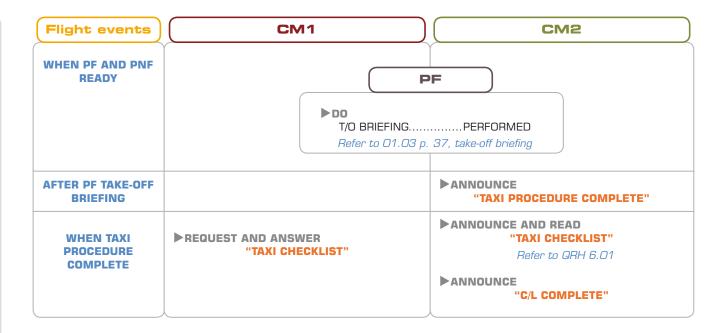
Example: Taxi procedure

Flight ev	events CM1		CM2	
READY TO	READY TO TAXI  ORDER  "REQUEST TAXI CLEARANCE"		TAXI CLEARANCEREQUESTED	
TAXI CLEARANCE RECEIVED  ANNOUNCE "GROUND FROM COCKPIT, READY TO TAXI, YOU CAN REMOVE CHOCKS AND DISCONNECT"		"GROUND FROM COCKPIT, READY TO TAXI, YOU CAN REMOVE CHOCKS AND		
WHEN GROUND STAFF IN SIGHT ON CAPTAIN'S SIDE  COCKPIT COM HATCHCLOSED BLOCK TIMEANNOUNCED SECURITYCHECK LEFT SIDE TAXI & T/O LIGHTON PARKING BRAKERELEASED		COCKPIT COM HATCHCLOSED BLOCK TIMEANNOUNCED SECURITYCHECK LEFT SIDE TAXI & T/O LIGHTDN	▶DO  SECURITYCHECK RIGHT SIDE	
	BRAK	ES CHECK: for passengers comfort, the following pro - set taxi power - parking brake handle from ON to EMER - then CM2 checks brakes (parking brak - then CM1 checks brakes (CM2 release	R position ke released)	
ON TAXIWAY  ON TAXIWAY  TAXI PROCEDURE"  DO  INSTRUMENTS CHECK*		"TAXI PROCEDURE"	INSTRUMENT	
* CHECK HEADING, BEARINGS, HORIZON / RM		* CHECK HEADING, BEARINGS, HORIZON / RMI	T/O CONFIG TESTPERFORMED	



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#### **REMARKS:**

- In some flight phases, the procedure achievement is triggered by events and is automatically done in a chronological way.
- It is not necessary to order the procedure because all the actions are already achieved. PF will directly ask for the checklist.

#### Example:

- After take-off, the procedure is triggered by the CLIMB SEQUENCE.
- For approach phase, the procedure is triggered by QNH SETTING.
- Before landing, the procedure is triggered by the FLAPS SET FOR LANDING.



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There are 2 ways to execute a procedure:

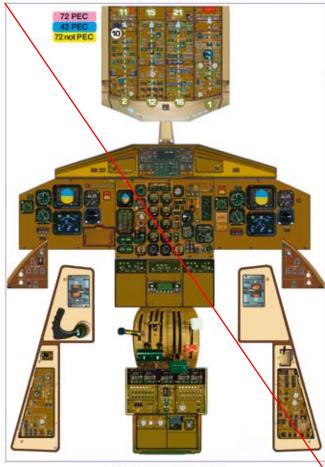
• **SCANS** enable the checking of all PBs, switches and lights on the panel.

They are executed:

- from memory
- following a logical way (upward).

Example:

Preliminary cockpit preparation



PRELIMINARY COCKPIT PREPARATION SCAN (1/4)

COCKPIT + OVERHEAD PANEL

• **FLOWS** enable a predetermined order for actions.

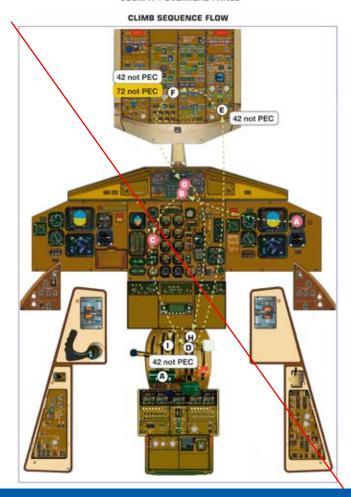
They are executed:

- from memory
- following a specific order.

A flow is a reminder of the task sequence.

Example:

Climb sequence flow





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### 2.5. Checklist Methodology / Challenge and Reply

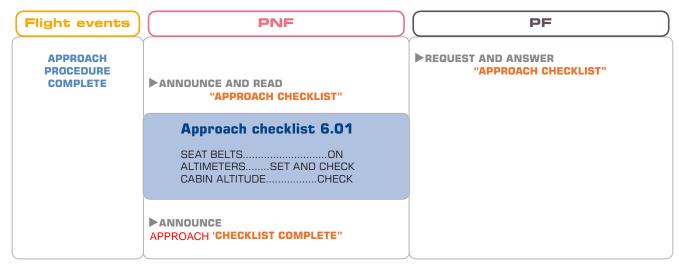
- CHALLENGE AND REPLY concept: PNF reads C/L, PF answers.
- Checklist use:

#### On the ground

- C/L is requested by CM1
- C/L is read by CM2

#### In flight

- C/L is requested by PF
- C/L is read by PNF
- PNF announces C/L title, reads the C/L, asking questions.
- When C/L is completed, PNF announces "C/L complete"
- The answer must be in compliance with the C/L and adapted to the present situation.
- PNF must receive the correct answer before reading the next item. If not, PNF must repeat the same item.
- If and when a checklist is interrupted, reading must be resumed one step before the last read item
- PF and PNF task sharing must comply with following orders and announcement:



#### **REMARKS:**

• To have a standard documentation common to all ATR series, some C/L items in QRH are stated in a general way and identified by "SET"

Example: "FLAPS.....SET"

• To ensure good crew coordination and communication, it is necessary to announce the exact value of the setting.

Example: "FLAPS......15"

• Values or conditions must be announced as and when changes occur.



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### 2.6. Task sharing

A flight is divided into several flight phases. For each phase, the crew tasks are explained in the procedures hereafter.

FLIGHT EVENTS	PROCEDURES	CHECKLIST	TRIGGERED BY
Arrival at the aircraft	Flight preparation procedure		CM1 / CM2
CM2 enters the cockpit	Internal inspection procedure		CM2
Internal inspection complete	External inspection procedure		CM1
Internal inspection complete	Preliminary cockpit preparation procedure		CM2
Preliminary cockpit preparation procedure complete		Preliminary cockpit preparation checklist	CM1 / CM2
Preliminary cockpit preparation C/L complete	Final cockpit preparation procedure		CM1
Final cockpit preparation procedure complete		Final cockpit preparation checklist	CM1
Ready to start engine 2 in hotel mode	Before propeller rotation		CM1
Before propeller rotation procedure complete		Before propeller rotation checklist	CM1
Start up clearance receive	Before taxi procedure		CM1
Before taxi procedure complete		Before taxi checklist	CM1
On taxiway	Taxi procedure		CM1
Taxi procedure complete		Taxi checklist	CM1
Approaching holding point and "cabin ok" received	Before take-off procedure		CM1
Before take-off procedure complete		Before take-off checklist	CM1



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FLIGHT EVENTS	PROCEDURES	CHECKLIST	TRIGGERED BY
Reaching acceleration altitude	Climb sequence		PF
Altimeters setting performed		After take-off checklist	PF
Crossing FL 100	FL 100 procedure	No C/L	PF
Reaching cruise speed	Cruise procedure	No C/L	PF
10 minutes before T.O.D	Before descent procedure		PF
Arrival briefing complete		Descent checklist	PF
Crossing FL 100	FL 100 procedure	No C/L	PF
When cleared to an altitude or passing transition level	Approach procedure		PF
Approach procedure complete		Approach checklist	PF
Clear for approach	Before landing procedure		PF
Landing configuration		Before landing checklist	PF
Runway vacated	After landing procedure		CM1
When engine 1 is stopped		After landing checklist	CM1
Marshaller in sight	Parking procedure		CM1
Parking procedure complete		Parking checklist	CM1
All documentation filled	Leaving the aircraft procedure		CM1
Leaving the aircraft procedure complete		Leaving the aircraft checklist	CM1



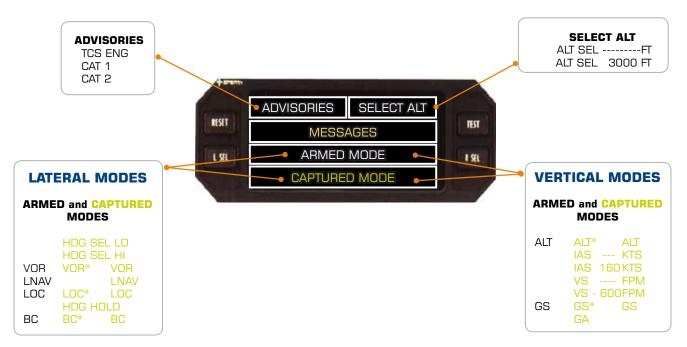
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### 3. Specific procedures

### 3.1. Auto Flight Control System (AFCS)

ADU (Advisory Display Unit)



NAV (VOR, LOC and LNAV) and APP modes must be associated with High Bank speeds.

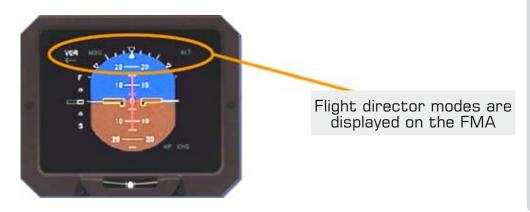
Mode selection is achieved by acting on the corresponding PB on the AFCS control panel except for ALT SEL mode and GO-AROUND mode.

Note: Simultaneously armed modes are limited to one lateral mode and two vertical modes. Therefore vertical armed modes are working in the following priority sequence:

#### 1. ILS GS ARMED

#### 2. ALT SEL ARMED

Any change on ADU from an armed mode (white) to a capturing mode (star) or from a capturing mode (star) to a captured mode (green) must trigger a crew cross control on the FMA (Flight Mode Announciator).





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#### 3.1.1. With AP engaged

• AP may be set by PF or by order to PNF.



AP ENGAGED
PF acts on AFCS

All track and navigational changes on the AFCS are performed by the PF with the following method:

- When the PF has completed his action, he informs the PNF by using the word "SET" at the end of his call out.
- PNF checks the displayed mode and announces "CHECK".

#### GENERAL PHILOSOPHY:

- Any "...SET" is done via ADU by PF if autopilot ON, or PNF if not.
- Any "CHECK" is done via FMA. Any FMA status change must be announced.

#### **REMARK:**

If the PF is busy, he can request the setting from the PNF.

#### Note:

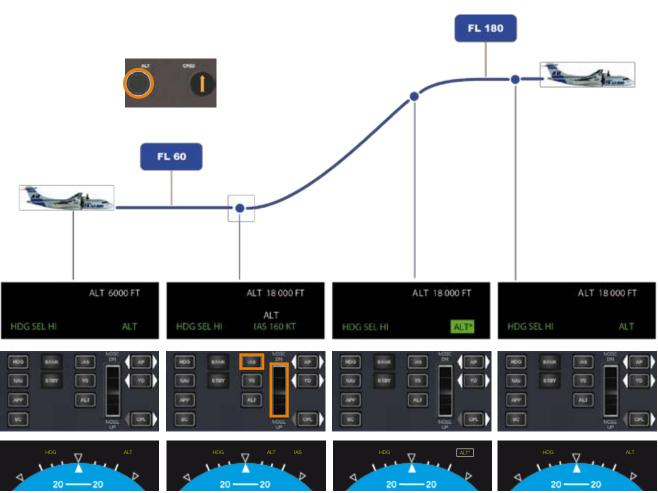
- A climb or descend action must be done with the entire following sequence:
  - 1) Select ALT SEL
  - 2) Select and adjust vertical mode (usually IAS for climb and VS for descent)
  - 3) Adjust Np and power as needed.
  - 4) Change altimeter barometric setting and compare (*please refer to 01.03 p.18*, **altimeter setting**)
  - 5) Select speed bug.
- The IAS mode must be used during climb (to avoid any stall due to high altitude and low aircraft performance). During descent, the VS mode is mainly used (except in emergency descent where IAS mode is used). The basic (pitch) mode may be used in accordance with the commercial company policy in effect.

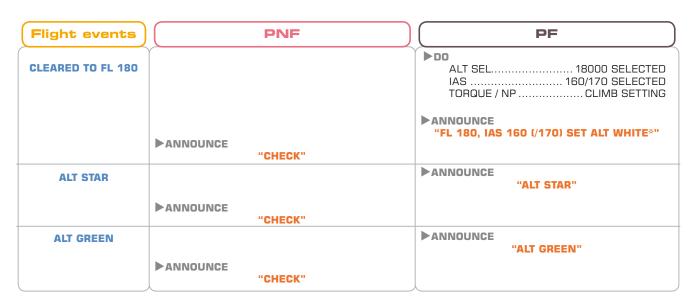


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### Climb mode (AP ON)





<sup>\*</sup> ALT white appears only when a vertical mode is armed and the aircraft is climbing or descending towards the preselected altitude / FL.

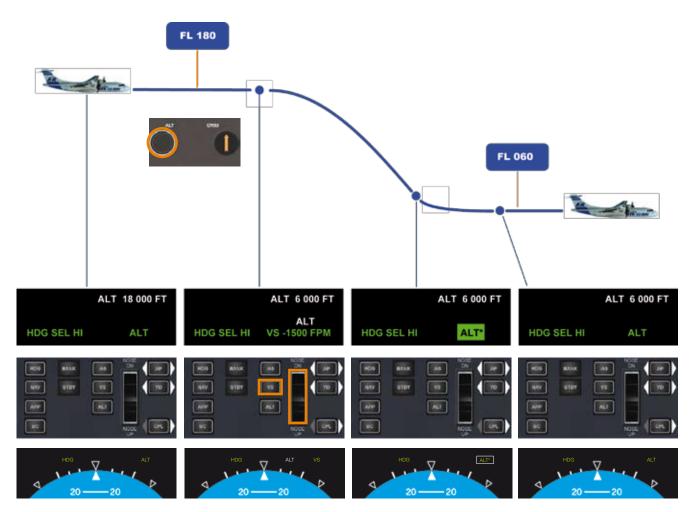
Note: In a simultaneous setting situation, only one announcement can be made.



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#### Descent mode (AP ON)



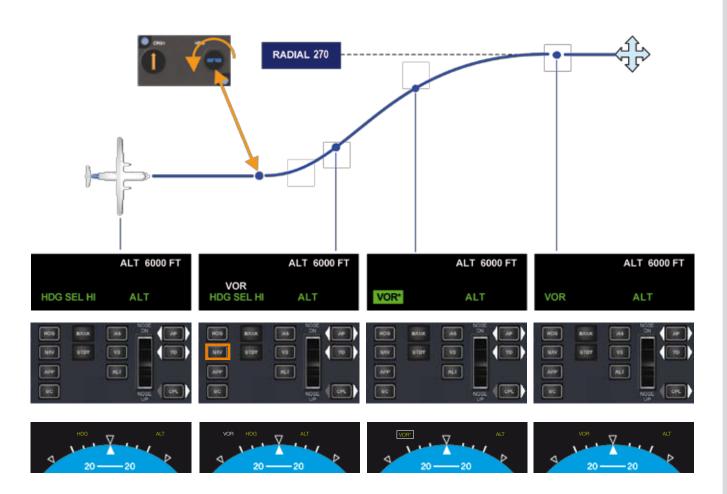
Flight events	PNF	PF
CLEARED TO FL 060		<b>▶DO</b> ALT SEL
	►ANNOUNCE	►ANNOUNCE  "FL 60 SET  ALT WHITE, VS -1500 SET"
	"CHECK"	
ALT STAR		►ANNOUNCE "ALT STAR"
	►ANNOUNCE "CHECK"	
ALT GREEN		►ANNOUNCE  "ALT GREEN"
	►ANNOUNCE "CHECK"	



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#### NAV mode (AP ON)

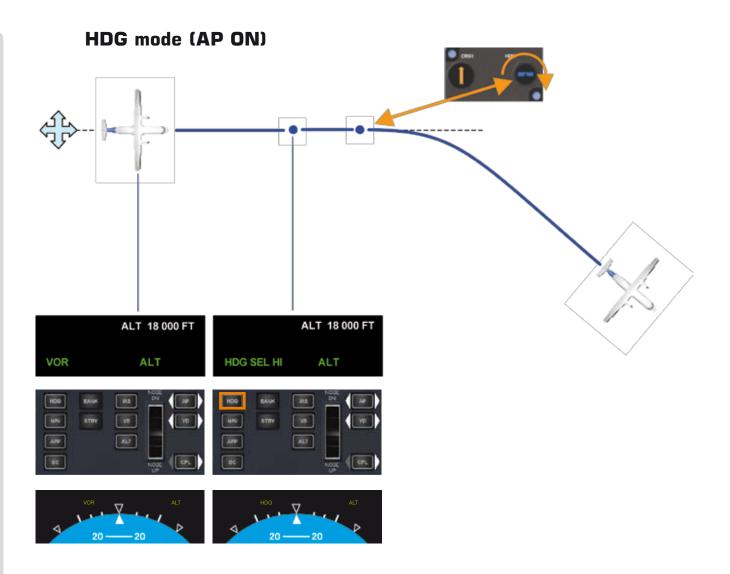


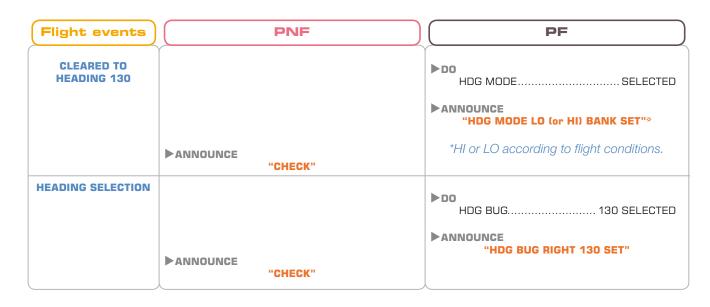
Flight events	PNF	PF
CLEARED TO INTERCEPT RADIAL 270		►DO HDG BUG SET 045  ►ANNOUNCE "HDG BUG LEFT 045 SET"
	►ANNOUNCE "CHECK"	
ESTABLISHED ON INTERCEPTION HEADING		NAV MODE SELECTED
	►ANNOUNCE "CHECK"	►ANNOUNCE "NAV MODE SET, VOR WHITE"
VOR STAR	►ANNOUNCE "CHECK"	►ANNOUNCE "VOR STAR"
VOR GREEN	►ANNOUNCE "CHECK"	►ANNOUNCE "VOR GREEN"



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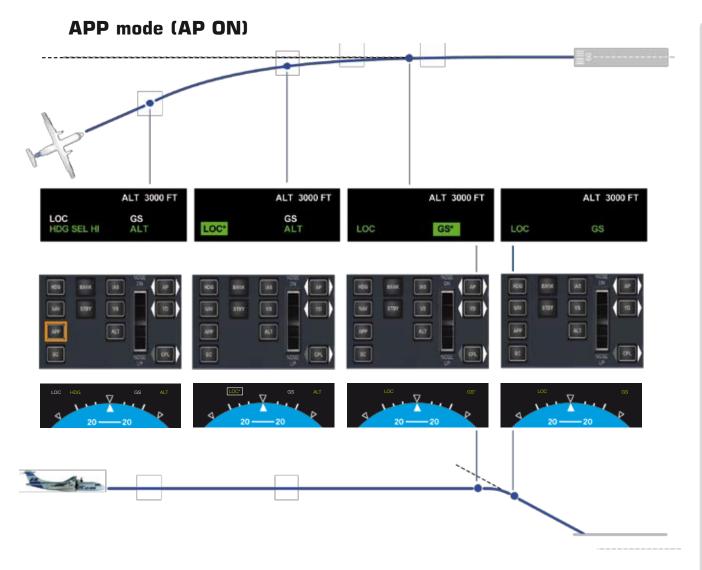






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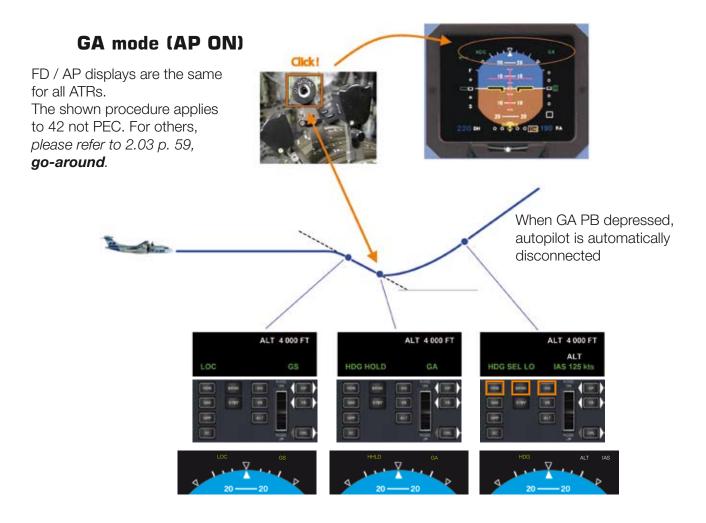
Flight events	PNF	PF
CLEARED TO PERFORM AN ILS APPROACH		APP MODESELECTED
	►ANNOUNCE "CHECK"	► ANNOUNCE "LOC AND GS WHITE"
LOCALISER STAR	►ANNOUNCE "CHECK"	►ANNOUNCE "LOC STAR"
LOCALISER GREEN	►ANNOUNCE "CHECK"	►ANNOUNCE "LOC GREEN"
GLIDE SLOPE STAR	►ANNOUNCE "CHECK"	►ANNOUNCE "GS STAR"
GLIDE SLOPE GREEN	►ANNOUNCE "CHECK"	►ANNOUNCE "GS GREEN"





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Flight events	PNF	PF
FULLY ESTABLISHED	►ANNOUNCE "CHECK"	►ANNOUNCE "LOC GREEN, GS GREEN"
AT DA OR MDA		**GO-AROUND, SET POWER, FLAPS ONE NOTCH
WHEN FLAPS AT 15 ON THE FLAPS INDICATOR	TQsCHECK/ADJUST GA FLAPS 15SELECTED  ANNOUNCE "FLAPS 15, POWER SET"	GA PB ON PL
WHEN POSITIVE CLIMB ON THE VSI	► ANNOUNCE  "POSITIVE RATE"  DO  GEAR LEVEL: UP HDG MODE SELECTED LO BANK SELECTED IAS VGA SELECTED TAXI & T/O LIGHT OFF	▶ORDER "GEAR UP, SET HEADING, LOW BANK, IAS VGA"
	►ANNOUNCE "IAS XXX SET"	►ANNOUNCE "CHECK"
WHEN ALL LIGHTS EXTINGUISHED ON THE LDG GEAR PANEL	►ANNOUNCE "GEAR UP"	

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#### 3.1.2. With AP disengaged (flying manually following FD bars)



AP DISENGAGED PNF acts on AFCS on PF request

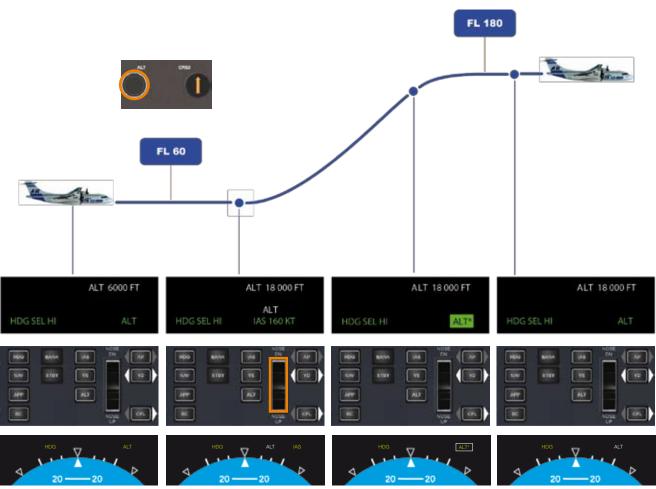
- All track and navigation changes on AFCS are performed by the PNF, at the PF's request.
- To avoid repetition, heading or altitude clearance are set and announced by the PNF without a PF order. All flight parameters (speed bug, altimeter setting) are set by both pilots after PF's request.
  - 1. PF orders the action by starting his sentence with the word "SET"
  - 2. PNF informs PF after performing the action, concluding his sentence by "SET"
  - 3. PF announces "CHECK" after checking the FMA and/or ADU



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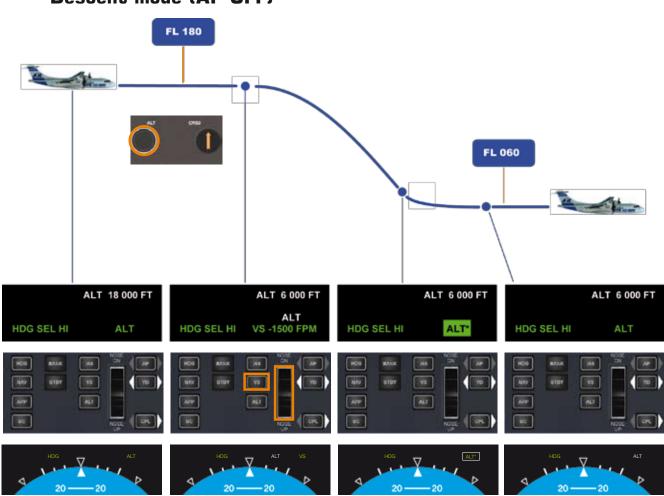
Flight events	PNF	PF
CLEARED TO FL 180	►DO  ALT SEL	► ORDER  "SET FL 180, IAS 160"  ► ANNOUNCE  "CHECK"  CHECK OR ADJUST PWR LEVER TO AMBER TQ BUGS
ALT STAR	►ANNOUNCE "CHECK"	►ANNOUNCE  "ALT STAR"
ALT GREEN	►ANNOUNCE "CHECK"	NANNOUNCE "ALT GREEN"

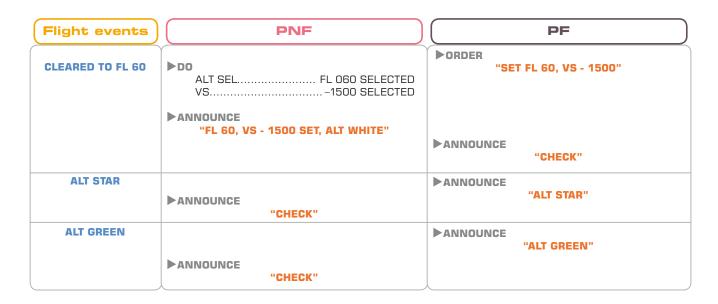


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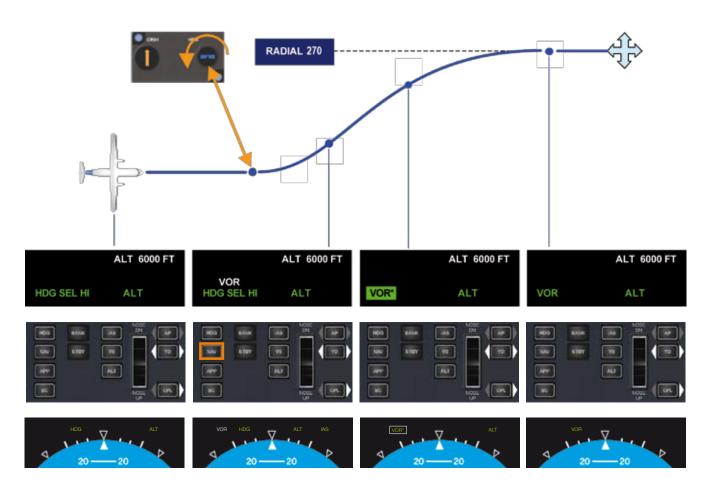




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### NAV mode (AP OFF)

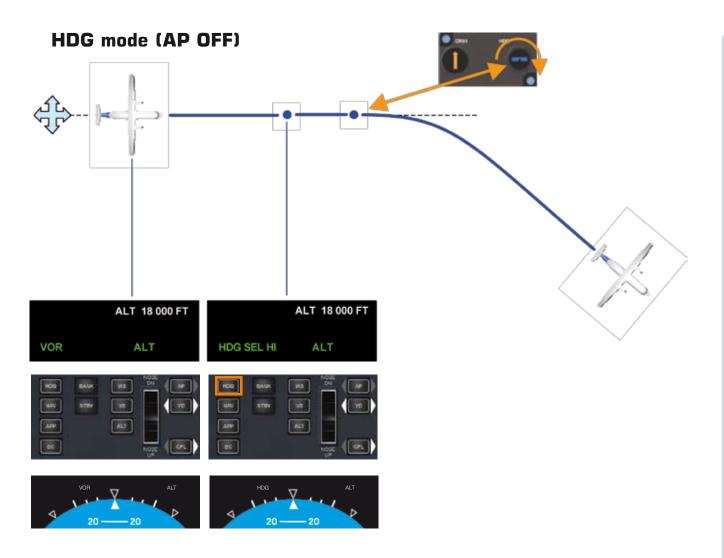


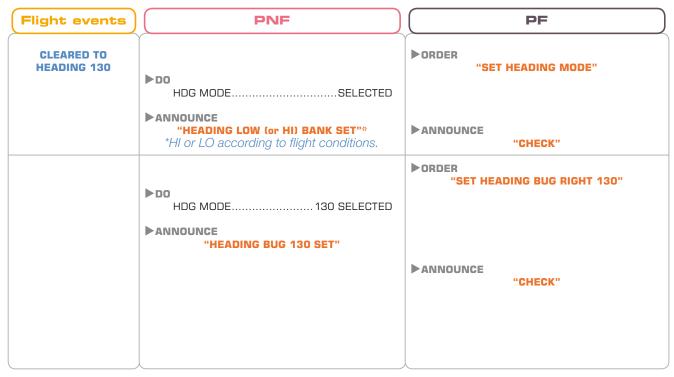
Flight events	PNF	PF
CLEARED TO INTERCEPT RADIAL 270	►DO HDG BUG045 ►ANNOUNCE	▶ORDER "SET HEADING BUG LEFT 045"
	"HEADING BUG 045 SET"	►ANNOUNCE "CHECK"
ESTABLISHED ON INTERCEPTION HEADING	NAV MODESELECTED	▶ORDER "SET NAV MODE"
	"NAV MODE SET, VOR WHITE"	►ANNOUNCE "CHECK"
VOR STAR	NANNOUNCE "CHECK"	►ANNOUNCE "VOR STAR"
VOR GREEN	NANNOUNCE "CHECK"	►ANNOUNCE "VOR GREEN"



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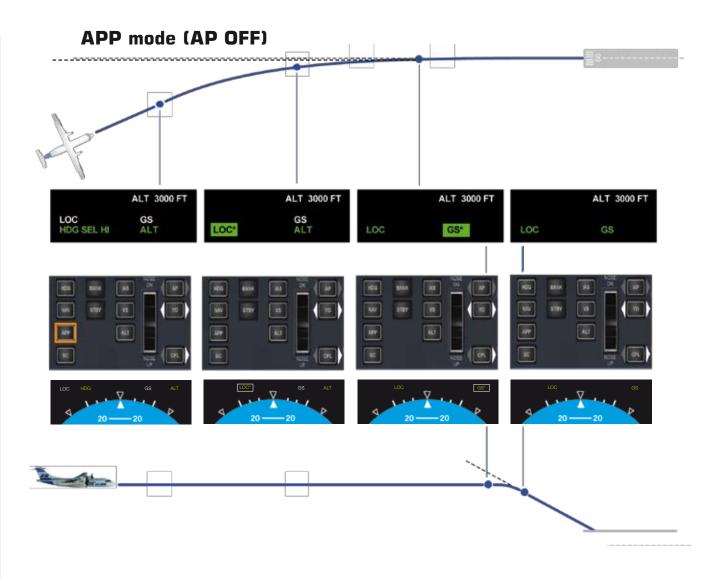






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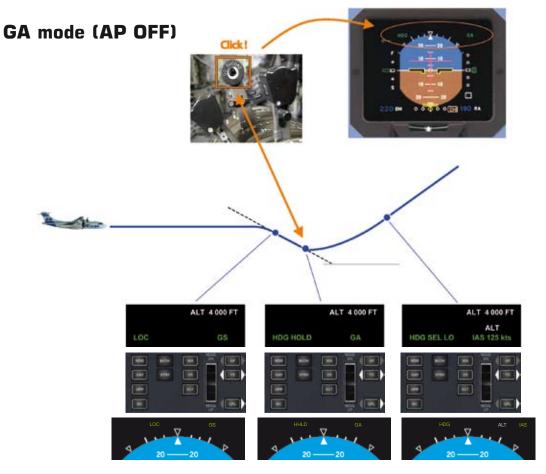


Flight events	PNF	PF
CLEARED TO PERFORM AN ILS APPROACH	▶DO APP MODESELECTED	►ORDER "SET APPROACH MODE"
	►ANNOUNCE "APPROACH MODE SET, LOC AND GS WHITE"	NANNOUNCE "CHECK"
LOC STAR	►ANNOUNCE "CHECK"	►ANNOUNCE "LOC STAR"
LOC GREEN	►ANNOUNCE "CHECK"	NANNOUNCE "LOC GREEN"
GS STAR	►ANNOUNCE "CHECK"	►ANNOUNCE "GS STAR"
GS GREEN	►ANNOUNCE "CHECK"	►ANNOUNCE "GS GREEN"



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Flight events	PNF	PF
FULLY ESTABLISHED	►ANNOUNCE "CHECK"	►ANNOUNCE "LOC GREEN, GS GREEN"
AT DA OR MDA		►ORDER "GO-AROUND, SET POWER, FLAPS ONE NOTCH"
WHEN FLAPS AT XX ON THE FLAPS INDICATOR	TQs	GA PB ON PL
WHEN POSITIVE CLIMB ON THE VSI	► ANNOUNCE  "POSITIVE RATE"  DO  GEAR LEVEL UP HDG MODE SELECTED LOW BANK SELECTED IAS VGA SELECTED TAXI & T/O LIGHT OFF	►ORDER "GEAR UP, HEADING, LOW BANK, IAS VGA"
	►ANNOUNCE "IAS XXX SET"	►ANNOUNCE "CHECK"
WHEN ALL LIGHTS EXTINGUISHED ON THE LDG GEAR PANEL	►ANNOUNCE "GEAR UP"	NANNOUNCE "CHECK"



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### 3.2. Flaps use





• For system use in normal operations, any setting change shall be performed through the cross control concept:

PF: orders system action.

PNF: performs the action and announces the configuration when the setting is in compliance with the system indicator

• Flaps manoeuvers are always performed by the PNF under PF order. PNF checks the speed before each configuration change then performs the task and announces the new configuration.

#### Example:

Flight events	PNF	PF
FLAPS EXTENSION		▶ORDER
	►ANNOUNCE "SPEED CHECK"	"FLAPS XX"
	FLAPS LEVERSELECTED	
FLAPS AT XX ON THE FLAPS INDICATOR	►ANNOUNCE "FLAPS XX"	
		CHECK"

Note: Select new speed only when the new configuration is obtained, during deceleration.



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### 3.3. Landing gear use





• For system use in normal operations, any setting change shall be performed through the cross control concept:

PF: orders system action.

PNF: performs the action and announces the configuration when the setting is in compliance with the system indicator

• Gear manoeuvers are always performed by the PNF under PF order. PNF checks the speed before each configuration change then performs the task and announces the new configuration.

Example:

Flight events	PNF	PF
LANDING GEAR EXTENSION	► ANNOUNCE  "SPEED CHECK"  ► DO  LANDING GEAR LEVELDOWN PWR MGTTAKE-OFF TAXI & T/O LIGHTSON	▶ORDER "GEAR DOWN"
3 GREEN LIGHTS ON THE LANDING GEAR INDICATOR	►ANNOUNCE "GEAR DOWN"	NANNOUNCE "CHECK"



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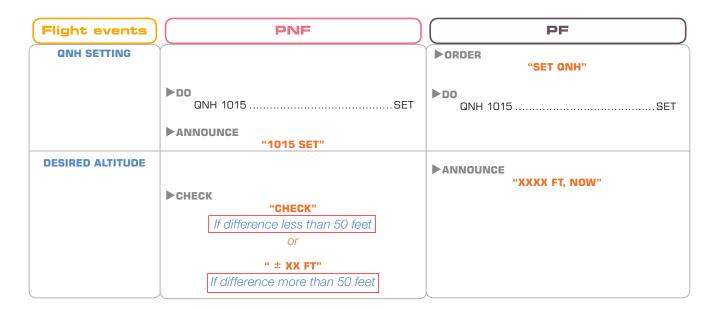
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### 3.4. Altimeter and radioaltimeter setting

#### 3.4.1. Altimeter setting

PF and PNF altimeter settings must be identical. Any change shall be performed with a specific call and cross control.

Example: cleared down to an altitude with QNH 1015



<sup>\*</sup> XXXX is the altimeter value: • expressed in feet for QNH setting.

• expressed in Flight Level for standard setting.

For each flight phase, the altimeter setting must be in compliance with the following table.

Note: Settings may vary, depending on prevailing local regulations.

	ALTIMETERS		
FLIGHT PHASE	CAPTAIN	STANDBY	FIRST OFFICER
From ground till cleared to FL	QNH (departure airport)	QNH (departure airport)	QNH (departure airport)
From climb to FL till cleared down to altitude	STANDARD	QNH Regional	STANDARD
Cleared to altitude	QNH (arrival airport)	QNH (arrival airport)	QNH (arrival airport)



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#### Altimeter bugs (if installed)

Bug setting must be the same on the captain's and the first officer's side.

#### Take-off

Example: Acceleration altitude = 1000 ft (white bug)

Airport elevation = 500 ft (red bug)



#### Landing

Example: - DA or MDA = 700 ft (white bug)

- Airport elevation = 500 ft (red bug)



#### 3.4.2. Radioaltimeter Setting

Airport elevation

#### **DH** policy

- Used for CAT II approach.
- May be set under CAT I approach, by both the PNF and PF together, and for information only (i.e. not to be used as a reference).
- Never used for non precision approach.



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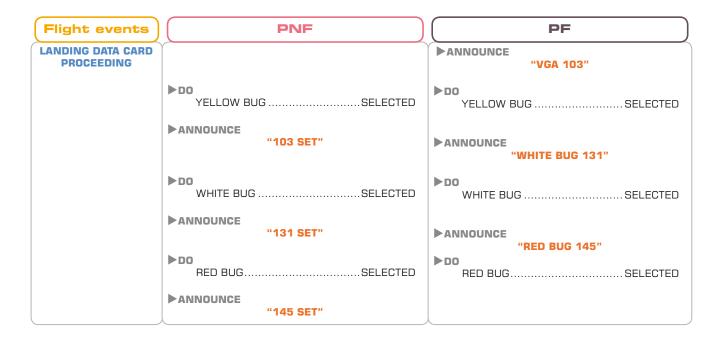
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#### 3.5. Speed bugs

#### Setting

- The PF and PNF speed bug settings must be identical.
- Any setting change shall be performed with a specific call out and cross control.

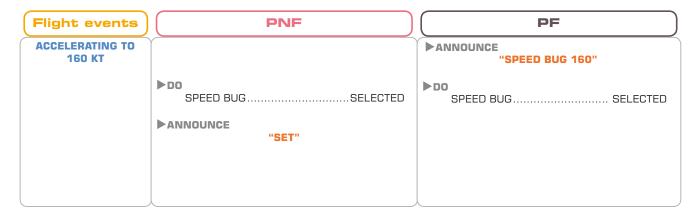
Example: After filling the landing data card, ready to set speed bug.



#### Speed bug

When aircraft configuration is obtained, PF orders new speed bug setting according to flight phase, on both sides. Speed bug manages Fast / Slow speed scale and must be considered also as a cross-check tool.

#### Example:



V1/VR

V2

Speed bug

VR.

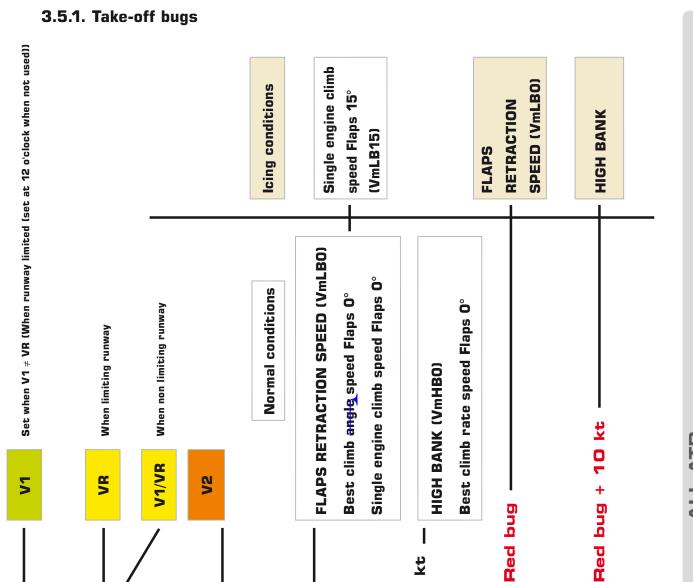
Yellow bug

7

Green bug

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VmHB: minimum speed HIGH BANK (HDG SEL HI on ADU)

VMLB: minimum speed LOW BANK (HDG SEL LO on ADU)

Red bug

White bug + 10 kt

White bug

2<u>2</u> 71111

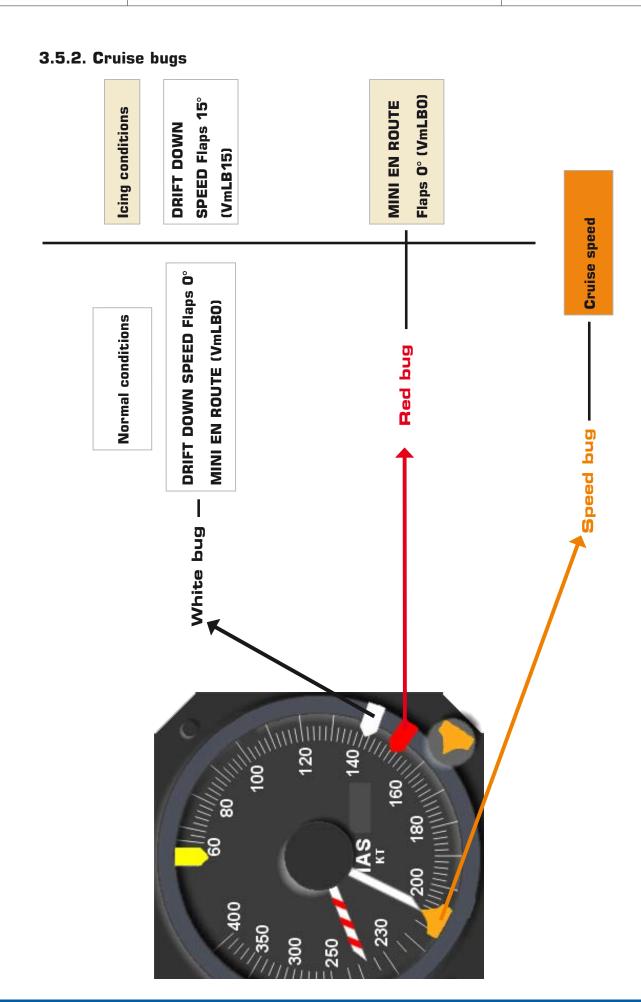
**ALL ATR** 



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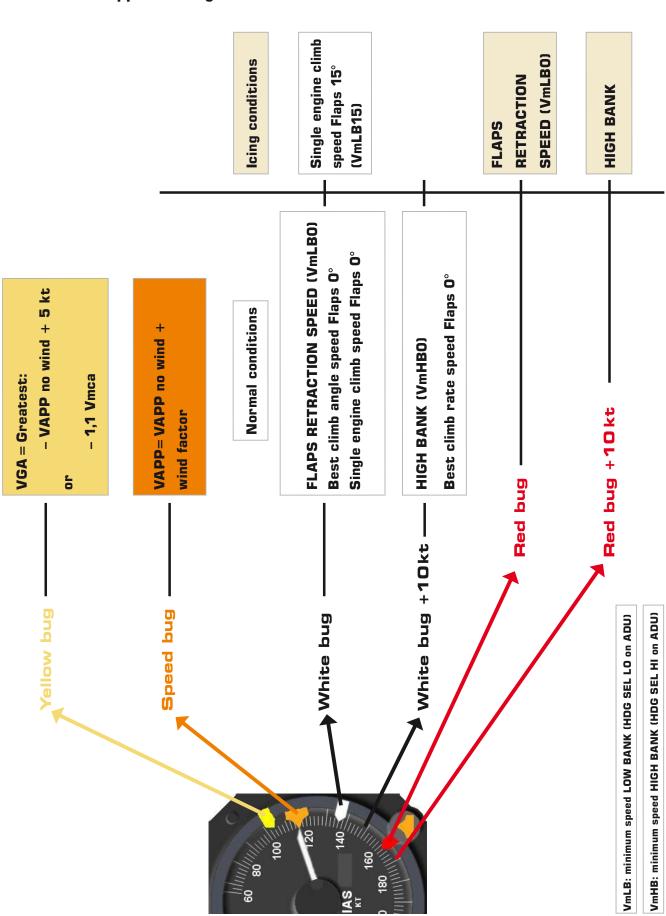
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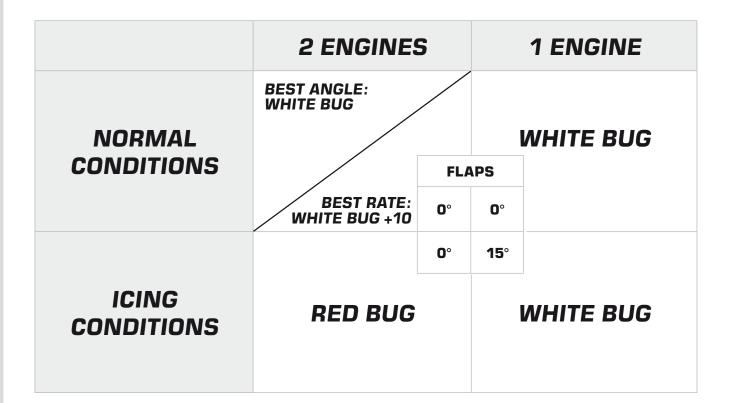




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#### 3.5.4. Best angle and best rate speed



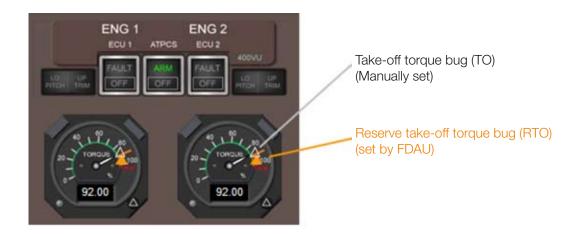


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## 3.6. Torque bugs

### 3.6.1. Take-off bugs



Example: Airport pressure altitude is 1000 ft and OAT is 10°C.

	TAKE OFF TORQUE VC = 50, KT										
SA	T (°C)					PR(	OPELL	ER SPE	ED 10	0 %	
AIR COND.						PR	ESSUR	E ALTI	TUDE (	FT)	
OFF.			-1000.	0.	1000.	2000.	3000.	4000.	5000.	6000.	7000.
-40. -10. - 8. - 6. - 4.			92.0 92.0 92.0 92.0 92.0	92.0 92.0 92.0 92.0 92.0	9.0 9.0 9.0 9.0 9.0	91.5 91.5 91.5 91.5 91.5	91.0 91.0 91.0 91.0 91.0	90.5 90.5 9.05 90.5 90.5	90.0 90.0 90.0 90.0 90.0	90.0 90.0 90.0 90.0 90.0	90.0 90.0 90.0 90.0 90.0
- 2. 0. 2. 4. 6.			92.0 92.0 92.0 92.0 92.0	92.0 92.0 92.0 92.0 92.0	9 9 9 9	91.5 91.5 91.5 91.5 91.5	91.0 91.0 91.0 91.0 91.0	90.5 90.5 90.5 90.5 90.5	90.0 90.0 90.0 90.0 90.0	90.0 90.0 90.0 90.0 90.0	90.0 90.0 90.0 89.4 88.0
8. 10. = 12. 14. 16.			92.0 92.0 92.0 92.0 92.0	92.0 92.0 92.0 92.0 92.0	92.0 92.0 92.0 92.0 92.0	91.5 91.5 91.5 91.5 91.5	91.0 91.0 91.0 91.0 91.0	90.5 90.5 90.5 90.5 90.5	90.0 90.0 90.0 89.5 87.6	90.0 89.3 87.5 85.7 83.9	86.7 85.4 83.7 81.9 80.2

RESERVE TAKE OFF TORQUE VC = 50. K								50. KT			
SA	T (°C)					PR/	OPELL	ER SPE	EED 10	0 %	
AIR COND.						PR	ESSUR	E ALTI	TUDE (	FT)	
OFF.			-1000.	0.	1000.	2000.	3000.	4000.	5000.	6000.	7000.
-40. -10. - 8. - 6. - 4.			100 100 100 100 100	100 100 100 100 100	100 100 100 100 100						
- 2. 0. 2. 4. 6.			100 100 100 100 100	100 100 100 100 100	100 100 100 100	100 100 100 100 100	100 100 100 100 100	100 100 100 100 100	100 100 100 100 100	100 100 100 100 100	100 100 100 99.3 97.8
8. 10. 12. 14. 16.			100 100 100 100 100	100 100 100 100	100 100 100 100 100	100 100 100 100 100	100 100 100 100 100	100 100 100 100 100	100 100 100 99.5 97.4	99.2 97.2 95.2 93.2	96.3 94.9 93.0 91.0 89.1



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### 3.6.2. Cruise bugs



- Cruise torque bug, automatically computed by the FDAU.

The FDAU torque is checked in the cruise performance chart.

	MAX CRUISE 2 ENGINES														
FLIGHT		Δ ISA													
LEVEL	-1	0	<u>_</u> t	5	0		+	5	-	⊦10		+1	5	+2	0.
80	90.0 343 <b>235</b> 259	90.0 317 <b>225</b> 248	90.0 343 <b>234</b> 260	90.0 317 <b>224</b> 249	90.0 343 <b>233</b> 261	90.0 318 <b>223</b> 250	84.8 328 <b>227</b> 257	90.0 318 <b>222</b> 252	2	3 3 <b>0 2</b>	3.7 14 <b>20</b> 51	74.4 298 <b>213</b> 246	83.0 299 <b>213</b> 245	69.4 283 <b>206</b> 240	77.5 283 <b>206</b> 239
100	90.0 336 <b>233</b> 264	90.0 312 <b>223</b> 253	90.0 337 <b>231</b> 265	90.0 312 <b>222</b> 254	87.3 329 <b>228</b> 263	90.0 313 <b>221</b> 256	82.0 314 <b>221</b> 258	90.0 313 <b>220</b> 257	3 <b>2</b>	0 3 <b>5 2</b>	6.0 102 1 <b>15</b> 153	72.2 286 <b>208</b> 248	80.5 287 <b>208</b> 247	67.5 272 <b>201</b> 242	75.3 273 <b>201</b> 241
120	90.0 330 <b>230</b> 269	90.0 307 <b>221</b> 259	89.5 329 <b>229</b> 270	90.0 307 <b>220</b> 260	84.5 315 <b>222</b> 265	90.0 308 <b>219</b> 261	79.2 300 <b>216</b> 260	88.3 304 <b>216</b> 260	2	7 2 9 2	3.0 89 <b>09</b> 55	69.9 273 <b>203</b> 249	77.9 275 <b>202</b> 248	65.5 261 <b>196</b> 243	73.0 262 <b>195</b> 242
140	90.0 325 <b>228</b> 274	90.0 302 <b>218</b> 263	85.9 313 <b>222</b> 271	90.0 303 <b>217</b> 264	81.2 300 <b>216</b> 266	90.0 303 <b>216</b> 266	76.5 287 <b>210</b> 261	85.3 291 <b>210</b> 261	2 <b>2</b>	3 2 3 2	9.9 76 <b>04</b> 555	67.4 261 <b>197</b> 250	75.1 263 <b>197</b> 249	63.2 249 <b>191</b> 243	70.5 250 <b>190</b> 242
160	86.8 311 <b>222</b> 276	90.0 298 <b>216</b> 268	82.1 297 <b>216</b> 271	90.0 299 <b>214</b> 269	77.4 284 <b>210</b> 266	86.3 289 <b>210</b> 266	73.0 272 <b>203</b> 261	81.3 276 <b>204</b> 261	68 2! <b>1!</b> 2!	5 70 9 2 <b>7 1</b> 5 2	6.4 62 <b>97</b> 55	64.0 246 <b>190</b> 248	71.3 248 <b>189</b> 247	60.1 235 <b>183</b> 242	66.9 236 <b>182</b> 240
	290	30.0 295	278	284	266	271	255	259	65. 24	1 72	2.6 48	61.1 233	68.1 235	57.2 222	63.7 223
180	<b>214</b> 274	<b>213</b> 273	<b>208</b> 270	<b>208</b> 269	<b>202</b> 265	<b>202</b> 264	<b>196</b> 259	<b>196</b> 259	19 25	0 1	<b>89</b> 53	183 247	181 245	<b>175</b> 239	174 238
200	76.8 273 <b>206</b> 272	85.5 279 <b>206</b> 272	73.0 262 <b>200</b> 268	81.3 267 <b>200</b> 268	69.1 250 <b>195</b> 263	77.0 255 <b>194</b> 263	65.3 240 <b>188</b> 258	72.8 244 <b>188</b> 257	61. 23 <b>18</b> 25	0 2 1	3.6 33 <b>81</b> 50	58.1 220 <b>175</b> 244	64.7 222 <b>174</b> 243	54.5 210 <b>167</b> 236	60.7 211 <b>166</b> 234
220	72.0 256 <b>197</b> 270	80.3 262 <b>197</b> 270	68.5 245 <b>191</b> 265	76.3 250 <b>191</b> 265	65.0 235 <b>186</b> 260	72.4 240 <b>185</b> 259	61.5 225 <b>179</b> 254	68.4 229 <b>179</b> 253	58. 21 <b>17</b> 24	6 2 <b>3 1</b>	4.6 19 <b>71</b> 45	54.7 206 <b>165</b> 239	60.9 209 <b>164</b> 237	51.5 197 <b>157</b> 230	57.3 199 <b>156</b> 228
240	65.9 235 <b>186</b> 263	73.4 240 <b>186</b> 263	63.9 229 <b>182</b> 260	71.2 234 <b>182</b> 260	60.6 219 <b>176</b> 255	67.5 224 <b>175</b> 254	57.5 210 <b>169</b> 248	63.9 214 <b>168</b> 246	54. 20 <b>16</b> 24	1 2	0.3 04 <b>60</b> 37	51.2 192 <b>154</b> 231	56.8 194 <b>152</b> 227	48.0 183 <b>143</b> 216	53.2 185 <b>139</b> 211
250	62.9 224 <b>180</b> 259	70.0 229 <b>180</b> 259	61.1 219 <b>176</b> 256	68.0 224 <b>176</b> 256	58.4 211 <b>170</b> 251	65.0 216 <b>169</b> 250	55.3 202 <b>163</b> 243	61.5 206 <b>162</b> 241	52. 19 <b>15</b> 23	3 1 <b>6 1</b>	3.1 96 <b>54</b> 32	49.2 184 <b>146</b> 223	54.5 186 <b>142</b> 217		
TQ % NP = 86 % KG/H/ENG IAS TAS				I	TQ % N KG/H/E I <b>AS</b> TAS	IP = 77 NG	7 %		Γ		77 % MECH.	LIMITI	ΕD		



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### 3.6.3. Torque preset

- For the following conditions, this table shows the best torque presets.
- Precise torque values will vary depending on aircraft weight and outside conditions but differences will be very minimal.
- Do not forget that Np modifies the torque for a given PL angle.

NP = 86/82%		Approach 3°			
Speed	180	160	140	120	VAPP
Gear	UP	UP	DOWN	DOWN	DOWN
Flaps	O°	O°	15°	30/35°	30/35°
All engine torque	50%	40%	40%	50%	25%
All engine pitch	+1°	+1°	+2°	+2°	-1°
Single engine torque	90%	75%	75%	90%	50%
Single engine pitch	+1°	+1°	+2°	+2°	-1°

• For profiles other than ILS and level flight, use the following equivalence:

or

±5% Torque <=> 1 degree slope

or

 $\pm$ 5% Torque <=>  $\pm$  10 Kt of wind component

(to be able to maintain a constant ground descent gradient, the vertical speed must be adjusted and so the speed).



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#### 3.7. Data card

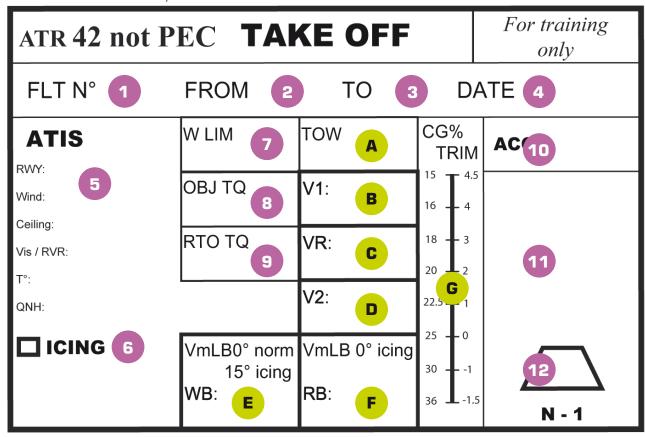
#### 3.7.1. Take-off data card

### **Data card filling**

CM2 fills in take-off data card:

- during "final cockpit preparation" procedure: purple labels
- prior to the "before propeller rotation" procedure: green labels.

All operational data shall be cross checked by the crew on relevant documentation (QRH, FOS, load and trim sheet...)



- FLT N°
  Write the flight number.
- FROM
  Write the ICAO departure airport code.
- Write the ICAO arrival airport code.
- DATE
  Write the present date.
- **ATIS**Write the ATIS data.



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- ICING
- Tick the box when icing conditions prevail at take-off.
- W LIM
  Write the lowest limitation value.
  - OBJ TQ
- Write the objective torque read in the QRH (page 4.11) according to the outside air temperature and the pressure altitude.
- **RTO TQ**Write the reserve take-off torque read in the QRH (page 4.12) according to both the outside air temperature and the pressure altitude.
- Write the acceleration altitude for take-off.
  The minimum figure must be 400 feet above airport level (AAL).
- SINGLE ENGINE PROCEDURE

  Write the single engine procedure read on the FOS chart (at least the first turn).
- HDG
  Write runway in use for take-off.

#### After load and trim sheet proceeding:

- A TOW
  Write the TOW read on the load and trim sheet and compare with W LIM
- Write V1 read on the FOS if taking off on a limiting runway, or in the QRH, according to the actual TOW, if the runway is NL.
- WR
  Write VR read on the FOS if taking off on a limiting runway, or in the QRH, according to the actual TOW, if the runway is NL.
- Write V2 read on the FOS if taking off on a limiting runway, or in the QRH, according to the actual TOW, if the runway is NL.
- FINAL TO (WB)
  Write the value of Final take-off speed read in the QRH according to the normal (VmLB0°) or icing conditions prevailing (VmLB 15°)
- Write the value of VmLB0 in icing conditions read in the QRH.
- Write the value of the trim setting according to the CG location in percentage of MAC given on the load and trim sheet.

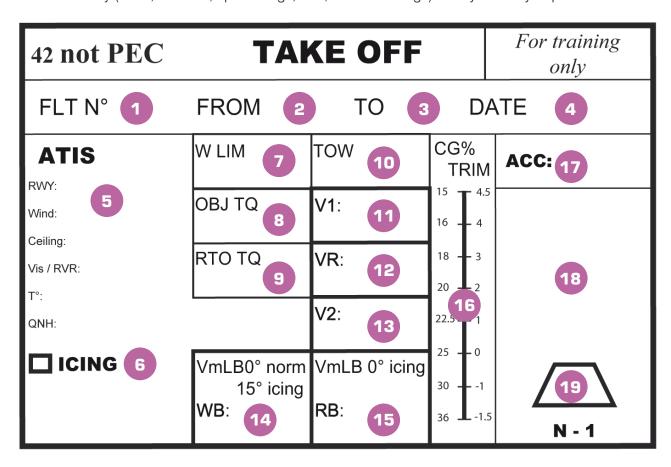


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### Data card proceeding

- Information proceeding from the take-off data card permits crew members to prepare the departure and take-off briefings.
- The card must be read from up to down and from left to right by the PF (5 columns), and set when necessary (QNH, OBJ TQ, speed bugs, trim, altimeters bugs): "are you ready to proceed?...".



- FLT N°
  Announce the flight number and check the FDEP.
- FROM
  Announce the ICAO departure airport code.
- TO
  Announce the ICAO arrival airport code.
- DATE
  Announce the present date.
- ATIS
  Read the ATIS data and check:
  - the possibility to take-off according to present RVR/Visibility and value read on the Jeppesen chart.
  - the possibility to fly back to departure airport in case of engine failure. (if an alternate airport is necessary, it must be indicated on the load and trim sheet).
  - wind limitations for take-off and hotel mode use.
  - set QNH on the 3 altimeters and cross-check the elevation readings.
  - temperature and moisture to determine if normal or icing conditions are prevailing.



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- 6 ICING
  If the box is ticked, remember icing conditions prevail.
- 7 W LIM Announce W LIM
- OBJ TQ
  Announce the objective torque value and set the white bugs on the torques gauges.
- RTO TQ
  Announce the reserve take-off torque value and check that amber bugs on the torque gauges are facing the above-mentioned value.
- TOW
  Check that TOW is less than or equal to your W LIM
- Set the yellow bug on both airspeed indicators according to that value and cross-check.
- Memorize the value (if V1 and VR are different, use the green bug for V1 and the yellow bug for VR).
- V2
  Set the amber bug on both airspeed indicators according to that value and cross-check.
- FINAL TO (WB)
  Set white bug on both airspeed indicators according to that value and cross-check.
- VmLB 0° (RB) (Icing)
  Set red bug on both airspeed indicators according to that value and cross-check.
- CG% TRIM
  Set the pitch trim and check it remains inside the green arc.
- ACC
  Set the white bug on both altimeters according to that value.
- SINGLE ENGINE PROCEDURE
  Confirm the single engine procedure according to weather conditions.
- HDG
  Check the runway in use given on ATIS.



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### 3.7.2. Landing data card

### Data card filling-in

- The landing data card must be filled in by the PF prior to the arrival briefing.
- it is done from up to down and from left to right.

ATR 42 not PEC	LANDII	NG	For training only				
FLT N°: 1 DEST: 2 ELEV: 3 ALTERN: 4							
ATIS	W LIM 7	LW 11	ACC: 17				
RWY: 5 Wind:	GA TQ 8	FLAPS 12					
Ceiling: Vis / RVR:	1.1 VMCA	VAPP r 13 ind	18				
T°: QNH:	VGA 10	VAPP 14	1				
□ ICING 6	VmLB0° norm 15° icing	VmLB 0° icing	19				
	WB: <b>15</b>	RB: <b>16</b>	GA				

- **FLT N°**Write the flight number.
- **DESTINATION**Write the ICAO destination airport code.
- ALT
  Write the destination airport elevation.
- ALTERNATE
  Write the ICAO alternate airport code.
- ATIS
  Write the ATIS data.
- 6 ICING
  Tick the box if icing conditions are prevailing at landing.
- W LIM
  Write the limiting weight for landing.



# INTRODUCTION TO NORMAL PROCEDURES

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- GA TQ
- Write the value of the GA TQ read in the QRH (page 4.13).
- 9 1.1 VMCA
  Write the value read in the QRH (page 4.64).
- VGA
  Write the VGA value: highest value between: 1.1 VMCA, or
   VAPP no wind + 5 Kt.
- LW
  Write the calculated LDG weight and compare with W LIM
- FLAPS
  Write the flaps value.
- VAPP no wind
  Write the value of VAPP no wind read in the QRH (on the final approach speed line).
- VAPP
  Write the value of VAPP=VAPP no wind + wind factor.
  Wind factor = the highest value between:
   1/3 of reported headwind, or
   the gust in full.

Max. correction: 15 kt
VmLB (WB)

- Write the value found in the QRH: VmLB 0° in normal conditions VmLB 15° in icing conditions.
- VmLB 0° (RB) (Icing)
  Write the value found in the QRH: VmLB 0° in icing conditions.
- Write the acceleration altitude for the go-around procedure.
  The highest value between:
   1000 feet AAL, or
   the value specified on Jeppesen chart, or
   a specific computation.
- GO-AROUND PROCEDURE
  Draw the first segment of the go-around procedure (first heading, first altitude, first turn).
- HDG
  Write the runway in use on the destination airport.



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## Data card proceeding

- The landing data card must be proceeded by the PF prior to the arrival briefing: "Are you ready to proceed?...".
- It is done from up to down and from left to right.

ATR 42 not PEC	LANDING	For training only					
FLT N°: 1 DEST: 2 ELEV: 3 ALTERN:4							
ATIS	W LIM 7 LW 11	ACC:					
RWY: 5	GA TQ 8 FLAPS 12						
Ceiling: Vis / RVR:	1.1 VMCA 9 VAPP n13 in	nd 18					
T°: QNH:	VGA VAPP 14						
☐ ICING 6	VmLB0° norm VmLB 0° icin	ng 19					
	WB: 15 RB: 16	GA					

- **FLT N°** Announce the flight number.
- **DESTINATION** Announce the ICAO destination airport code.
- Set the red bugs on PF and PNF altimeters.
- **ALTERNATE**
- Write the ICAO alternate airport code.
- **ATIS** Read the ATIS data and check:
  - visibility or RVR value to determine airport's accessibility
  - instrument approach in use
  - wind limitations for landing
  - QNH and set it on the standby altimeter
  - temperature to determine if normal or icing conditions are prevailing.
- **ICING** If the box is ticked, remember icing conditions prevail for landing.
- Announce W LIM value.



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- GA TQ
  - Announce the go-around torque value and set white bugs on torque gauges.
- 9 1.1 VMCA
  Announce the value of 1.1 VMCA
- VGA
  Set yellow bugs on the airspeed indicators according to that value.
- Check that LW is less or equal than W LIM..
- FLAPS
  Announce flaps setting for landing.
- VAPP no wind
  Announce the value of VAPP no wind.
- VAPP
  Announce and memorize the value of VAPP.
- VmLB (WB)
  Set white bugs on airspeed indicators according to that value and crosscheck.
- VmLB 0° (RB) (Icing)
  Set red bugs on airspeed indicators according to that value and crosscheck.
- ACC
  Set white bugs on main altimeters according to that value.
- GO-AROUND PROCEDURE

  Describe the first segment of the go-around procedure.
- RWY
  Announce and set ALTI BUGS (if installed): red on threshold elevation, white on MDA

Example: First-officer will be PF in flight, so he performs the data card proceeding:

We'll be landing at xxxx, elevation xxx ft, alternate is xxxx. Information x (if ATIS received) recorded at xx.xx, runway in use xx, wind is xxx°/xx kt (check wind limitation), ceiling xxx and visibility xx (check procedure minima), temperature is  $\pm$  xx°, QNH is xxxx hPa set on stand by altimeter, normal/icing conditions, MLW is xx,x tons, LW is xx, x t (check LW<MLW), GA TQ xxx% set (set on torque indicator), VGA is xxx kt, white bug is xxx kt, red bug isxxx kt (set on both ASI, CPT and FO), with flaps XX° Vapp is xxxkt. Missed approach procedure is reported, and acceleration altitude is xxxx ft



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### 3.8. Briefing

#### 3.8.1. Departure briefing

All departure settings must be ready before performing briefing. "Are you ready for the departure briefing?"

#### Status

- Weather conditions (icing, thunderstorm, wind...)
- Aircraft technical situation (technical concern, MEL restriction...)
- Specific flight items (NOTAMs, de-icing...)

#### Taxi

- Taxi out description
- Specifics (contamination, taxiway closed...)
- Runway in use and expected holding point

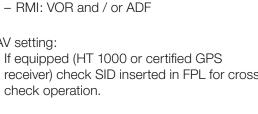
#### Runway

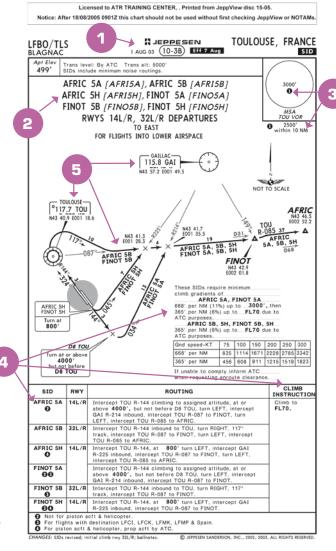
 Limitations, specifications, bleed, anti-icing (fluid type...)

#### SID (Standard Instrument Departure)

- Jeppesen chart N° \_\_ & date \_\_
- SID name
- MSA
- Flight path description:
  - 1 routing
  - 2 first FL or altitude
  - 3 climb gradient
- 5 Radio navigation setting
  - Active frequency + associated course
  - Standby frequency (if necessary)
  - DME hold (if necessary)
- 6 RNAV setting:

receiver) check SID inserted in FPL for cross





"If no question, departure briefing complete"



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### 3.8.2. Departure clearance

When clearance departure is received from ATC, you must check it is in compliance with the expected SID:

- a Is actual SID in compliance with the prepared one?
- b Is altitude clearance in compliance with MSA / SID climb instruction?
- c Set squawk code.
- If clearance is amended, reorganize and describe new radio-navigation setting and limitations.
- If clearance is not amended, PF announces: "no change".

### 3.8.3. Take-off briefing

<ul><li>"Take-off RWY</li></ul>	_, Weight, V1		
- If failure before	kt, I (you) stop the aircraft.		
- If failure at or after	kt, we continue HDG _	, acceleration altitude is	, MSA is

The single engine flight path shall be read on FOS chart.

Example: First officer will be PF in flight, so he performs the take-off briefing:

"Are you ready for take-off briefing?... Take-off runway 32L, weight 16 tons, V1 100 kt , normal/icing condition

If failure before V1, you call STOP and stop the aircraft

If failure at or after V1, we continue runway heading until 1000 ft, acceleration altitude, then right turn TOE climbing 4000 ft, MSA is 3000 ft,

If no question, briefing complete".



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### 3.8.4. Arrival briefing

#### Top of descent (TOD)

• expressed in distance (time for information) and MSA.

#### Particularities:

- Icing or normal conditions
- NOTAM
- Airport equipment failure...
- Etc...

#### Alternate & holding time:

Holding time before diversion

#### Weather at destination:

Visi / RVR compared to minima: airport accessible or not and icing or

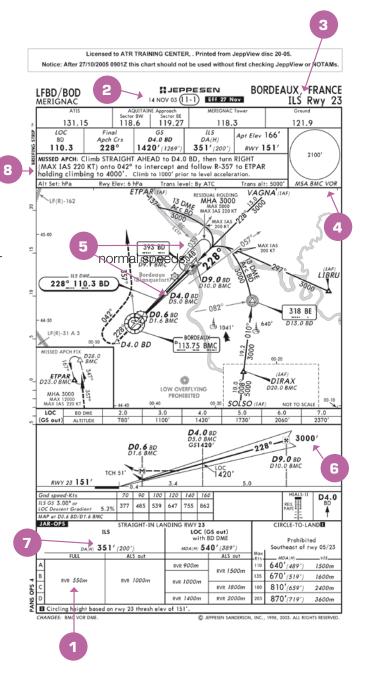
#### Approach procedure:

- Jeppesen chart N° \_\_ & date \_\_
- Type of approach
- MSA according to the arrival sector.
- Flight path and description
- Descend interception:
   altitude
   distance
   stabilization point
- Go-around procedure

Minima

#### Radio-navigation setting:

• for the final approach.



#### Example

"Are you ready for arrival briefing?... Top of descent is 50 DME from BMC at 1456, MEA is 5000 ft. Landing in Bordeaux in normal conditions, without Approach Lights. Holding time before diverting to LFBA is 20'. We have the minima for an ILS runway 23, chart 11-1 of November 14th, effective 27th. MSA is 2100ft within 25 NM of BMC. From LIBRU, standard arrival to reach 3000 ft to inter-



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cept localizer. We leave 3000 ft at D9 to pass D4 DB at 1420 ft Stabilization altitude is 1200 ft Decision altitude is 360 ft (set on alti bug) and decision height is 200 ft (set at DH) "SET RIGHT" / "SET LEFT". In case of a go-around we climb straight ahead D4 DME DB, then right turn heading 042 following standard track up to 4000 ft. (check frequencies), NAV 2 ILS active, VOR stand-by, both ADF on BE frequency (check), RMI keys on ADF. After landing we vacate second left (and etc... if needed). If no question, briefing complete.

### 3.9. Navigation policy

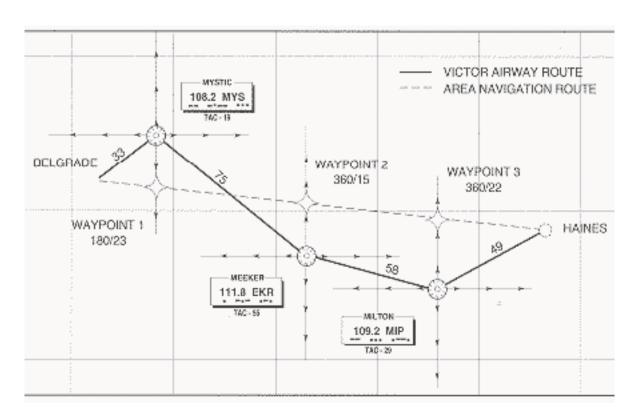
#### 3.9.1. Definitions

En route navigation airspaces are now widely organized on the basis of the RNAV (Area Navigation) concept.

RNAV can be defined as a method of navigation that permits aircraft operation on any desired course within the coverage of station-referenced navigation signals or within the limits of a self contained system capability, or a combination of these.

RNAV navigation is now commonly used for departure and arrival flight phases with more stringent procedures and a better level of accuracy.

RNAV operations permit flight in any airspace without the need to fly directly over ground-based aids.



Area Navigation Route

Flying in RNAV airspaces require additional navigational aircraft capabilities in terms of performance monitoring and alerting.



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ATR aircraft have different levels of performance and capabilities depending on their RNAV navigation system equipment and level of certification.

ATR navigation systems (KLN 90 and HT1000) are based on GPS signals or GPS + DME signals.

Latest HT1000 installations allow to fly departure, en route, arrival track in RNAV designated area and to conduct non-precision approach on specific GNSS RNAV procedure. Refer to the aircraft AFM to check RNAV capabilities.

Crew qualification is required to conduct RNAV procedures.

Example of local specifications:

B-RNAV for enroute navigation / P-RNAV for TMA departure and arrival procedures

**B-RNAV:** The Basic Area Navigation (B-RNAV) was introduced to enable en route capacity gains to be achieved with minimal aircraft capacity. It requires aircraft conformance to a track-keeping accuracy of ± 5NM for at least 95% of flight time.

**P-RNAV:** The Precision Area Navigation (P-RNAV) was introduced for RNAV applications in terminal airspace. It requires aircraft conformance to a track-keeping accuracy of ±1NM for at least 95% of flight time.

In this chapter:

- conventional radio navigation equipment or method refers to the use of VOR/LOC, DME and ADF
- RNAV navigation refers to the use of HT1000 GNSS or KLN 90 GPS receiver or any other RNAV equipment.

#### 3.9.2. General

CM2 initiates power up, set up and verifications of the navigation equipments during the "preliminary cockpit preparation" procedure.

PF performs flight plan and performance data insertion in RNAV system, and VOR, DME, ADF settings during "final cockpit preparation" procedure. Flight crew crosscheck is performed during departure briefing.

PF shall perform every new navigation entries, waypoints selection applying cross check procedure.

PF is responsible for the selection of the appropriate sources (RNAV or V/L) and the application of the navigation display policy (MAP or ARC/ROSE) for each flight phase.

#### 3.9.3. Navigation within RNAV airspace: Departure / En Route / Arrival

Flight crews must ensure that they are properly qualified, and verify the aircraft certification for relevant RNAV operations.

RNAV track is displayed on PF side on EHSI using MAP setting and RNAV source.

On PNF side, radio aid navigation source is selected on EHSI with V/L setting, so as to allow immediate cross-checking or reversion in the event of loss of RNAV navigation capability.

Note: MAP/RNAV setting on both sides generates RNAV amber message on both EHSI. The LNAV mode must be engaged when High Bank speeds are reached. Indeed, in LNAV, the bank angle order (within a 30° limit) is computed independantly from the current speed of the aircraft. Thus there is no protection against stall if the aircraft is in LNAV at Low Bank speeds.



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The flight crew check RAIM integrity and legs sequence throughout the flight plan.

In addition, the flight crew continuously check aircraft position, and in case of uncertainty or detected failure, must notify ATC and revert to conventional means.

Furthermore, on aircraft with limited RNAV capabilities, the flight crew must inform ATC:

- "Unable P-RNAV"
- "Unable B-RNAV in terminal area"

Each time airspace or navigation procedure specifications exceed GPS/GNSS aircraft certification or crew qualification.

In this case, the flight crew apply "navigation outside RNAV airspace" method.

# 3.9.4. Navigation by means of conventional radio-navigation: Departure / En Route / Arrival

#### General

Navigation using conventional methods must be applied:

- When flying outside RNAV or RNP airspace or,
- When aircraft certification or crew qualification cannot meet airspace specifications.

Radio means are selected and set on both sides on PF orders.

VOR or ADF frequency setting requires flight crew callouts to identify:

- Radio navigation station "Name and frequency",
- Course selected (VOR and ILS),

Radio identification listening is conducted by PNF after each new frequency setting. The VOR mode must be engaged when High Bank speeds are reached. Indeed, in VOR, the bank angle order (within a 30° limit) is computed independently from the current speed of the aircraft. Thus there is no protection against stall if the aircraft is in VOR at Low Bank speeds.

#### **Conventional Radio navigation method**

On PF side: - set radio aid frequency and course for the current leg.

- set next radio aid frequency on stand by

On PNF side: – set radio aid frequency and course for the next leg.

- set next radio aid frequency on stand by

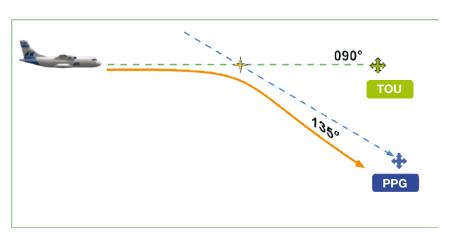


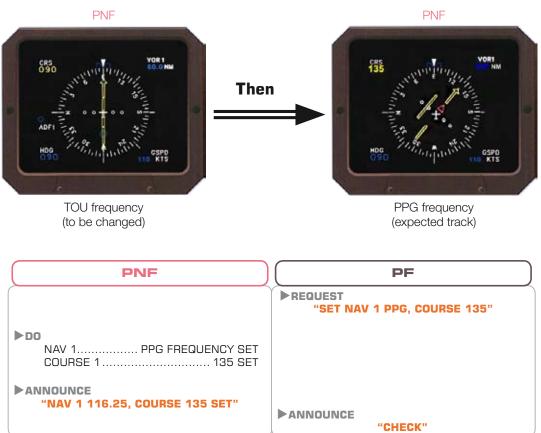
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#### Classic:

In this example, CM2 is PF





ADF / VOR policy: set useful ADF for departure, en route (alternate), and arrival.

Check the RMI pointers to the required setting.

#### RMI pointers:

• On RMI indicator: VOR / VOR

• On EHSI: ADF / ADF

Note: These settings can be modified according to type of approach / departure.



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#### 3.10. Radio-communication

- The PNF is responsible for radio-communications.
- Radio-communication may be transferred to PF (if available), on PNF request:

Example: The PNF listens to the latest ATIS and fills in the data card.



- Listen before transmitting, write down the newly assigned frequency.
- VHF receivers standard setting:

	VHF 1	VHF 2
ACTIVE	ATC FREQUENCY	ATIS / 121.5 MHz (cruise)
STBY	NEXT ATC FREQUENCY	OPS FREQUENCY

- Audio control panel policy:
  - Headset not used:
    - VHF 1 key depressed, volume adjusted.
    - VHF 2 volume adjusted on request.
    - LOUDSPEAKER knob: 3 o'clock.
    - INT / RAD switch in neutral position.
    - Handmike used to transmit.
    - In Interpretation If Interpretation Inte
  - Headset used:
    - VHF 1 key depressed, volume adjusted.
    - VHF 2 volume adjusted on request.
    - LOUDSPEAKER knob: minimum.
    - INT / RAD switch in INT position.
    - Boomset used: to transmit, press PTT on control wheel or select INT / RAD switch on RAD position.
    - INT key must remain in up position.



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## 3.11. Lights policy

• **NAV** Airplane electrically suplied.

• **WINGS** Engine 2 running in hotel mode.

• **BEACON** Propeller rotating.

• TAXI & T/O Airplane taxiing.

• LAND Line up to FL 100.

FL 100 to runway vacated.

• **STROBES** Lining up and flight up to runway vacated.

• **LOGO** Company advertisement.



# STANDARD OPERATING PROCEDURES

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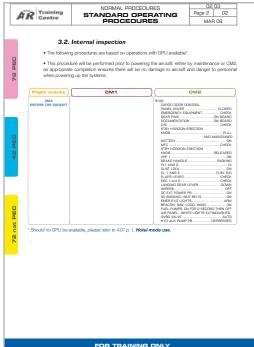
# 1. Presentation

#### **PROCEDURES**

#### Information for:

- Task sharing
- Announcements and callouts
- Guidelines and checklists
- Triggering event for procedures

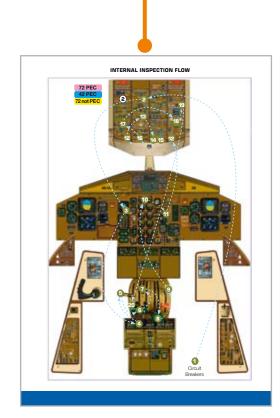




### **COCKPIT PANEL**

#### Information for:

- Task explanation
- Flows or scans
- System use
- Documentation





# STANDARD OPERATING PROCEDURES

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# 2. Pre-flight preparation procedure

Crew members shall check the following items:

- 1 Aircraft condition.
- 2 NOTAMs.
- 3 Weather briefing.
- 4 Airport infrastructure (at destination).
- 5 Specifics.
- 6 Flight planning.
- 7 Fuel planning.
- 8 Flight presentation.
- 9 Flight attendant briefing.



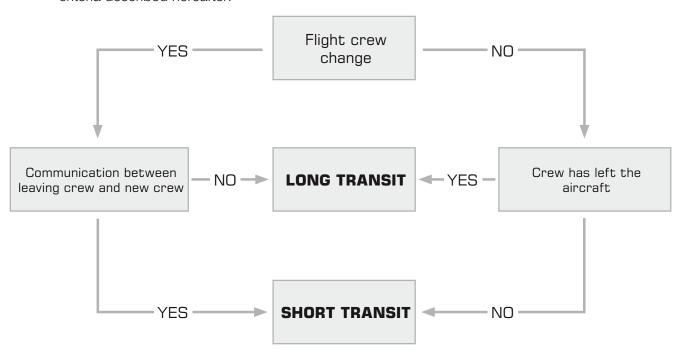
# STANDARD OPERATING PROCEDURES

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## 3. Procedures and associated flows

## 3.1. Long and short transit

It is the Captain's responsibility to determine wether to perform long or short transit regarding the criteria described hereafter:



#### • Long transit:

The flight crew must perform:

Internal inspection
External inspection
Preliminary cockpit preparation (long transit)
Final cockpit preparation
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02.02.03 page 16
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02.02.03 page 22

#### • Short transit:

The flight crew must perform:

External inspection
Preliminary cockpit preparation (short transit)
Final cockpit preparation
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For external inspection, please refer to the "Walk around" software.



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## 3.2. Internal inspection

- The following procedures are based on operations with GPU available\*.
- This procedure will be performed prior to powering the aircraft, either by maintenance or CM2, as appropriate completion ensures there will be no damage to aircraft and danger to personnel when powering up the systems.

Flight events	CM1	CM2
CM2 ENTERS THE COCKPIT		CARGO DOOR CONTROL PANEL COVER

<sup>\*</sup> Should no GPU be available, please refer to 4.01 p. 1, Hotel mode use.

# **PERSONAL NOTES**



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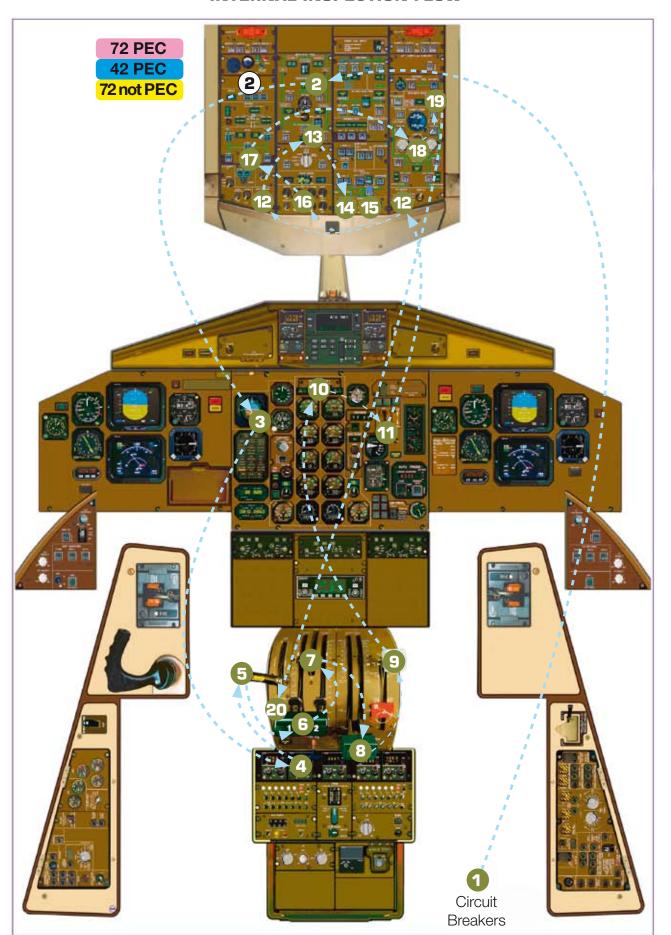
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Flight events	CM1	CM2
CM2 ENTERS THE COCKPIT		CARGO DOOR CONTROL PANEL COVER

<sup>\*</sup> Should no GPU be available, please refer to 4.01 p. 1, **Hotel mode use**.

#### **INTERNAL INSPECTION FLOW**





#### NORMAL PROCEDURES

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#### CARGO DOOR CTL panel cover: CLOSED

If opened, only self test of MFC 1B,2B when the battery is switched ON.

#### **EMERGENCY EQUIPMENT: CHECK**

Check:

- exit hatch closed, handle locked and safetied, escape rope stowed.
- life jackets stowed (if installed).
- axe, flashlights, smoke goggles and oxygen masks stowed.
- portable fire extinguisher safetied and pressure within the green area.
- L/G emergency handle stowed, cover closed.
- protective gloves.

#### **GEAR PINS: ON BOARD**

Check the 3 gear pins stowed behind the F/O seat.

#### **DOCUMENTATION: ON BOARD**

#### COCKPIT

#### **1** C/B PANELS: CHECK

Check all C/B panels. Reset as applicable.

# 2 STANDBY HORIZON ERECTION KNOB: PULLED AND MAINTAINED

#### 2 BATTERY: ON

Pull Stby Horizon prior to switch battery on. Check both amber arrows are illuminated. Check the UNDV amber light is extinguished.

#### (2) AUTO TEST MFC: CHECKED

Check auto test: MFC 1A, 2A flashing (only if cargo door control panel is closed), then MFC 1B, 2B.

# **3** STANDBY HORIZON ERECTION KNOB: RELEASED

Check no flag.

#### **4** VHF 1: ON

In case of any emergency situation.

#### **5** BRAKE HANDLE: PARKING

Check the brake accumulator pressure. Use HYD AUX PUMP PB if necessary.

#### 6 PL 1 & 2: GI

Check both PLs are in Ground Idle position.

#### **10** GUST LOCK: ON

Check it is fully engaged.

#### CL 1 & 2: FUEL S/O

Check both CLs are in Fuel Shut off position.

## **19 FLAPS LEVER: CHECK POSITION**

Should be at 0°.

#### 10 ECU/EEC 1 & 2: PB DEPRESSED IN

Check FAULT amber lights are illuminated, only for ECU.

#### 111 LANDING GEAR LEVER: DOWN

Check it is in down position, no red light illuminated.

#### 12 CAPTAIN & F/O WIPERS: OFF

#### 13 DC EXT PWR: ON

Check the AVAIL green light is illuminated, then depress the PB.

Check the MAIN ELEC PWR panel: only DC GEN 1 & 2 FAULT amber lights are illuminated.

### 14 NO SMKG & SEAT BELTS SIGNS: ON

#### 15 EMER EXIT LT: ARM

Check the DISARM amber light is extinguished.

#### 16 NAV, LOGO (AT NIGHT): ON

To advise ground staff that the aircraft is electrically supplied

# 17 FUEL PUMPS 1 & 2: ON FOR A FEW SECONDS, THEN OFF

To pressurize the system and check possible leakage during the following external inspection.

### 18 AIR PANEL: EXTINGUISH ALL WHITE LIGHTS

Check the FAULT amber lights on ENG 1 & 2 BLEED PBs and on PACK VALVE 1 & 2 PBs.

### 19 OVBD VALVE: AUTO

Check the FAULT amber light is extinguished. In cold weather operation, FULL CLOSED can be set in order to warm the cabin more quickly.

#### 20 HYD AUX PUMP PB: DEPRESSED

To pressurize the system and check possible leakage during the following external inspection.



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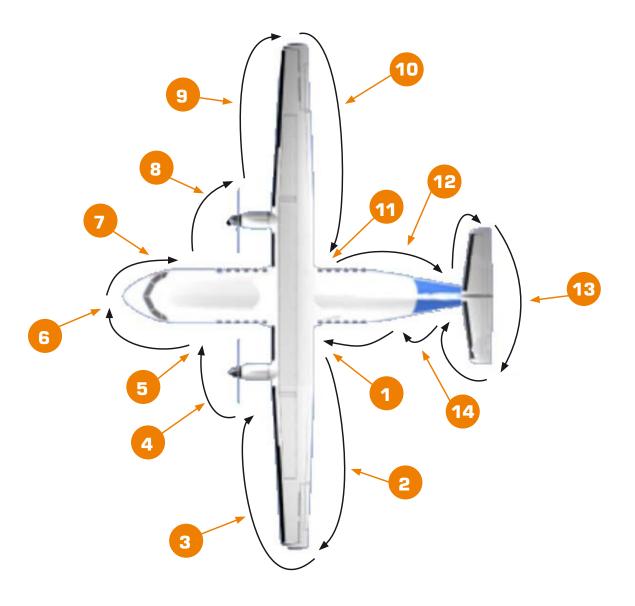
## 3.3. External inspection

During this inspection, the CM1 must perform and check the following:

- Cabin inspection (safety device, emergency exit, holds, smoke detector, door).
- Overall condition of the aircraft.
- Visible components.
- Flight equipment.
- Aircraft clear of frost, ice, and snow.
- Memorization of surfaces position to compare with command levers position.
- Hydraulic, oil or fuel leaks (especially puddles on the ground).
- Tyres condition, brakes and shock absorbers.
- Access doors closed and latched.

Upon completion of inspection:

- PNF returns to the cockpit

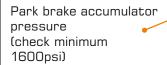




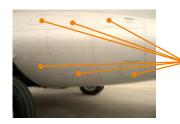
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# 1 – Main left landing gear and fairing







6 maintenance doors (closed)

Gear door (check, fixed, no impact)



Beacon (condition, window not broken) and flashing if selected ON



Landing gear structure (check, no crack, no oil)

Wheel and tires (condition, no crack, inflation)



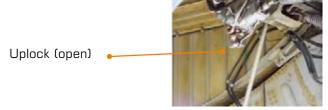


Hydraulic lines (check, no leak)

Brake wear detector (check indicator out of bolt)



Brake temperature sensor (check plugging in)





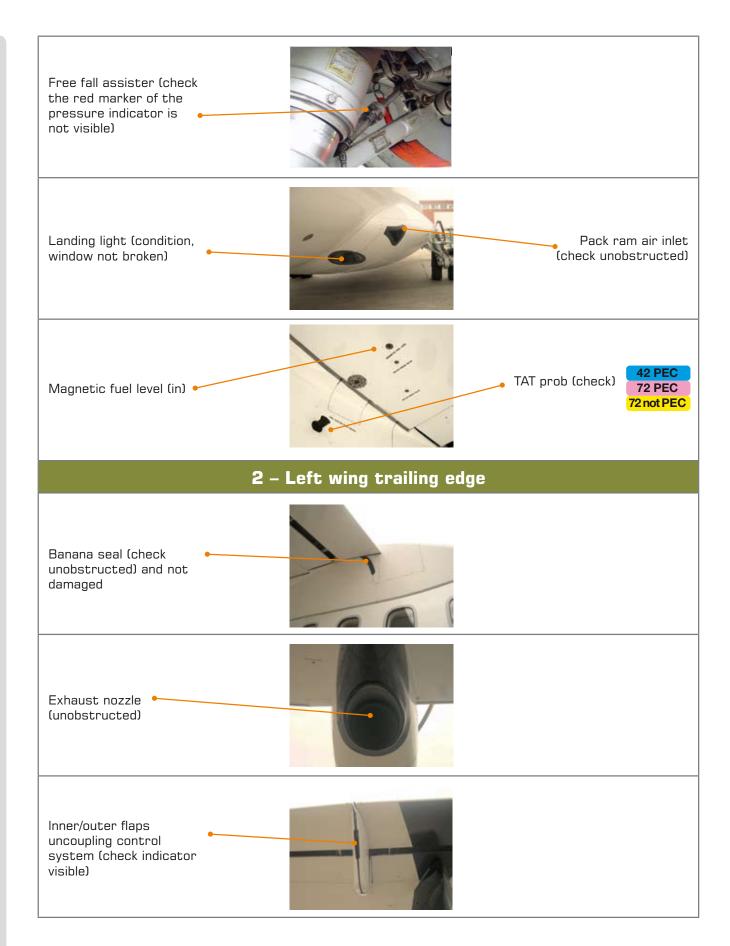
Safety pin removed

Wheel well (condition, no leak)



# STANDARD OPERATING PROCEDURES

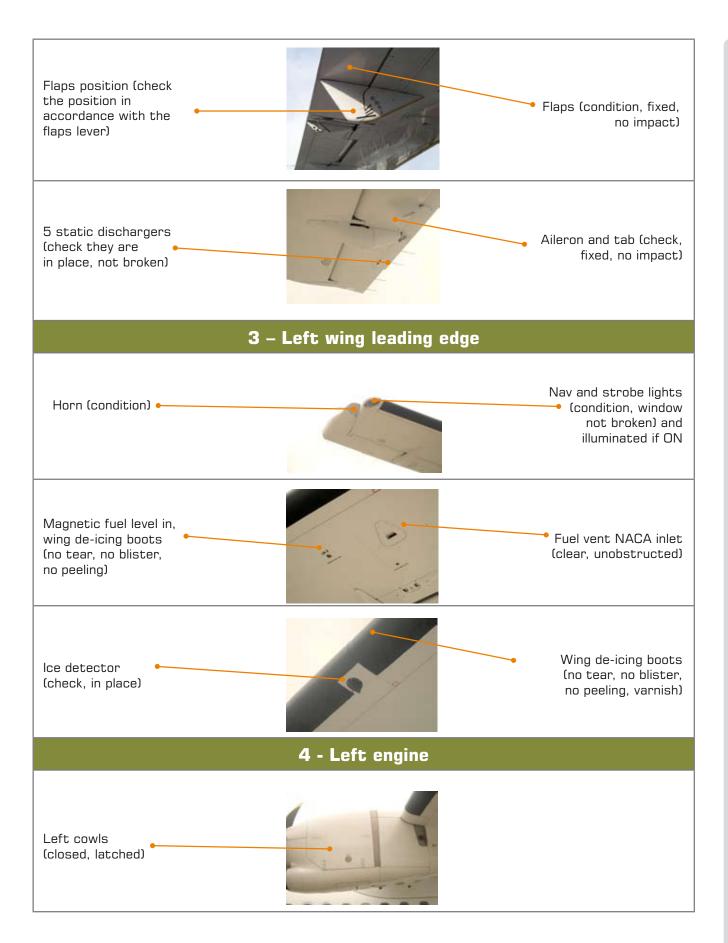
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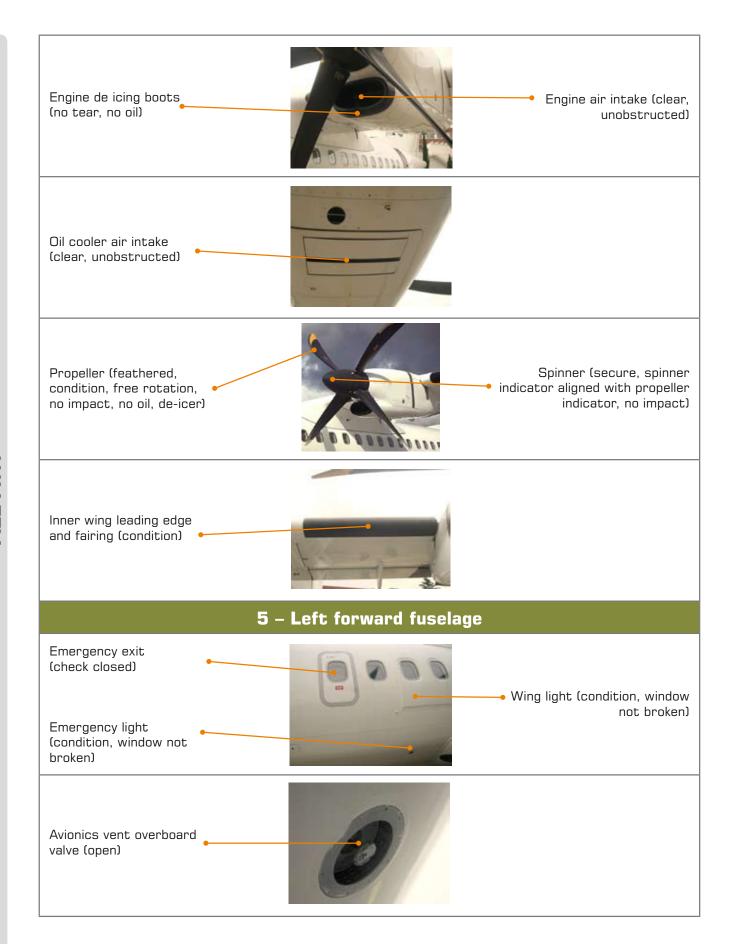
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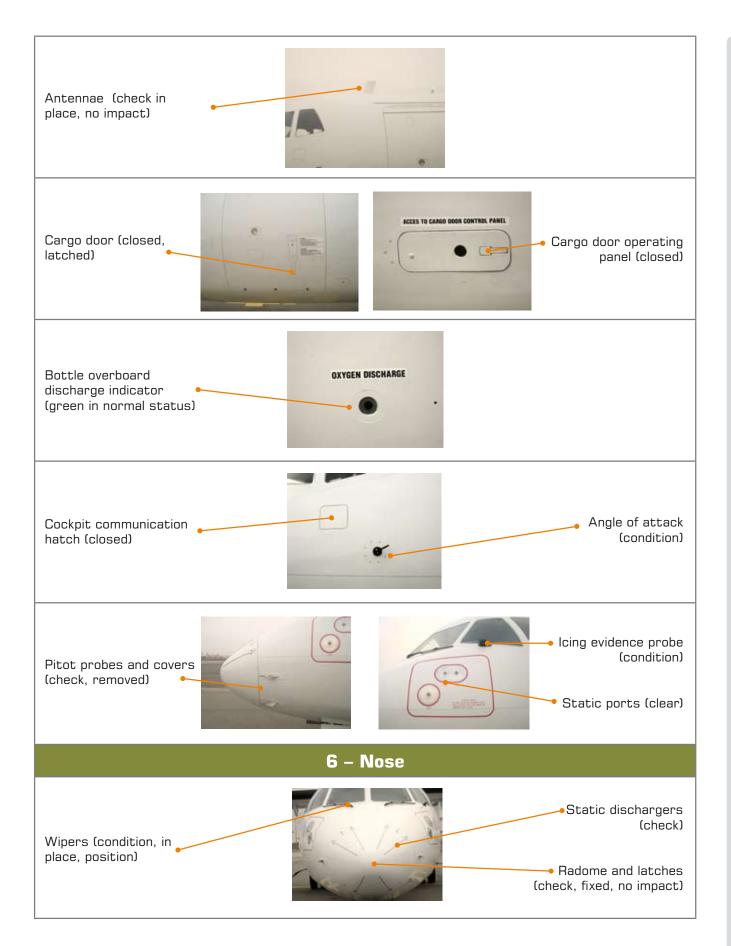
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# STANDARD OPERATING PROCEDURES

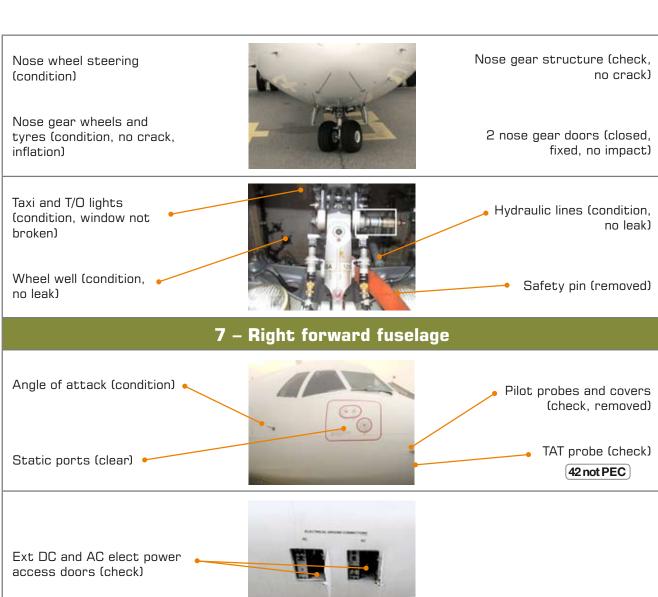
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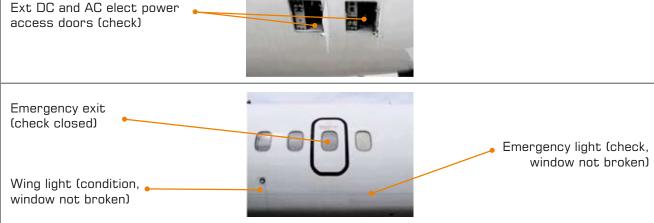




## STANDARD OPERATING PROCEDURES

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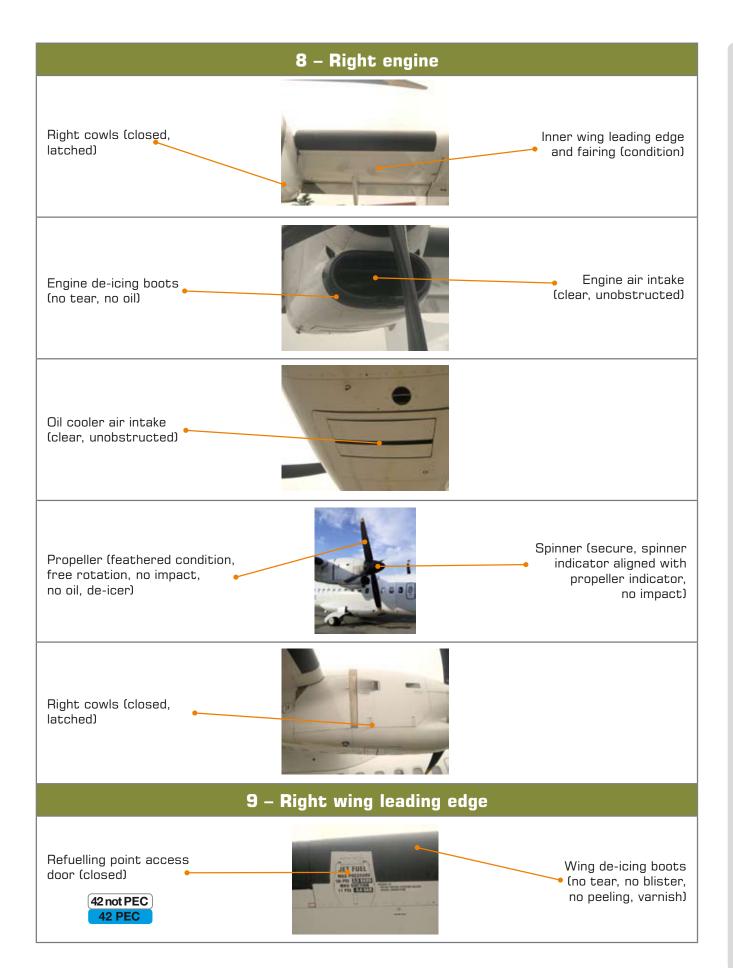






## STANDARD OPERATING PROCEDURES

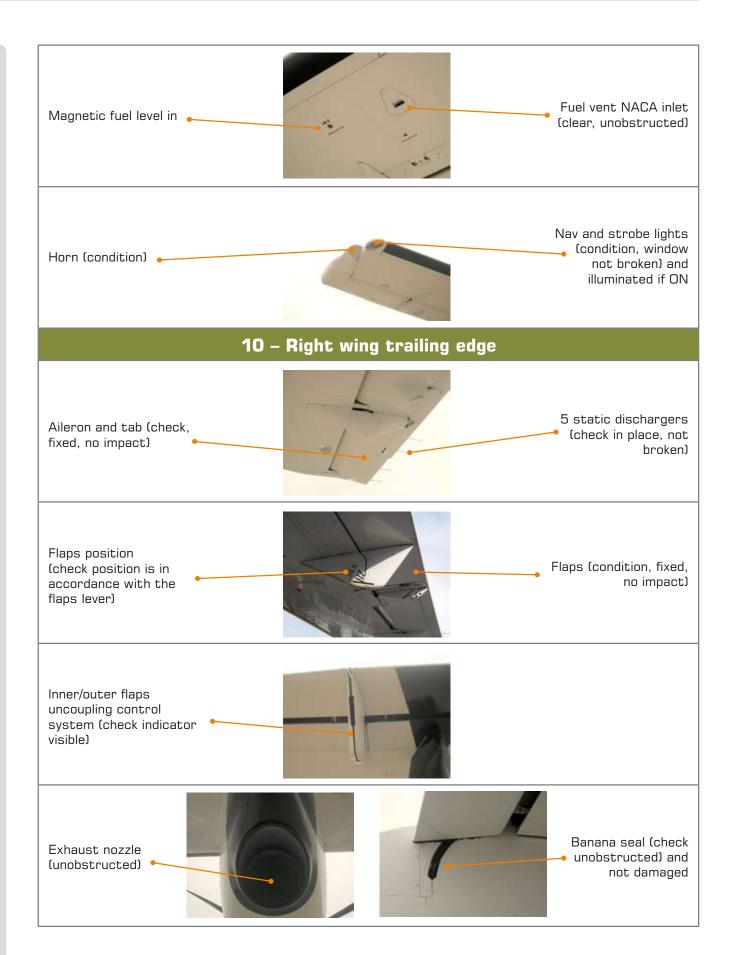
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## STANDARD OPERATING PROCEDURES

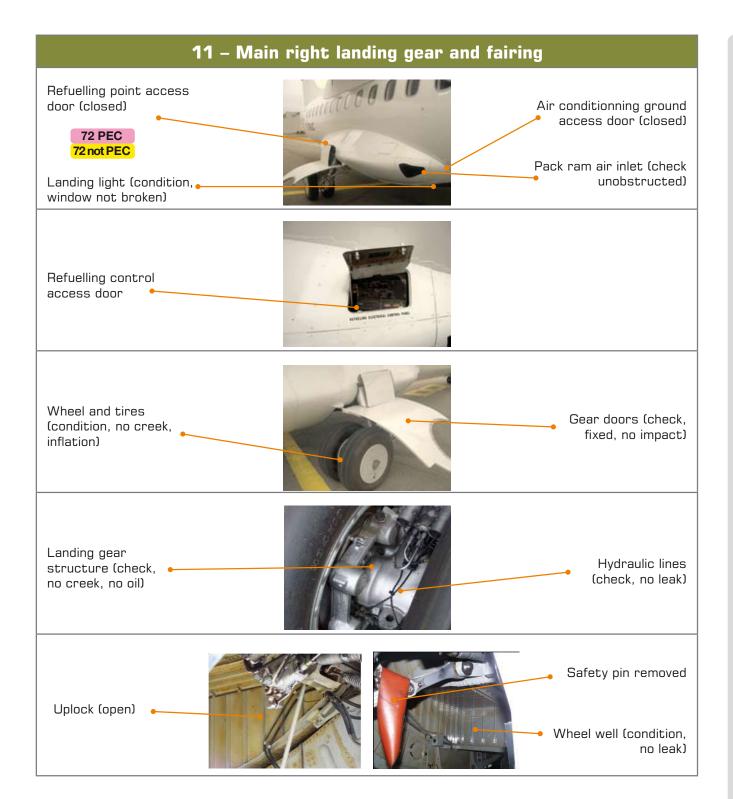
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## STANDARD OPERATING PROCEDURES

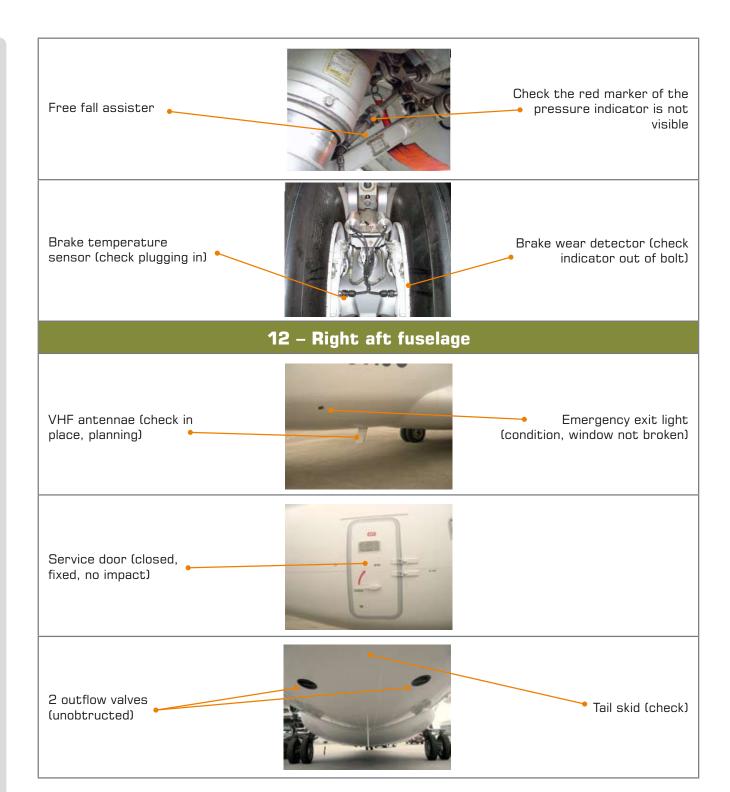
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#### STANDARD OPERATING **PROCEDURES**

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Toilet service door (closed)



Cabin door (check closed, fixed, no impact)

Entry emergency light (condition, window not broken)



Drinkable water service door (closed)

## STANDARD OPERATING PROCEDURES

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#### 3.4. Preliminary cockpit preparation (1/2)

• Preliminary cockpit preparation is done by CM2 with a GPU connected.

In case of preliminary cockpit preparation with engine 2 in hotel mode, apply the additional standard operating procedure *Hotel mode use 02.04.01 pages 01 to 06.* 

- There are two procedures: for long or for short transits.
- The main approach is to extinguish all white lights, to test all systems and to prepare the cockpit for the flight.

#### 3.4.1. Long transit

CM1	CM2
-00	▶po
EXTERNAL INSPECTION	SCAN ON OVERHEAD PANEL
EXTERNATE NOT ESTIGIT	ANNUNCIATOR LIGHT TEST
	DOME LIGHT AS REQUIRED
	STANDBY COMPASS LIGHT OFF
	STORM LIGHTOFF
	ENG 1 PUMPON
	FUEL X-FEEDCHECK
	ENG 2 PUMPON
EUEL VEEED TEOT	DOORSTEST
FUEL X-FEED TEST:	
	SPOILER LIGHTS EXTINGUISHED
– ENG 1 PUMP ON: FEED LO PR 1	LDG GEAR INDICATORCHECK
Extinguished ; FEED LO PR 2 Illuminated	TLUAUTO
Example 10d , 1 EED EO 1 11 E marimatod	ENG 1 FIRE 3 TEST
FUEL VEEED in lines EEED LO DD 4 and 0	EXTERNAL LIGHTS AS REQUIRED
- FUEL X-FEED in line: FEED LO PR 1 and 2	PROP BRAKEON
Extinguished	DC/AC PANELCHECK
	CVR TEST
- FUEL X-FEED closed: FEED LO PR 1	SIGN PANELCHECK
Extinguished ; FEED LO PR 2 Illuminated	DE-ICING/ANTI-ICINGLIGHTS OFF
Exampaished , I LLD LO FH E illuminated	PROBES HEATINGON
	WINDSHIELD HEATINGON
- ENG 2 PUMP ON: FEED LO PR 1 and 2	ACW PANELCHECK
Extinguished	HYD PANELCHECK
	EMER LOC XTMRAUTO
	AIR COND PANELCHECK
	AVIONICS VENTAUTO
	OXYGENCHECK
	COMPT SMK TEST
	EXHAUST MODERESET
	ENG 2 FIRE 3 TEST
	SCAN ON PEDESTRAL
	LIGHTS AS REQUIRED
	FDEP (If installed)FLIGHT NUMBER+DATE
	TRIMSTEST AND SET NEUTRAL
	ATPCS
	TCASTEST/STBY
	VHFON/TEST
	ADFON/TEST
	TRANSPONDERSTBY/TEST
	IDLE GATEPULLED
	EMER AUDIO CANCELGUARDED
ATC RECOMMENDATION:	PLGI
In case of dual installation check both	CLFUEL SO
systems using:	GUST LOCK ON
<ul><li>system 1 for odd days.</li></ul>	RADARSTBY
	ECPTEST/SET
<ul><li>system 2 for even days.</li></ul>	GPS ON
	MCDU (If installed with the MPC) SET
Example: TRANSPONDER, IGNITION, ADC	CDLSDaily check
SWITCH (IF INSTALLED)	
	T. Control of the Con



## STANDARD OPERATING PROCEDURES

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### 3.4. Preliminary cockpit preparation (2/2)

Flight events	CM1	CM2
AFTER PEDESTAL PANEL SCAN		▶DO
PANEL SCAN		SCAN ON CENTRAL PANEL
		FUEL QTY TEST / CHECK
		TAT/SATCHECK
		CAPCLR
		STBY INSTRUMENTSCHECK
		PWR MGT
		SYNCHROPHASERON FUEL USEDRESET
		ENGINE INDICATORS TEST / CHECK
		ENG PANEL
		CAB PRESS PANEL CHECK
		AUTO PRESS TEST / LANDING ELEVATION
		TRIM INDICATOR
		STICK PUSHERDEPRESSED
		HYDRAULICCHECK
		SCAN ON GLARE SHIELD
		FD BARSON
		NAV 1 AND 2ON / TEST
		ADUBRT
		SCAN ON LEFT LATERAL PANEL
		COCKPIT COM HATCHOPEN
		NW STEERINGON/GUARDED
		OXYGEN MASKTEST MARKERSTEST / LO
		AHRS
		AUDIO1 SEL CHECK
		CAPT SWITCHING PANEL CHECK (E)GPWSGUARDED
		SCAN ON LEFT INSTRUMENT PANEL
		CLOCKSET
		AIR SPEED INDICATOR
		RMI/EHSI CHECK
		EADICHECK
	ATC RECOMMENDATION:	(E)GPWSTEST ALTIMETERSET
	<ul> <li>RMI set with VOR bearing</li> </ul>	VERTICAL AIR SPEEDCHECK
	<ul><li>– EHSI set with ADF bearing*</li></ul>	
	could be selected according to PF	SCAN ON RIGHT LATERAL PANEL
	decision.	EXTRACT AIR FLOW OPEN
		OXYGEN MASKTEST AHRSCHECK
	* 1 needle recommended. 🤸	F/O SWITCHING PANEL
		AUDIO 2 SEL CHECK
		SCAN ON RIGHT INSTRUMENT PANEL
		(E)GPWSTEST
		VERTICAL AIR SPEED
		ALTIMETERSET EADICHECK
		RMI/EHSI CHECK
		AIR SPEED INDICATOR
		CLOCKSET



## STANDARD OPERATING PROCEDURES

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#### 3.4. Preliminary cockpit preparation (1/2)

• Preliminary cockpit preparation is done by CM2, with a GPU connected.

In case of preliminary cockpit preparation with engine 2 in hotel mode, apply the additional 01.03.1 standard operating procedure *Hotel mode use 02.04.01 pages 01 to 06.* 

- There are two procedures: for long or for short transits.
- The main approach is to extinguish all white lights, to test all systems and to prepare the cockpit for the flight.

#### 3.4.1. Long transit

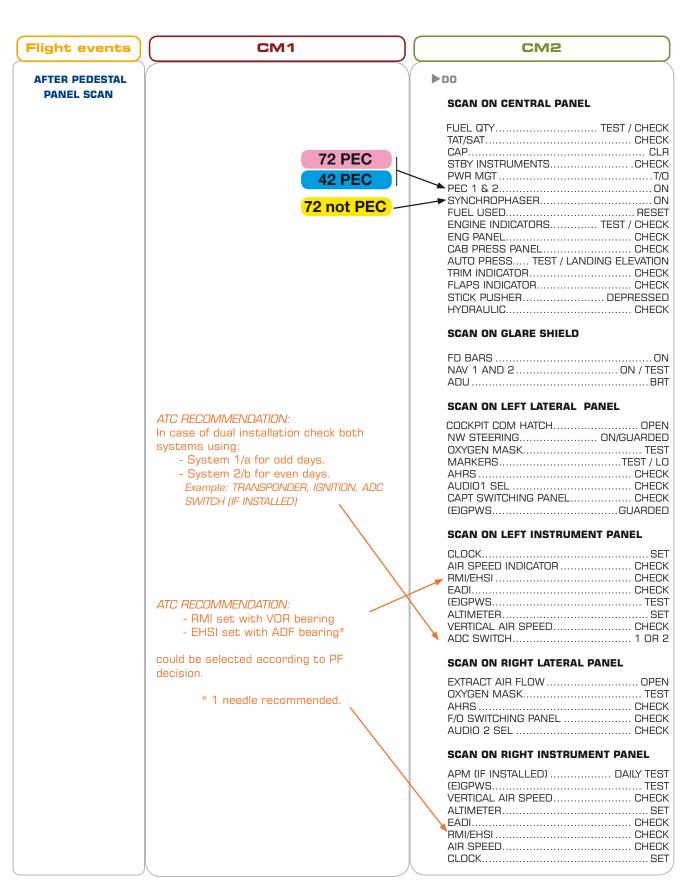
CM1	CM2
EXTERNAL INSPECTION	SCAN ON OVERHEAD PANEL ANNUNCIATOR LIGHT
FUEL X-FEED TEST:  - ENG 1 PUMP ON: FEED LO PR 1 Extinguished; FEED LO PR 2 Illuminated  - FUEL X-FEED in line: FEED LO PR 1 and 2 Extinguished  - FUEL X-FEED closed: FEED LO PR 1 Extinguished; FEED LO PR 2 Illuminated  - ENG 2 PUMP ON: FEED LO PR 1 and 2 Extinguished	FUEL X-FEED
ATC RECOMMENDATION: In case of dual installation check both systems using: - system 1 for odd days system 2 for even days.  Example: TRANSPONDER, IGNITION, ADC SWITCH (IF INSTALLED)	TRANSPONDER STBY/TEST IDLE GATE PULLED EMER AUDIO CANCEL GUARDED PL GI CL FUEL SO GUST LOCK ON AIL LOCK LIGHT STBY ECP TEST/SET GPS ON MCDU (If installed with the MPC) SET CDLS Daily check



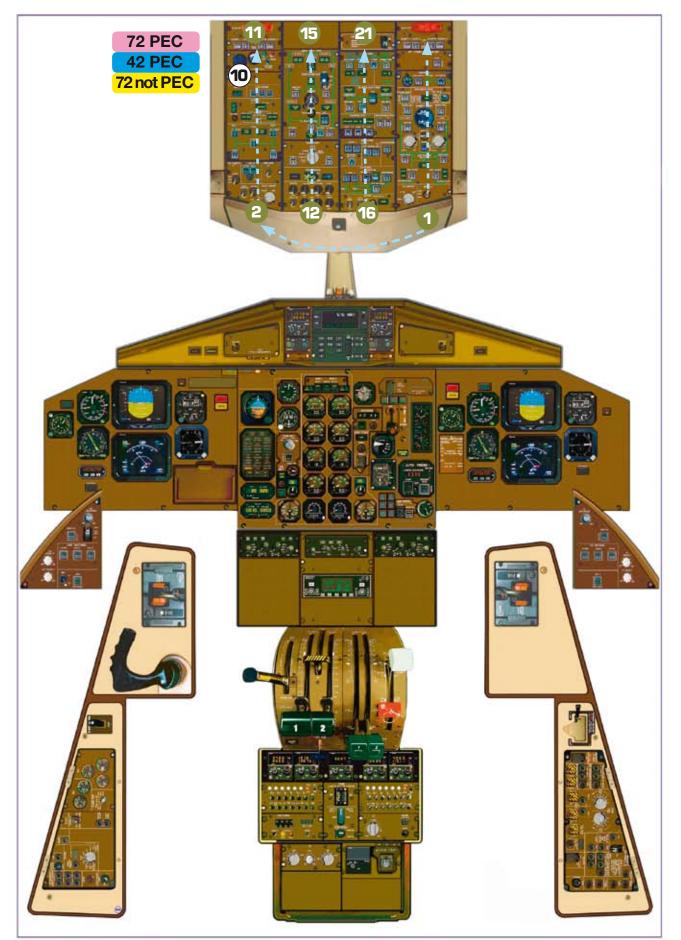
### STANDARD OPERATING PROCEDURES

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#### 3.4. Preliminary cockpit preparation (2/2)



#### PRELIMINARY COCKPIT PREPARATION SCAN (LONG TRANSIT) (1/4)



**COCKPIT + OVERHEAD PANEL** 

## AR Training Centre

#### NORMAL PROCEDURES

### STANDARD OPERATING PROCEDURES

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#### **OVERHEAD PANEL**

#### **1** ANNUNCIATOR LIGHT: TEST

Check all lights are illuminated (except fuel LO LEVEL and engine gauges).

- **2** DOME LIGHT: AS REQUIRED
- 3 STANDBY COMPASS: CHECK AND OFF Check lights off.
- 4 STORM LIGHT: CHECK AND OFF

Check storm light OFF.

5 ENG 1 PUMP: ON

Check the RUN green light is illuminated, FEED LO PR extinguished and LP VALVE in-line

**6** FUEL X-FEED : CHECK

Set X-FEED VALVE in-line and check FEED LO PR is extinguished for ENG 2. Then close the X-FEED VALVE.

**7** ENG 2 PUMP: ON

Check the RUN green light is illuminated, FEED LO PR extinguished and LP VALVE in-line.

**B** DOORS: TEST

Depress TEST SW. Check CAB OK and SVCE OK lights illuminate, provided associated doors are opened.

- 9 SPOILER LIGHTS: EXTINGUISHED
- 100 LANDING GEAR INDICATORS: CHECK

Check the control lever is down and that there are 3 green lights.

10 TLU AUTO: CHECK

Check the toggle switch is in AUTO position, no amber light.

11 ENG 1 FIRE PROTECTION: TEST

Check ENG 1 fire handle IN and latched.

Extinguish any white light.

Depress SQUIB TEST PB and check both AGENT SQUIB lights illuminate.

Select TEST switch on FIRE and check:

- ENG FIRE red light illuminates into associated fire handle
- CCAS is activated (CRC + MW + ENG 1 FIRE on CAP)
- FUEL SO red light illuminates in CL 1 if temporarily selected out of FUEL SO.

Select TEST switch on FAULT and check:

- both LOOP A & B FAULT lights illuminate.

#### 12 EXTERNAL LIGHTS: AS REQUIRED

Set NAV lights ON and LOGO lights ON if during night operation.

#### 13 PROP BRK: ON

Check the PROP BRK blue light is illuminated. If not, depress HYD AUX PUMP PB on the pedestal. When the READY green light illuminates, select PROP BRK ON.

Check the UNLK red light is extinguished.

#### 14 DC / AC PANEL: CHECK

No amber light, except both DC GEN FAULT lights.

#### 15 CVR: TEST

Can be performed with GPU, only by depressing the RCDR PB on the pedestal.

Check the ON blue light illuminates on the PB. Depress the TEST PB. Check the needle in the green arc.

Stop the CVR by depressing the RESET PB on the pedestal.

#### **16** SIGNS PANEL: ON

Select the NO SMKG and SEAT BELTS switches to ON. Check NO SMK and SEAT BELTS on the memo panel. Select EMER EXIT Light to ARM

17 DE-ICING / ANTI-ICING PANEL: CHECK Check all lights are extinguished.

PROBES / WINDSHIELD HTG PANEL: CHECK Check all white lights are extinguished.

19 ACW PANEL: CHECK

Extinguish any white light.

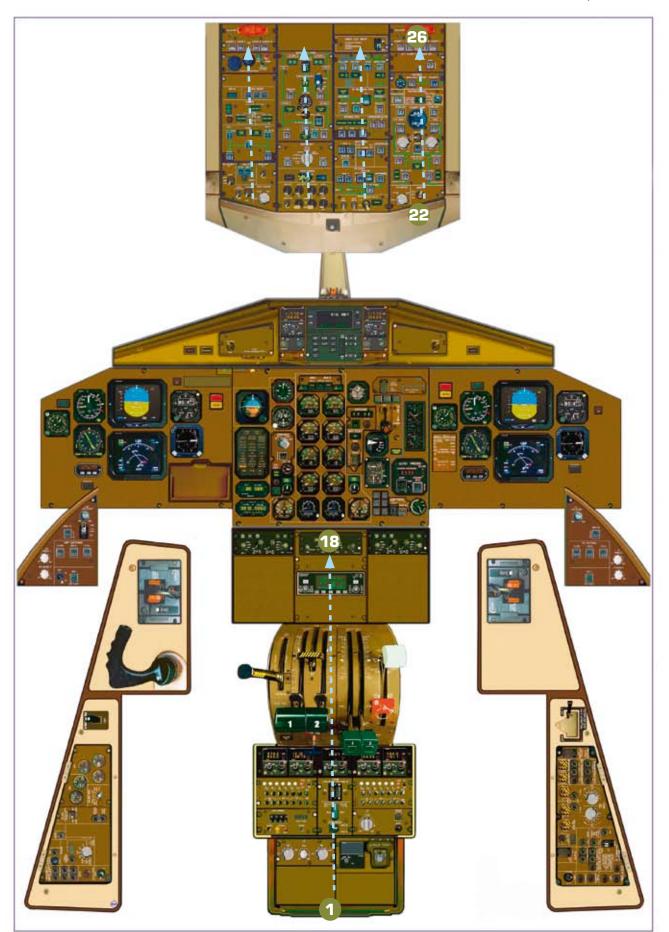
20 HYD PANEL: CHECK Extinguish any white light.

Check the BLUE and GREEN PUMP LO PR lights are illuminated and other lights are extinguished. Select the EMER EXIT Light to ARM.

#### 21 EMER LOC XMTR: AUTO

Check the toggle switch is in AUTO position, guarded and lockwired.

#### PRELIMINARY COCKPIT PREPARATION SCAN (LONG TRANSIT) (2/4)



**OVERHEAD PANEL** (cont'd) + **PEDESTAL** 



#### NORMAL PROCEDURES

#### STANDARD OPERATING **PROCEDURES**

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#### **OVERHEAD PANEL (Cont'd)**

#### **22) AIR COND PANEL: CHECK**

Extinguish any white light Select COMP TEMP selectors as required.

#### **23 AVIONIC VENT: AUTO**

Check the OVBD VALVE CTL guarded switch is in AUTO position.

Check there is no amber nor white light on.

#### 24 OXYGEN PANEL: CHECK

Check oxygen high pressure indication. Check the oxygen duration chart in the 2.01.05 to determine there is sufficient quantity for the scheduled

Select MAIN SUPPLY ON: check the PB light is extinguished.

Check PAX SUPPLY OFF.

#### 25 COMPT SMK: TEST (if installed)

Depress the SMK TST PB to check smoke detectors. When testing is over, reset the AVIONICS VENT EXHAUST MODE PB to restart the extract fan.

#### **26** ENG 2 FIRE PROTECTION: CHECK

Check ENG 2 fire handle IN and latched. Extinguish any white light:

Depress the SQUIB TEST PB and check both AGENT SQUIB lights illuminate.

Select TEST switch on FIRE and check:

- ENG FIRE red light illuminates into associated fire
- CCAS is activated (CRC + MW + ENG 1 FIRE on CAP)
- FUEL SO red light illuminates in CL 2 if temporarily selected out of FUEL SO.

Select TEST switch on FAULT and check:

- both LOOP A & B FAULT lights illuminate.

#### **PEDESTAL**

### 1 LIGHTS: AS REQUIRED

Adjust lights as required.

### 2 FDEP (If installed): SET FLIGHT NUMBER +

Check FDAU time base, adjust if necessary.

#### **3 TRIM: TEST AND SET NEUTRAL**

Daily check, for the first flight of the day.

- Check PITCH, ROLL and YAW trim operation as follows: Check the normal TRIM activation in both directions by simultaneously depressing both control rocker

For a few seconds, depress each single control rocker switch independently and check the non-activation of the corresponding trim in both directions.

Reset trims as required for take-off.

- Before each flight:

Check PITCH, ROLL and YAW trim operation. Check STBY PITCH trim operation, check guarded in

#### 4 ATPCS: TEST

- Turn ATPCS to the left / right and select ARM.
- Check the ATPCS ARM green light illuminates.
- Set the ATPCS selector to ENG 1 / ENG 2.
- Check the ENG 2 / ENG 1 UPTRIM light illuminates and the ARM light extinguishes after 2.15 seconds.
- 5 TCAS: TEST / STBY
- 6 VHF 1 AND VHF 2: ON & TEST
- 7 ADF 1 AND ADF 2: ON & TEST

#### TRANSPONDER: STANDBY & TEST

FID: ATC flight identification inserted (if equipped)

#### 1 IDLE GATE: CHECK

Select the flight ID (If Installed)

Check the IDLE GATE FAIL amber light is extinguished and the amber band is visible on the lever.

#### 10 EMER AUDIO CANCEL: CHECK GUARDED

Check the switch is guarded and lockwired.

#### 11 PLs: GI

Check both PLs in ground idle position.

#### 12 CLs: FUEL S.O.

Check both CLs in fuel shut-off position.

#### 13 GUST LOCK: ON

Check gust lock is engaged.

AIL LOCK LIGHT (If installed): CHECK EXTINGUISHED

#### 10 EFIS CONTROL PANEL(ECP): TEST / SET

Select EADI ON, check composite mode, select EADI

Select EHSI ON, check composite mode. Select EADI ON.

Test DH by depressing DH TEST PB.

#### 15 WEATHER RADAR: STBY

Set standby.

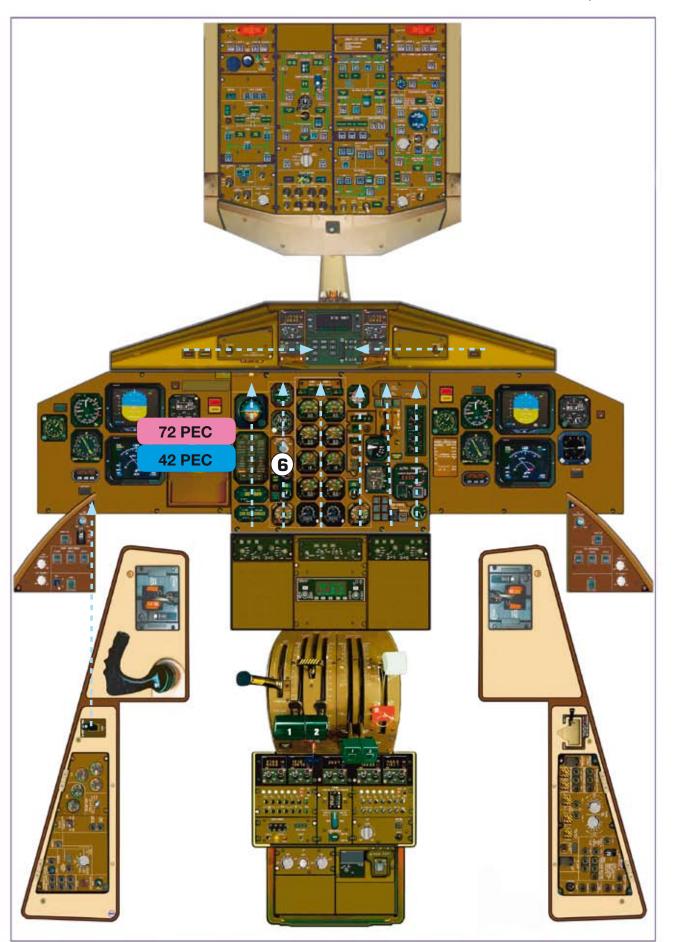
#### GPS: ON (if installed)

17 MCDU (If installed with the MPC): SET
Set the flight number and and check FDAU time base, adjust if necessary.

#### 18 COCKPIT DOOR DAILY CHECK (If installed)

Refer to QRH - Normal Procedure - 3.02A

#### PRELIMINARY COCKPIT PREPARATION SCAN (LONG TRANSIT) (3/4)



**CENTRAL PANEL + GLARESHIELD** 



#### NORMAL PROCEDURES

#### STANDARD OPERATING **PROCEDURES**

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#### **CENTRAL PANEL**

**1** FUEL QTY PANEL: TEST

Depress TEST PB and check:

- MC + SC + FUEL on CAP
- all lights and displaysboth LO LVL amber lights illuminated
- both RUN green lights illuminated on pumps PB.
- 2 TAT / SAT / TAS PANEL: CHECK
- 3 CAP: CLR

Check amber lights are extinguished.

**4** STBY INSTRUMENTS: CHECK

Check there is no flagging.

**5** PWR MGT: TO

Check the rotary selector is on TO.

**6** SYNPHR: ON

Check the synchrophaser is OFF, white light extinguished.

(6) PEC 1 & 2: ON

Check no amber light is illuminated.

7 FUEL USED: RESET

Pull the reset knob to reset the fuel used value.

**1 ENG 1 & 2 INSTRUMENTS: CHECK AND TEST** 

Check: - oil press = 0

- oil temp = realistic indication
- $-FF/F\dot{U}=0$
- -NH = 0
- ITT = realistic indication
- -NP=0
- -TQ = 0.

**9 ENG PANEL: CHECK** 

EEC / ECU 1 & 2 PBs and ATPCS PB depressed in.

10 CAB PRESS PANEL: CHECK

Check no light is illuminated.

Check the rotary selector is facing the green mark.

11 AUTO PRESS PANEL: TEST / CHECK

Depress the TEST PB and check:

- MC + SC + AIR on CAP
- FAULT amber light illuminated in MODE SEL PB
- display cycling between -8800 and 18800.
- 12 TRIM INDICATOR: CHECK

Check neutral setting for roll and yaw axis.

13 FLAPS INDICATOR: CHECK

Check the position according to the flaps lever position and to the position noticed during the external inspection.

### 14 STICK PUSHER: CHECK

Check no light is illuminated.

15 HYDRAULIC GAUGES: CHECK Check brake accumulator pressure at 3000 PSI.

#### **GLARESHIELD**

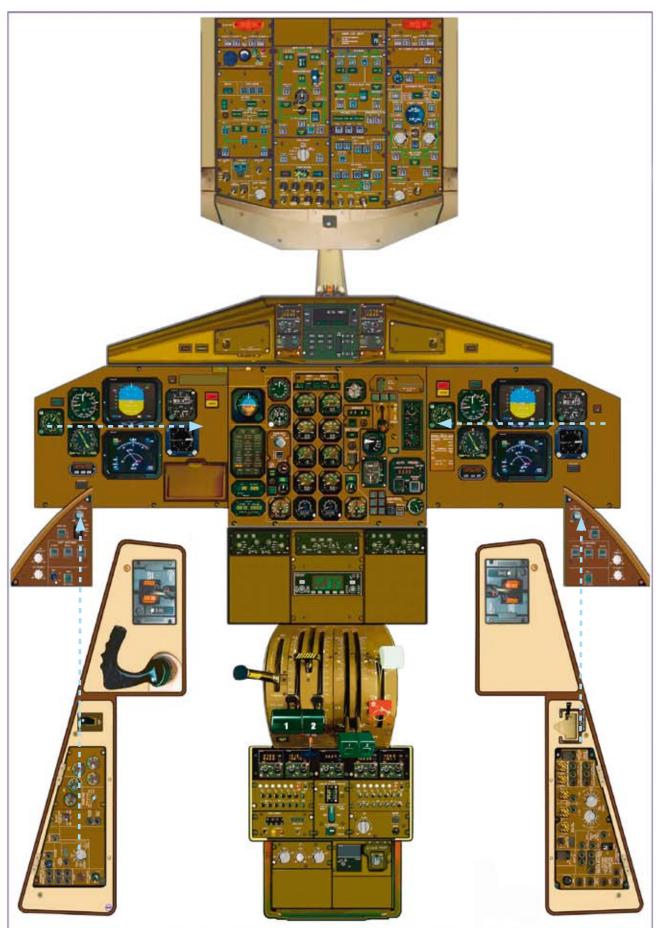
1 FD BARS: ON

Check the FD BARS switch in the ON position.

- 2 NAV 1 & 2: TEST / ON
- 3 ADU: BRT

Adjust ADU brightness as required.

#### PRELIMINARY COCKPIT PREPARATION SCAN (LONG TRANSIT) (4/4)



CAPT LATERAL & INSTRUMENT PANELS + F/O LATERAL & INSTRUMENT PANELS



#### NORMAL PROCEDURES

### STANDARD OPERATING PROCEDURES

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#### **CAPT LATERAL PANEL**

#### **1** COCKPIT COM HATCH: OPEN

Must be kept open until engine 1 start, in order to avoid pressurization shocks.

#### 2 N/W STEERING: CHECK

Check N/W steering guarded switch on N/W steering position.

#### 3 OXYGEN MASK : TEST (once a day)

- Set the audio control panel INT/RAD selector to INT and adjust the volume.
- Depress and hold the PRESS TO TEST AND RESET PB (hose and mask charged with oxygen): observe the blinker momentarily turn yellow and must turn dark if there is no leak.
- Hold the PRESS TO TEST AND RESET PB and press the red clips on each side of the hose (oxygen pressure inflates the harness): observe the blinker momentarily turns yellow and must turn dark if there is no leak.
- Hold the PRESS TO TEST AND RESET PB and select the EMERGENCY knob (emergency flow is tested): observe the blinker turn yellow during the oxygen flow and must turn dark when the knob is released.

Note: In these three cases, check that the oxygen flow sounds through the loudspeakers.

- Check the OXY LO PR light is extinguished on the overhead panel.
- Set N/100% rocker lever to 100%.

#### 4 MKR: LO

Set MKR switch to LO..

#### 5 AHRS: CHECK

Check the AHRS 1 light is extinguished.

#### 6 AUDIO: CHECK

Check the AUDIO 1 SEL light is extinguished.

#### **7** CAPT SWITCHING: CHECK

Check the ATT/HDG, VOR/ILS, and EFIS SG lights are extinguished.

#### **B** EGPWS: CHECK

Check the EGPWS switch is guarded in normal position and the GPWS light is not illuminated on CAP.

#### **CAPT INSTRUMENT PANEL**

#### 1 CLOCK: CHECK

Check the time, adjust if necessary.

#### 2 ASI: CHECK

Check: - no flag

- airspeed pointer indicates zero
- VMO pointer indicates 250kt.

#### 3 RMI / EHSI: CHECK

Crosscheck heading information. Select RMI on VOR 1 and VOR 2. 4 EADI: CHECK

**5** EGPWS: TEST

Refer to FCOM 1.15.40 for test procedure.

#### **6** ALTIMETER: CHECK

Check no flag.

**7** VSI: CHECK

Check no flag and pointer indicates zero.

3 ADC SWITCH (If installed): SET TO ADEQUATE ADC

#### F/O LATERAL PANEL

- **11** EXTRACT AIRFLOW: OPEN
- 2 OXYGEN MASK: TEST

Same as on the captain side.

3 AHRS: CHECK

Check the AHRS 2 light is extinguished.

#### 4 F/O SWITCHING: CHECK

Check ATT/HDG, VOR/ILS and EFIS SG: depress then reset, check lights are extinguished.

5 AUDIO: CHECK

Check the AUDIO 2 SEL light is extinguished.

#### F/O INSTRUMENT PANEL

#### 1 APM (If installed): TEST

Daily check must be performed
Push and maintain the APM PTT PB
for the test duration

2 (E)GPWS: TEST

**3** VSI: CHECK

Check there is no flagging and that the pointer indicates zero.

#### 4 ALTIMETER: CHECK

Check there is no flagging.

5 EADI: CHECK

#### **6** RMI / EHSI: CHECK

Crosscheck heading information. Select RMI on VOR 1 and VOR 2.

**7** ASI: CHECK

Check: - no flagging

- airspeed pointer indicates zero
- VMO pointer indicates 250kt.

#### B CLOCK: CHECK

Check the time, adjust if necessary.



#### NORMAL PROCEDURES

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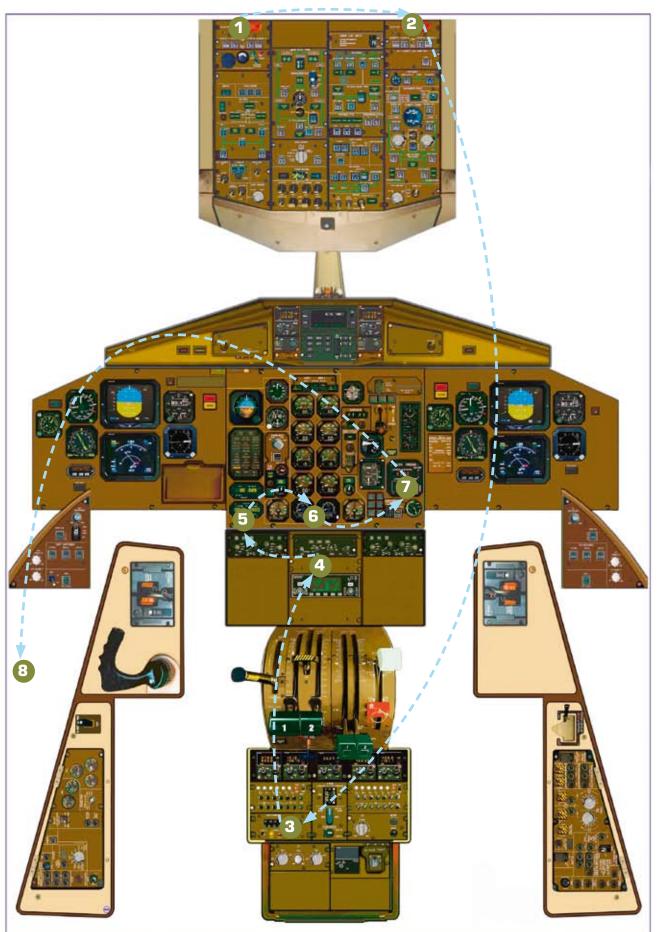
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#### 3.4.2. Short transit





#### PRELIMINARY COCKPIT PREPARATION FLOW (SHORT TRANSIT)





#### NORMAL PROCEDURES

## STANDARD OPERATING PROCEDURES

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#### 1 ENG 1 FIRE PROTECTION: TEST

Check the ENG 1 fire handle is IN and latched. Extinguish any white light.

Depress the SQUIB TEST PB and check both AGENT SQUIB lights illuminate.

Select TEST switch on FIRE and check:

- ENG FIRE red light illuminates into associated fire handle.
- CCAS is activated (CRC + MW + ENG 1 FIRE on CAP)
- FUEL SO red light illuminates in CL 1 if temporarily selected out of FUEL SO.

Select TEST switch on FAULT and check:

- both LOOP A & B FAULT lights illuminate.

#### 2 ENG 2 FIRE PROTECTION: CHECK

Check the ENG 2 fire handle is IN and latched. Extinguish any white light:

Depress the SQUIB TEST PB and check both AGENT SQUIB lights illuminate.

Select TEST switch on FIRE and check:

- ENG FIRE red light illuminates into associated fire handle.
- CCAS is activated (CRC + MW + ENG 1 FIRE on CAP)
- FUEL SO red light illuminates in CL 2 if temporarily selected out of FUEL SO.

Select TEST switch on FAULT and check:

- both LOOP A & B FAULT lights illuminate.

### 3 FDEP (If installed): SET FLIGHT NUMBER + DATE

Check FDAU time base, adjust if necessary.

#### **MCDU** (If installed with the MPC): SET

Set the flight number and check FDAU time base, adjust if necessary.

#### 5 FUEL QTY PANEL: TEST and CHECK

Depress the TEST PB and check:

- MC + SC + FUEL on CAP
- all lights and displays
- both LO LVL amber lights illuminated
- both RUN green lights illuminated on pumps PB
- check quantity.

#### **6** FUEL USED: RESET

Pull reset knob to reset fuel used value.

#### **7** AUTO PRESS PANEL: TEST / CHECK

Depress TEST PB and check:

- MC + SC + AIR on CAP
- FAULT amber light illuminated in MODE SEL PB
- display cycling between -8800 and 18800.

#### **13 COCKPIT COM HATCH: OPEN**

Must be kept open until engine 1 start, in order to avoid pressurization shocks.



#### NORMAL PROCEDURES

# STANDARD OPERATING PROCEDURES

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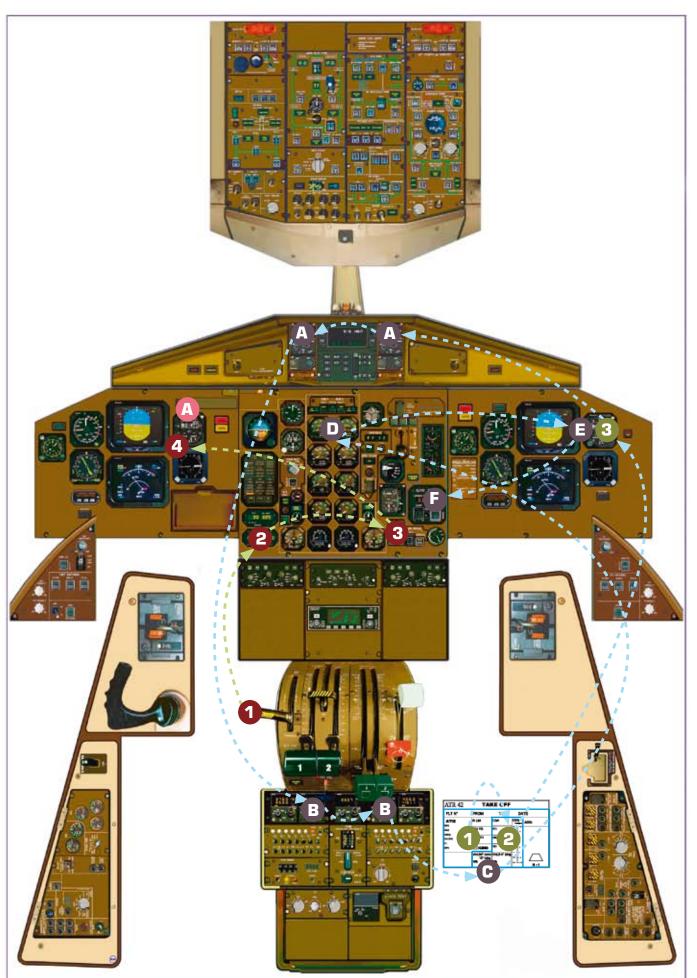
### 3.5. Final cockpit preparation

Flight events	CM1	CM2
PRELIMINARY COCKPIT PREPARATION COMPLETE	►ANNOUNCE "FINAL COCKPIT PREPARATION PROCEDURE" ►DO  PARKING BRAKEON & PRESSURE FUEL QUANTITYCHECK MEMO PANELCHECK QNHSET (own & STBY) AND CHECK	ATIS /WEATHER NOTED TAKE-OFF DATA CARD 1st part FILLED (1) GNH SET (OWN) AND CHECK
	(1) Take-off data card 1 <sup>ST</sup> PART: Flight number, FROM, TO, date, weather, WLIM, T/O TQ, RTO TQ, acceleration altitude, single engine flight path, RWY heading.	PF  D0  RADIO NAV & RNAVSET  (according to expected SID)  VHF 1 & 2SET

Flight events	PNF	PF
CREW READY FOR TAKE- OFF DATA CARD 1 <sup>ST</sup> PART PROCCEEDING	ALTIMETERS BUGSSET & CROSSCHECK	▶READ AND DO  WEATHER
CREW READY TO PERFORM THE DEPARTURE BRIEFING		Refer to 01.03 p. 36, departure briefing  ►ANNOUNCE  "FINAL COCKPIT PREPARATION PROCEDURE COMPLETE"

Flight events	CM1	CM2
FINAL COCKPIT PREPARATION COMPLETE	▶REQUEST AND ANSWER "FINAL COCKPIT PREPARATION C/L"	
		►ANNOUNCE AND READ "FINAL COCKPIT PREPARATION C / L"
		Refer to QRH normal C/L "C/L COMPLETE"

#### **FINAL COCKPIT PREPARATION FLOW**





#### NORMAL PROCEDURES

## STANDARD OPERATING PROCEDURES

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#### CM1

#### **1** PARKING BRAKE: ON

Set parking brake ON and check brake accumulator pressure.

#### 2 FUEL QUANTITY: CHECK

Check both tanks are symetrically loaded and that the total matches the flight plan block fuel

#### **3 MEMO PANEL: CHECK**

Check NO SMKG, SEAT BELTS and PROP BRK blue lights illuminated.

4 QNH: SET (own & STBY altimeters)

Check and cross-check with CM2.

#### CM2

#### **1** ATIS/WEATHER: NOTED

2 TAKE-OFF DATA CARD: 1st PART FILLED
Fill the weather, Wlim (FOS), acceleration altitude and single engine flight path parts.

#### 3 QNH: SET (own altimeter)

Check and cross-check with CM1.

#### PF

A NAV 1 & 2: SET (GNSS filled, if equipped, please refer to 03.01 p. 2, Preflight.)

Set NAV 1 & 2, ADF 1 & 2, GNSS (or GPS receiver) according to the expected SID.

#### **B** VHF 1 & 2: SET

Set VHF 1 & 2 according to the frequencies read on Jeppesen chart.

**G** TAKE-OFF DATA CARD: 1st PART PROCESSED

#### **D** OBJECTIVE TORQUES: SET

Set white bugs on the torque gauges.

# **E** ALTIMETER BUGS: SET AND CROSS CHECK Set altimeter bugs as per the process described in 01.03 p 18, altimeter setting.

**E** LANDING ELEVATION: SET

#### **PNF**

ALTIMETER BUGS: SET AND CROSS CHECK Set altimeter bugs as per the process described in section 01.03 p 18, altimeter setting.



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#### NORMAL PROCEDURES



#### STANDARD OPERATING **PROCEDURES**

### 3.6. Before propeller rotation (1/2)

Engine 2 start in Hotel mode is decided in accordance with operational requirements and limitations. It is the Captain decision; at the very least the "PRELIMINARY COCKPIT PREPARATION PROCEDURE" for short or long transit shall be completed and the weather recorded and checked.

Flight events	CM1	CM2
		S.VIE
READY TO START ENGINE 2 IN HOTEL MODE	►ANNOUNCE  "GROUND FROM COCKPIT  READY TO START ENG 2 IN HOTEL MODE,  CONFIRM SERVICE DOOR CLOSED  AND AREA CLEAR"	SERVICE DOOR
	►ANNOUNCE "I AM READY"	►ANNOUNCE  "RIGHT SIDE CLEAR,  READY TO START ENG 2?"
AFTER OUTSIDE VISUAL CHECK		START 2 PB DEPRESSED
	TIMING*START START 2CHECK ON  * For starter limitation time, 30 s maxi when starter off (45%NH)	►ANNOUNCE "STARTER ON"
NH=10% (UNTIL NH=19% IF ITT>200°C)		►DO AND ANNOUNCE CL 2 FEATHER TIMING* START  "FUEL OPEN"  *For ignition time, it should rise within 10 seconds ►DO
ITT INCREASING	▶DO ENGINE PARAMETERSCHECK	► ANNOUNCE  *IGNITION'' TIMINGSTOP
NH=25%	▶DO ENGINE PARAMETERSCHECK	►ANNOUNCE When FAULT amber light extinguished "ECU"
NH INCREASING	▶DO ENGINE PARAMETERSCHECK	►DO AND ANNOUNCE ENGINE PARAMETERS
NH=45%	►ANNOUNCE  "STARTER OFF"  *If not, select rotary selector OFF/START ABORT  ►DO  TIMINGSTOP	►ANNOUNCE  "45%"  ►DO  ITT MAX
NH = 61.5%		►ANNOUNCE  "PARAMETERS STABILIZED"
PARAMETERS STABILIZED	►DO DC GEN 2 VOLTAGECHECK  ►ANNOUNCE "GROUND FROM COCKPIT, YOU CAN DISCONNECT GPU"	ENGINE START OFF/START ABORT DC EXT PWR OFF / DISCONNECT DC GEN 2 FAULT EXTINGUISHED DC BTC CHECK CLOSED BLEED / PACKS / X VALVE OPEN



## STANDARD OPERATING PROCEDURES

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### 3.6. Before propeller rotation (2/2)

The data card 2nd part proceeding, can be performed during final cockpit preparation, if the load and trim sheet has been received.

Flight events	CM1	CM2
LOAD AND TRIM SHEET ON BOARD	▶DO LOADCHECK	
	► ANNOUNCE  "TOW, TRIM SETTING"  ► DO  CROSSCHECK	▶DO  CM2 crosschecks TOW and TRIM value before filling DATA CARD 2nd part  TAKE-OFF DATA CARD2nd PART FILLED
Flight events	PNF	PF
CREW READY FOR TAKE-OFF DATA CARD 2nd PART PROCEEDING	SPEED BUGS SET AND CROSSCHECK TRIM CROSSCHECK	▶READ AND DO SPEED BUGS SET AND CROSSCHECK TRIMSET
Flight events	CM1	CM2
PASSENGERS AND CARGO ON BOARD	CABIN ATTENDANT REPORTRECEIVED CABIN ANNOUNCEDONE	PDO REQUEST START UP CLEARANCE FROM ATC
	CDLS (IF INSTALLEDON SEAT BELTSON BEACONON	
	► REQUEST AND ANSWER  "BEFORE PROPELLER ROTATION C/L"	►ANNOUNCE AND READ  "BEFORE PROPELLER ROTATION C/L"  Refer to QRH normal C/L
		"C/L COMPLETE"



### NORMAL PROCEDURES TANDARD OPERATING

## STANDARD OPERATING PROCEDURES

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### 3.6. Before propeller rotation (1/2)

Engine 2 start in Hotel mode is decided in accordance with operational requirements and limitations. It is the Captain decision; at the very least the "PRELIMINARY COCKPIT PREPARATION PROCEDURE" for short or long transit shall be completed and the weather recorded and checked.

Flight events	CM1	CM2
READY TO START ENGINE 2 IN HOTEL MODE	►ANNOUNCE  "GROUND FROM COCKPIT READY TO START ENG 2 IN HOTEL MODE, CONFIRM SERVICE DOOR CLOSED AND AREA CLEAR"  ►ANNOUNCE  "I AM READY"	➤DO SERVICE DOOR
AFTER OUTSIDE VISUAL CHECK	►DO TIMING*START START 2CHECK ON  * For starter limitation time, 30 s maxi when starter off (45%NH)	►DO START 2 PB DEPRESSED  ►ANNOUNCE "STARTER ON"
NH=10% (UNTIL NH=19% IF ITT>200°C)		►DO AND ANNOUNCE CL 2 FEATHER TIMING* START  "FUEL OPEN"  *For ignition time, it should rise within 10 seconds ►DO ENGINE PARAMETERS. CHECK
ITT INCREASING	▶DO ENGINE PARAMETERSCHECK	TIMINGSTOP
NH INCREASING	▶DO ENGINE PARAMETERSCHECK	►DO AND ANNOUNCE ENGINE PARAMETERSCHECK "OIL PRESS"
NH=45%	►ANNOUNCE  "STARTER OFF"  *If not, select rotary selector OFF/START ABORT  ►DO  TIMING	► ANNOUNCE  "45%"  ► DO  ITT MAX
NH=61.5%		►ANNOUNCE "PARAMETERS STABILIZED"
PARAMETERS STABILIZED	►DO DC GEN 2 VOLTAGECHECK  ►ANNOUNCE  "GROUND FROM COCKPIT, YOU CAN DISCONNECT GPU"	ENGINE START OFF/START ABORT DC EXT PWR OFF / DISCONNECT DC GEN 2 FAULT EXTINGUISHED DC BTC CHECK CLOSED BLEED / PACKS / X VALVE OPEN



## STANDARD OPERATING PROCEDURES

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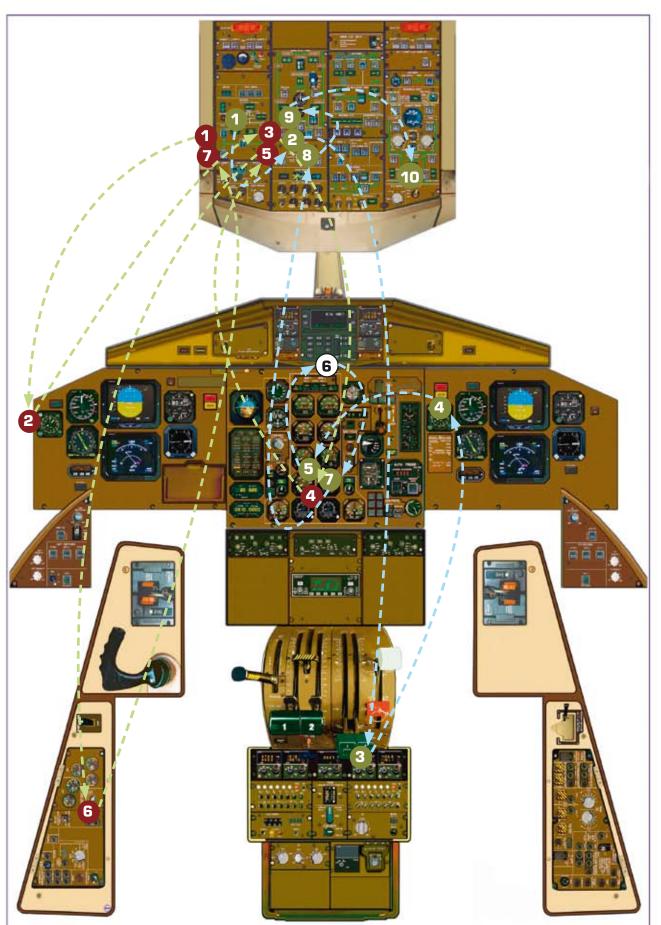
"C/L COMPLETE"

### 3.6. Before propeller rotation (2/2)

The data card 2nd part proceeding, can be performed during final cockpit preparation, if the load and trim sheet has been received.

Flight events	CM1	CM2
LOAD AND TRIM SHEET ON BOARD	▶DO LOADCHECK	
	►ANNOUNCE "TOW, TRIM SETTING"  ►DO CROSSCHECKT/O SPEEDS AND TRIM	▶DO  CM2 crosschecks TOW and TRIM value before filling DATA CARD 2nd part  TAKE-OFF DATA CARD2nd PART FILLED
Flight events	PNF	PF
CREW READY FOR TAKE-OFF DATA CARD 2nd PART PROCEEDING	SPEED BUGS SET AND CROSSCHECK TRIM. CROSSCHECK	▶READ AND DO  SPEED BUGS
Flight events	CM1	CM2
PASSENGERS AND CARGO ON BOARD	CABIN ATTENDANT REPORTRECEIVED CABIN ANNOUNCEDONE	▶DO REQUEST START UP CLEARANCE FROM ATC
	DOORSCHECK CLOSED CDLS (IF INSTALLEDON SEAT BELTSON BEACONON	
	▶REQUEST AND ANSWER "BEFORE PROPELLER ROTATION C/L"	►ANNOUNCE AND READ  "BEFORE PROPELLER ROTATION C/L"  Refer to QRH normal C/L

#### **BEFORE PROPELLER ROTATION FLOW (1/3)**





#### NORMAL PROCEDURES

## STANDARD OPERATING PROCEDURES

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#### CM1

1 MECHANICAL CALL: PERFORMED

Start timing when CM2 announces "Starter ON".

2 TIMING: START

Start timing when CM2 announces "Starter ON".

**3** STARTER 2: CHECK ON

**4** ENGINE PARAMETERS: MONITOR

According to the CM2 callouts.

5 START OFF: CHECK

At 45% NH, check the Start ON light is extinguished and announce "STARTER OFF" and stop timing.

**6** DC GEN 2 VOLTAGE: CHECK

**7** MECH CALL: PERFORMED

When CM2 switches off the external pwr, CM1 ask the mechanic to disconnect the GPU.

#### CM<sub>2</sub>

**1** "U" CHECK: PERFORMED

DOORS: CLOSED

Check the UNLK amber light is extinguished.

WING LIGHTS: ON, to visually inform that start is in Hotel

Mode.

Fuel Pump N°2: RUN

PROPELLER BRAKE: ON

If no AC GPU, press HYD AUX PUMP, in order to get the READY green light, then place the propeller brake switch

to ON.

ENGINE START ROTARY SELECTOR: A+B

2 START PB: DEPRESSED

START 2 PB: ON

Depress START 2 PB after a visual check on right side.

Announce: "STARTER ON".

**3 CL2: FEATHER** 

Advance CL 2 to feather when NH reaches 10% and announce: "FUEL OPEN".

**4** TIMING: START

**5** ENGINE PARAMETERS: MONITOR

When ITT needle increases, announce: "IGNITION". ITT must increase within 10 sec on CM1 Timing. Otherwise

CL2 shut off.

**6** ECU FAULT LIGHT: EXTINGUISH

At 25% NH, check ECU fault light exinguishes, announce "ECU ON".

2 ENGINE PARAMETERS: MONITOR

OIL PRESS needle increases, announce "OIL PRESS" At 45% NH, announce "45%".

**8** ENGINE START ROTARY SELECTOR: OFF

When engine parameters are stabilised, announce "PARAMETERS STABLISED", then turn the rotary selector to OFF/START ABORT.

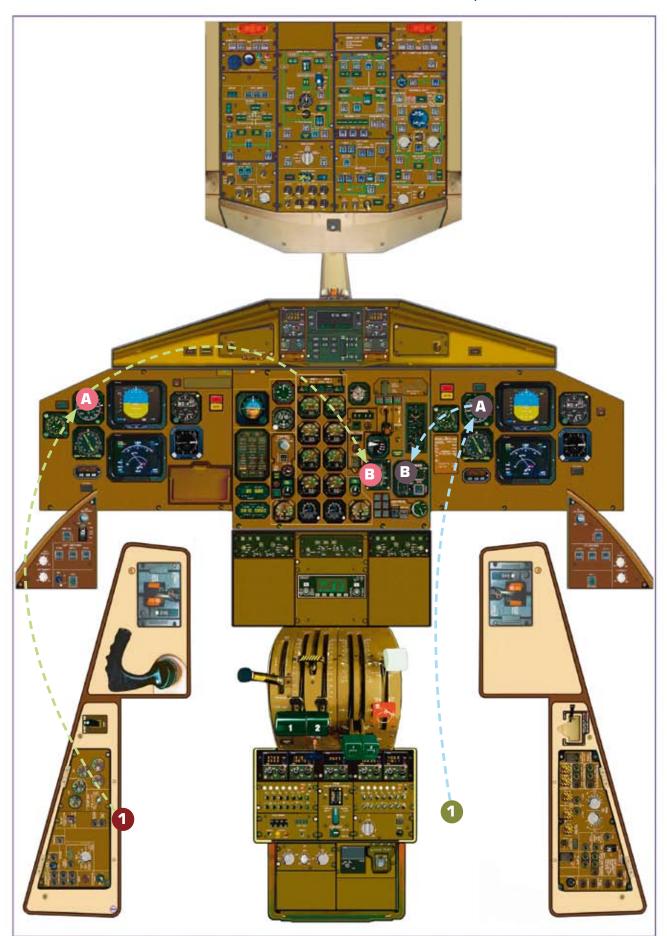
DC EXTERNAL POWER: OFF / DISCONNECT

When OFF check that the DC GEN 2 FAULT light extinguishes and BTC still closed.

10 BLEED 2 / PACKS 1+2 / X VALVE: OPEN

When only one BLEED is on OPEN on ground, X VALVE is opened to supply both packs.

#### **BEFORE PROPELLER ROTATION FLOW (2/3)**





#### NORMAL PROCEDURES

## STANDARD OPERATING PROCEDURES

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CM1

1 LOAD AND TRIM SHEET: CHECK Check and announce TOW and Trim setting.

PNF

A SPEED BUGS: SET
Set speed bugs and cross-check.

**1 TRIM: CROSSCHECK** 

CM2

1 TAKE-OFF DATA CARD: 2ND PART FILLED Fill TOW, speeds and trim setting parts.

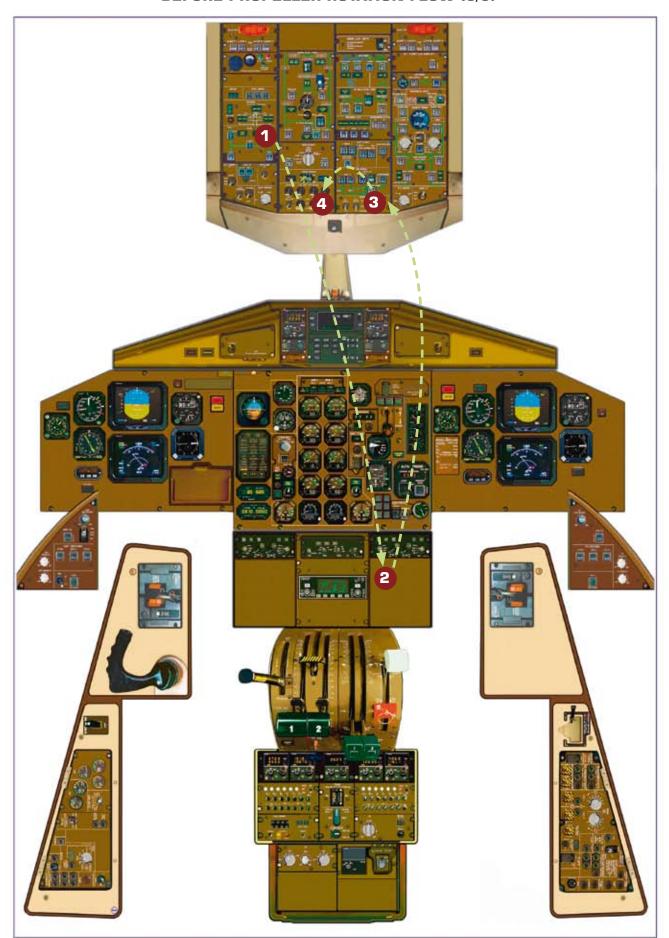
PF

DATA CARD 2ND PART PROCEEDING

A SPEED BUGS: SET
Set speed bugs and cross-check.

B TRIM: SET

#### **BEFORE PROPELLER ROTATION FLOW (3/3)**





#### NORMAL PROCEDURES

#### STANDARD OPERATING **PROCEDURES**

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#### CM1

1 DOORS: CLOSED

Check the UNLK amber light extinguished.

2 CDLS (if installed): ON
The control switch located behind the first officer is

On the cockpit door control panel (pedestal), the toggle switch is in the "close" position and the "Open" light is off.

3 SEAT BELTS: ON

4 BEACON LIGHT: ON

As propellers will rotate, beacon lights must be switched ON.



## STANDARD OPERATING PROCEDURES

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### 3.7. Before taxi (1/2)

Flight events	CM1	CM2
START UP CLEARANCE RECEIVED	►ORDER  "BEFORE TAXI PROCEDURE"  ►ANNOUNCE  "GROUND FROM COCKPIT  PARKING BRAKE IS ON, READY TO  RELEASE PROPELLER BRAKE,  CONFIRM CHOCKS ON, DOORS CLOSED,  AIRCRAFT CLEAR"	
	►ANNOUNCE  "RIGHT SIDE CLEAR?"  ►DO  HYD AUX PUMP	►ANSWER  "RIGHT SIDE CLEAR!"
	►DO PROP BRAKEOFF  NP STABILIZEDCHECK  ►ORDER  "CL 2 MAX RPM"	►ANNOUNCE (AFTER VISUAL CHECK) "ROTATION"
		►DO CL 2MAX RPM  ►ANNOUNCE  "LOW PITCH"
WHEN NP STABILIZED AROUND 71 %		ACW GEN 2 FAULT

ENG 1 START: FOR TRAINING PURPOSE ENG 1 START ON APRON IS DEPICTED. Please refer to 04.06 p.1, **Start up engine n°1 during taxiing**.

Flight events	CM1	CM2
ENGINE 1 START	►ANNOUNCE  "GROUND FROM COCKPIT  PARKING BRAKE IS ON, READY TO  START ENG 1, CONFIRM CHOCKS ON, DOORS  CLOSED, AIRCRAFT CLEAR"	▶DO ("U" CHECK)  DOORS
	►ANNOUNCE  "LEFT SIDE CLEAR, I AM READY"	►ANNOUNCE  "CONFIRM LEFT SIDE CLEAR, READY TO START ENG N° 1?"  ►DO START 1 PBDEPRESSED  ►ANNOUNCE
	►DO TIMING*START START 1CHECK ON  * For starter limitation time , 30 s maxi when starter off (45% NH)	" STARTER ON"



## ADDITIONAL STANDARD OPERATING PROCEDURES

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### 3.7. Before taxi (2/2)

Flight events	CM1	CM2
NH = 10% (UNTIL NH=19% IF ITT>200°C)		►DO AND ANNOUNCE CL 1
ITT INCREASING	▶DO ENGINE PARAMETERS CHECK	►ANNOUNCE  "IGNITION"  TIMING
NH = 25% 42 not PEC	▶DO ENGINE PARAMETERS CHECK	► ANNOUNCE When FAULT amber light extinguished "ECU"
NH INCREASING	▶DO ENGINE PARAMETERS CHECK	►DO AND ANNOUNCE ENGINE PARAMETERS CHECK "OIL PRESS"
NH = 45%	* If not, rotary selector OFF/START ABORT  DO TIMING STOP  DO ENGINE PARAMETERS CHECK	►ANNOUNCE  "45%"  ►DO  ITT MAX
NH = 61.5%		►ANNOUNCE "PARAMETERS STABILIZED"
PARAMETERS STABILIZED	▶ORDER "CL 1 MAX RPM"	ENGINE START
WHEN NP STABILIZED AROUND 71 %	COCKPIT COM HATCHCLOSE	►CHECK  ACW GEN 1
PROCEDURE COMPLETE	▶REQUEST AND ANSWER "BEFORE TAXI CHECKLIST"	►ANNOUNCE  "BEFORE TAXI PROCEDURE COMPLETE"  ►ANNOUNCE AND READ  "BEFORE TAXI CHECKLIST"  Refer TO QRH 6.01  ►ANNOUNCE  "C/L COMPLETE"



## STANDARD OPERATING PROCEDURES

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### 3.7. Before taxi (1/2)

Flight events	CM1	CM2
START UP CLEARANCE RECEIVED	►ORDER  "BEFORE TAXI PROCEDURE"  ► ANNOUNCE  "GROUND FROM COCKPIT  PARKING BRAKE IS ON, READY TO  RELEASE PROPELLER BRAKE,  CONFIRM CHOCKS ON, AIRCRAFT CLEAR"	
	► ANNOUNCE  "RIGHT SIDE CLEAR?"  ► DO  HYD AUX PUMP	►ANSWER "RIGHT SIDE CLEAR"
	PROP BRAKE OFF  NP STABILIZED CHECK	►ANNOUNCE (AFTER VISUAL CHECK) "ROTATION"
	►ORDER "CL 2 AUTO"	DO CL 2
WHEN NP STABILIZED AROUND 71%		ACW GEN 2 FAULT EXTINGUISHED ACW BTC

ENG 1 START: FOR TRAINING PURPOSE ENG 1 START ON APRON IS DEPICTED. Please refer to 04.06 p.1, **Start up engine n°1 during taxiing**.

Flight events	CM1	CM2
ENGINE 1 START	► ANNOUNCE  "GROUND FROM COCKPIT  PARKING BRAKE IS ON, READY TO  START ENG 1, CONFIRM CHOCKS ON, DOORS  CLOSED, AIRCRAFT CLEAR"	▶DO ("U" CHECK)  DOORS
	►ANNOUNCE "LEFT SIDE CLEAR, I AM READY"	►ANNOUNCE  "CONFIRM LEFT SIDE CLEAR, READY TO START ENG N° 1?"  ►DO
	TIMING* START  START 1 CHECK ON  * For starter limitation time , 30 s maxi	STARTER 1 PB DEPRESSED  ANNOUNCE  "STARTER ON"
		ENGINE 1 START  ANNOUNCE  "GROUND FROM COCKPIT  PARKING BRAKE IS ON, READY TO  START ENG 1, CONFIRM CHOCKS ON, DOORS  CLOSED, AIRCRAFT CLEAR"  ANNOUNCE  "LEFT SIDE CLEAR, I AM READY"  DO  TIMING*  START 1



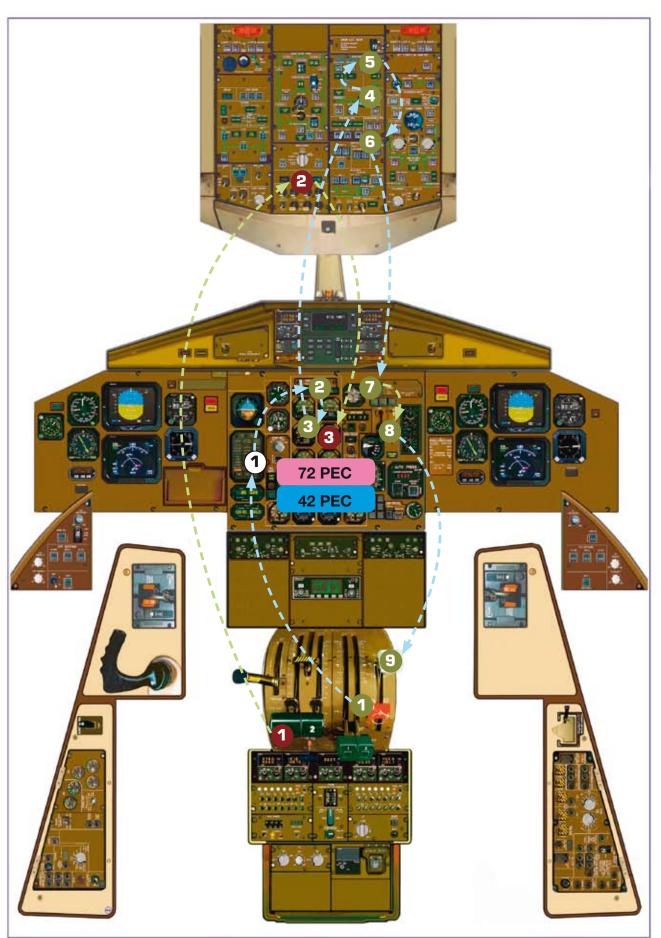
# STANDARD OPERATING PROCEDURES

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# 3.7. Before taxi (2/2)

Flight events	CM1	CW5
NH = 10% (UNTIL NH=19% IF ITT>200°C)		► DO AND ANNOUNCE  CL 1
ITT INCREASING	►DO ENGINE PARAMETERS CHECK	►ANNOUNCE  "IGNITION"  TIMINGSTOP
NH INCREASING	►DO ENGINE PARAMETERSCHECK	► DO AND ANNOUNCE ENGINE PARAMETERS CHECK "OIL PRESS"
NH = 45%	► ANNOUNCE  "STARTER OFF"  "If not, select rotary selector OFF/START ABORT  DO  TIMINGSTOP  ► DO  ENGINE PARAMETERSCHECK	► ANNOUNCE  "45%"  ► DO  ITT MAX CHECK  ► ANNOUNCE  "ITT XXX °C"
NH = 61.5%		► ANNOUNCE "PARAMETERS STABILIZED"
PARAMETERS STABILIZED	▶ORDER "CL 1 AUTO"	ENGINE START OFF &START ABORT DC GEN 1 FAULT EXTINGUISHED DC BTC CHECK EXTINGUISHED BLEED / PACKS LIGHTS EXTINGUISHED  DO CL 1 AUTO  ANNOUNCE "SINGLE CHANNEL LOW PITCH"
WHEN NP STABILIZED AROUND 71%	▶DO COCKPIT COM HATCHCLOSE	▶ CHECK  ACW GEN 1
PROCEDURE COMPLETE	► REQUEST AND ANSWER  "BEFORE TAXI CHECKLIST"	► ANNOUNCE "BEFORE TAXI PROCEDURE COMPLETE"  ► ANNOUNCE AND READ "BEFORE TAXI CHECKLIST"  Refer TO QRH 6.01
		►ANNOUNCE "C/L COMPLETE"

#### **BEFORE TAXI FLOW (1/2)**





### NORMAL PROCEDURES

# STANDARD OPERATING PROCEDURES

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### CM1

1 HYD AUX PUMP PB: DEPRESSED
Press PB to get the PROP BRK READY light on.

2 PROP BRK SWITCH: OFF

After outside visual check.
Check the ready light
PROP BRK SWITCH set to OFF
Check UNLOCK extinguished after maximum
15 seconds.

**3** ENGINE PARAMETERS: MONITOR

NP stabilized

### CM2

- 1 CL 2: MAX RPM (4NP, 7NP) / AUTO (4P, 7P)
- 1 PEC SINGLE CHANNEL TEST: CHECK Check SGL CH is illuminated then extinguished.
- **2** LO PITCH LIGHT: ILLUMINATED
- **3 ENGINE PARAMETERS: MONITOR**
- 4 ACW GEN 2: ON LINE

When parameters stabilised, check ACW GEN 2 on line BTCs closed.

- **5 HYDRAULIC PANEL: DARK**
- **6** ANTI-ICING: ON

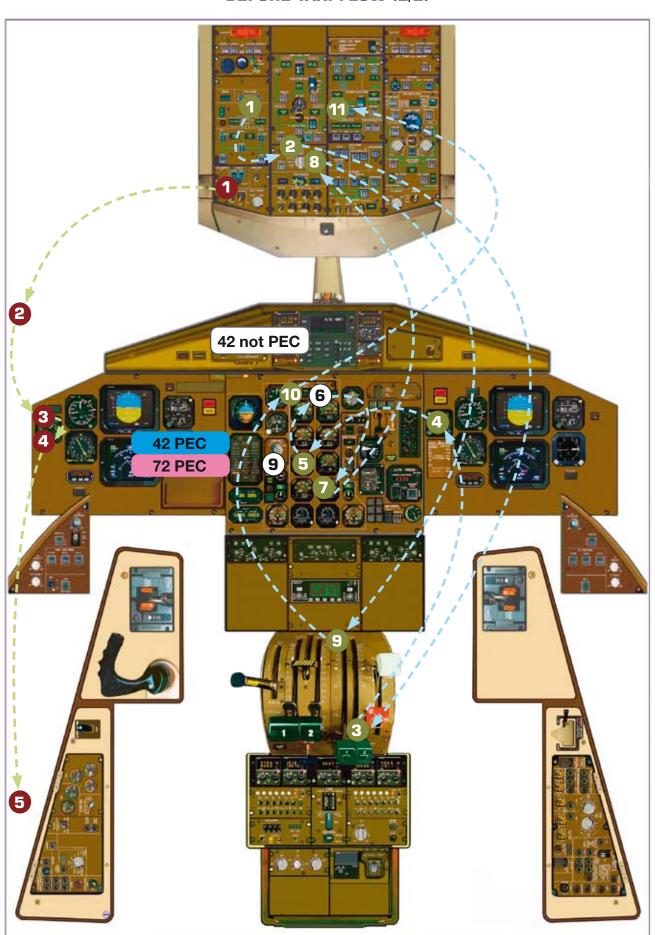
When icing conditions prevail on take-off

- **2** ACCUMULATORS GAUGES: 3 x 3000 PSI
- **8** ANTISKID: TEST

Check MC + SC + WHEELS and FFFF appearing during 6 seconds.

9 FLAPS 15°: SELECTED

#### **BEFORE TAXI FLOW (2/2)**





### NORMAL PROCEDURES

# STANDARD OPERATING PROCEDURES

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#### CM1

### **1** MECH CALL: PERFORMED

Check ground clearance with the mechanic.

#### 2 "LEFT SIDE CLEAR"

Left visual check.

#### 3 TIMING: START

Start timing when CM2 depress. START PB.

#### 4 TIMING: STOP

Stop timing when STARTER 1 extinguish.

# 5 COCKPIT COM HATCH CLOSE.

#### CM2

#### **11** "U" CHECK: PERFORMED

Check doors closed, ELEC FUEL PUMP 1 runs, BEACON on.

# 2 ENGINE START ROTARY SELECTOR: A+B (or A or B) START 1 PB: ON

Depress START 1 PB after a visual check on right side.

#### 3 CL 1: FEATHER

Advance CL 1 to feather when NH reaches 10%.

#### **4** TIMING: START

Start timing when CL1 is set to FEATHER and stop when ignition is confirmed, in order to monitor ignition time, maximum 10 sec.

### **5 ENGINE PARAMETERS: MONITOR**

When ITT needle increases, announce: "IGNITION".

### **6** ECU FAULT LIGHT: EXTINGUISH

At 25% NH, check ECU fault light exinguishes, announce "ECU ON".

#### **DESCRIPTION** ENGINE PARAMETERS: MONITOR

OIL PRESS needle increases, announce "OIL PRESS" At 45% NH, announce "45%"

Stop timing, if "STARTER OFF" call out has been received.

#### **8 ENGINE START ROTARY SELECTOR: OFF**

When engine parameters are stabilized, announce "PARAMETERS STABILIZED", then turn the rotary selector to OFF/START ABORT.

#### ① CL 1: MAX RPM/AUTO

# **9 PEC SINGLE CHANNEL TEST: CHECK**

Check SGL CH illuminated then extinguished.

### 10 LO PITCH LIGHT: ILLUMINATED

## **11** ACW GEN 1: ON LINE

Check ACW BTCs OPEN.

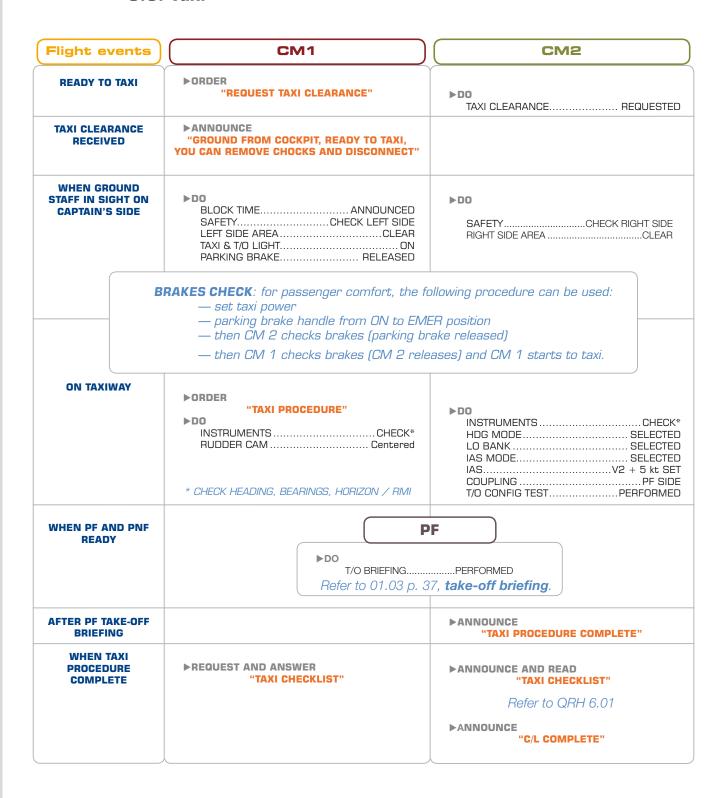


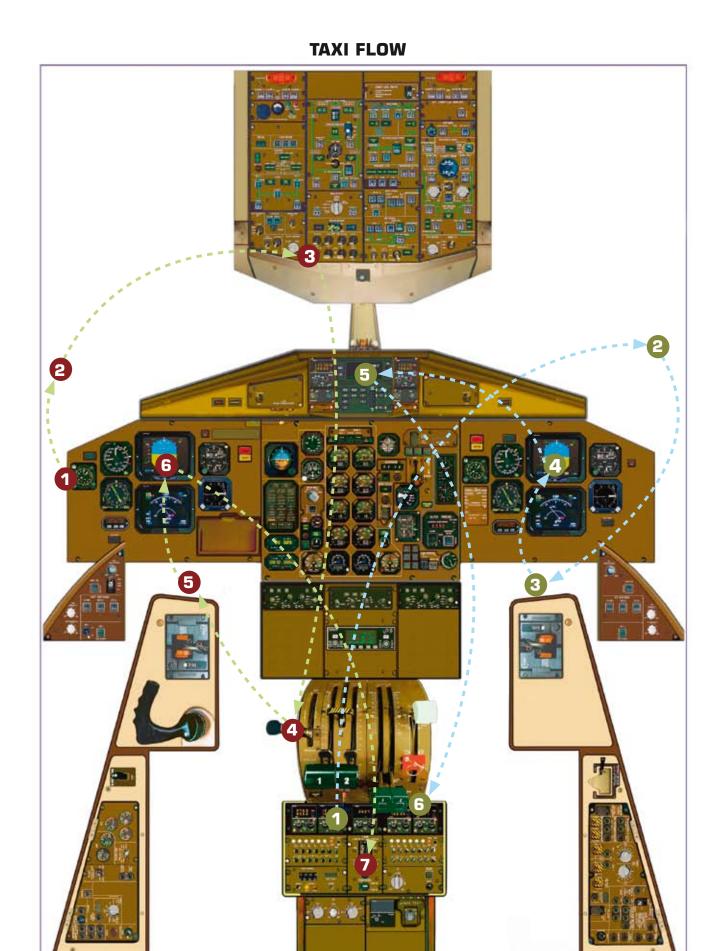
#### NORMAL PROCEDURES

# STANDARD OPERATING PROCEDURES

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### 3.8. Taxi







# STANDARD OPERATING PROCEDURES

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### CM1

### **1** BLOCK TIME: ANNOUNCED

CM2 reports block time on the navigation log.

2 LEFT SIDE AREA: CLEAR CHECK LEFT SIDE

### **3** TAXI AND T/O LIGHTS: ON

When on the taxiway the parking brake light has been turned on, CM1 must switch it off.

**4** PARKING BRAKE: RELEASED

#### **5** BRAKES: CHECK

For passenger confort, the following procedure can be used:

- Set Taxi power
- Parking brake handle from ON to EMER position
- Then CM2 checks brakes
- Then CM1 checks brakes and CM1 starts to taxi.

#### **6 INSTRUMENTS: CHECK**

Check Heading, Bearings, Horizon / RMI.

### 7 RUDDER CAM: CENTERED

Center pedals then move the rudder trim to the right then to the left to center the RCU.

#### CM2

- 1 TAXI CLEARANCE: REQUESTED
- 2 RIGHT SIDE AREA: CLEAR CHECK RIGHT SIDE
- **3 BRAKES: CHECK**

#### **4** INSTRUMENTS: CHECK

Check Heading (including STBY compass), Bearings, Horizon / RMI.

#### 5 AFCS: SET

Select: - HDG LO BANK

- IAS V2+5
- CPL on PF side
- ALT SEL on first clearance.

### **6** T/O CONFIG TEST: PERFORMED

T/O config test checks aircraft configuration for take-off and provides an automatic Recall.



## NORMAL PROCEDURES

# STANDARD OPERATING PROCEDURES

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## 3.9. Before take-off

Flight events	CM1	CM2
APPROACHING HOLDING POINT AND CABIN OK RECEIVED	▶ORDER "BEFORE TAKE-OFF PROCEDURE"	<b>▶DO</b> TCAS
	►DO FLT CTLSPOILER & RUDDER	►DO  FLT CTLROLL / SPOILER  FLT CTLPITCH
LINE-UP CLEARANCE RECEIVED	RECALL PB	➤DO  WEATHER RADAR
PROCEDURE COMPLETE	►REQUEST AND ANSWER  "BEFORE TAKE-OFF CHECKLIST"	►ANNOUNCE AND READ "BEFORE TAKE-OFF CHECKLIST"
		Refer to QRH 6.01
		►ANNOUNCE "CHECKLIST COMPLETE"

42 not PEC

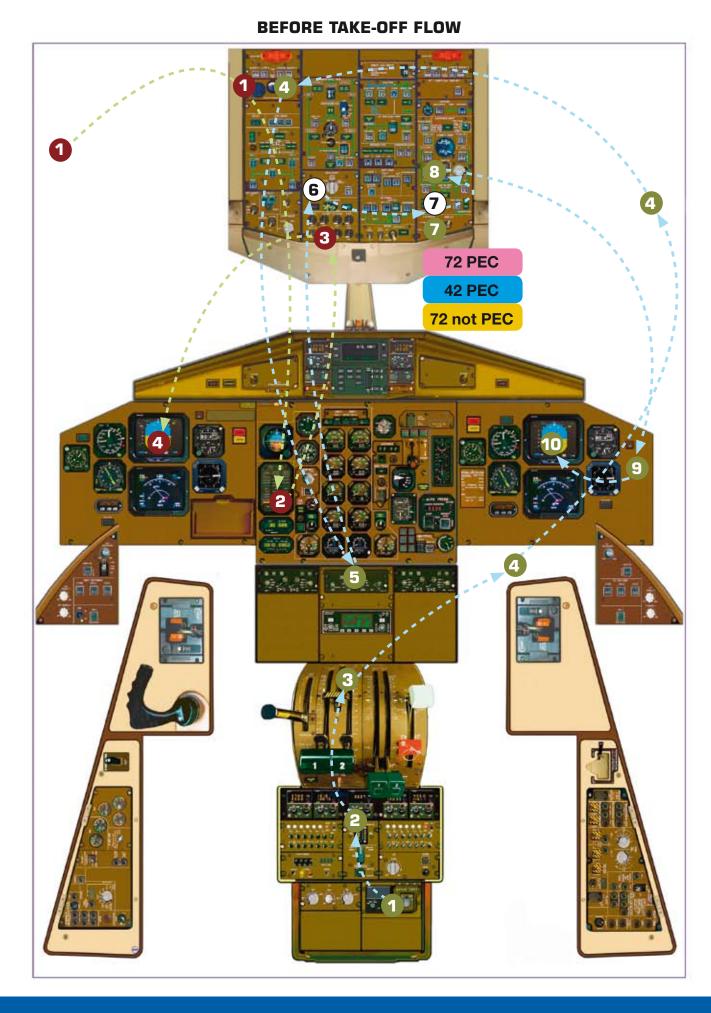


# STANDARD OPERATING PROCEDURES

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# 3.9. Before take-off

Flight	CM1	CM2
APPROACHING HOLDING POINT AND CABIN OK RECEIVED	► ORDER "BEFORE TAKE-OFF PROCEDURE"	TCAS AUTO XPDR ALT GUST LOCK RELEASED
	FLT CTLSPOILER & RUDDER	FLT CTLROLL / SPOILER FLT CTLPITCH
LINE-UP CLEARANCE RECEIVED 72 PEC 42 PEC	RECALL PB	WEATHER RADAR
	▶DO  LATERAL FD BARCENTERED  (CHECK MAGNETIC RWY ORIENTATION)	LATERAL FD BARCENTERED  ANNOUNCE  "BEFORE TAKE-OFF PROCEDURE COMPLETE"
LINE-UP CLEARANCE RECEIVED 72 not PEC	RECALL PB	WEATHER RADAR
	LATERAL FD BARCENTERED (CHECK MAGNETIC RWY ORIENTATION)	► ANNOUNCE  "BEFORE TAKE-OFF PROCEDURE COMPLETE"
PROCEDURE COMPLETE	► REQUEST AND ANSWER  "BEFORE TAKE-OFF CHECKLIST"	► ANNOUNCE AND READ "BEFORE TAKE-OFF CHECKLIST"  Refer to QRH 6.01
		►ANNOUNCE "CHECKLIST COMPLETE"





# STANDARD OPERATING PROCEDURES

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#### CM1

### 1 SPOILERS: CHECK

Look outside if the spoiler deflects, announce "SPOILER" and check that the blue triangle appears on the overhead panel, announce "BLUE LIGHT".

**2 RECALL PB, THEN T/O INHI PB : DEPRESSED** RCL PB has to be depressed before T/O INHI PB.

**3 LAND AND STROBE LIGHTS: ON** 

#### Once aligned:

4 FD BARS: CENTERED

To check that runway heading is correct.

#### CM2

1 TCAS: AUTO

It is normal to have "TA ONLY" on VSI.

2 XPDR: ALT

It activates the mode S.

**3 GUST LOCK: RELEASED** 

Announce "Flight Controls?"

4 FLT CONTROLS: CHECK

Check ROLL / SPOILER and PITCH Look outside if the spoiler deflects, announce "SPOILER" and check that the blue triangle appears on the overhead panel, announce "BLUE LIGHT".

5 WEATHER RADAR: STBY or WX

To activate the EGPWS terrain clearance floor mode.

6 CONT RELIGHT: AS REQUIRED (ON 42/72 NO PEC ONLY)

Switch on if icing condition, contaminated runway or heavy rain.

**7** BLEED VALVES: OFF

(7) BLEED VALVES: ON or OFF

8 AIR FLOW: AS REQUIRED

Once aligned:

APM ROTARY SELECTOR: TAKE-OFF WEIGHT

Set the TOW on the rotactor

Even if it is the same weight the rotactor should be moved to take into account the selected weight. The APM should be selected with both engines running.

Indeed, during start, microcuts on the supplying may occur and if the selector is moved before engine start, the TO weight may not be taken into account.

100 LATERAL FD BARS: CENTERED

To check that runway heading is correct.



## NORMAL PROCEDURES

# STANDARD OPERATING PROCEDURES

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## 3.10. Take-off

Flight events	CM1	CM2
READY TO TAKE-OFF	►ANNOUNCE "TAKE-OFF AT XXX O'CLOCK, V1 XXX KT"	
	►DO TIMING START FUEL USED CHECK NOSE WHEEL STEERING HANDED	TIMING START CONTROL WHEEL HOLD TOWARD WIND
	▶D0 PLsADVANCED TO WHITE MARK	
	►ANNOUNCE "SET POWER"	<b>▶</b> D0
		TAKE-OFF TORQUE
		* TQ: T/O VALUE (white bug) ** NP: 100 %, ITT
		►ANNOUNCE  "ATPCS ARMED POWER SET"
REACHING 70 KT READ ON THE STBY ASI AND	►ANNOUNCE AND DO	►ANNOUNCE "70 KTS"
CM 2 ASI	"CHECK" (on CM 1 ASI)  NOSE WHEEL STEERING RELEASED  "YOUR CONTROL"	

Flight events	PNF	PF
FLIGHT CONTROLS TRANSFER		►ANNOUNCE "I HAVE CONTROL"
REACHING V1	►ANNOUNCE "V1"	
	▶D0 PLs	71 RELEASED
REACHING VR	►ANNOUNCE "ROTATE"	▶DO PITCH ROTATE TO 10° & FOLLOW FD BARS
POSITIVE RATE	►ANNOUNCE  "POSITIVE RATE"  ►DO  LANDING GEAR LEVER	▶ORDER "GEAR UP"
WHEN ALL LIGHTS EXTINGUISHED ON THE LDG GEAR PANEL	►ANNOUNCE "GEAR UP"	

42 not PEC



# STANDARD OPERATING PROCEDURES

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### 3.10. Take-off

Flight events	CM1	CM2
READY TO TAKE-OFF	► ANNOUNCE  "TAKE-OFF AT XXX O'CLOCK, V1 XXX KT"  DO  TIMING START  NOSE WHEEL STEERING HANDED  DO  PLs NOTCH	TIMING START CONTROL WHEEL HOLD TOWARD WIND
	►ANNOUNCE  "SET POWER"	TAKE-OFF TORQUE
REACHING 70 KT READ ON THE STBY ASI AND CM 2 ASI	NOSE WHEEL STEERING RELEASED  "YOUR CONTROL"	►ANNOUNCE "70 KTS"
Flight events	PNF	PF
FLIGHT CONTROLS TRANSFER		►ANNOUNCE "I HAVE CONTROL"
REACHING V1	►ANNOUNCE "V1"	
	▶DO	M1 RELEASED
REACHING VR	►ANNOUNCE "ROTATE"	▶DO PITCH ROTATE TO 10° & FOLLOW FD BARS
POSITIVE RATE	► ANNOUNCE  "POSITIVE RATE"  ► DO  LANDING GEAR LEVER	►ORDER "GEAR UP"
WHEN ALL LIGHTS EXTINGUISHED ON THE LDG GEAR PANEL	►ANNOUNCE "GEAR UP"	

# AR Cer

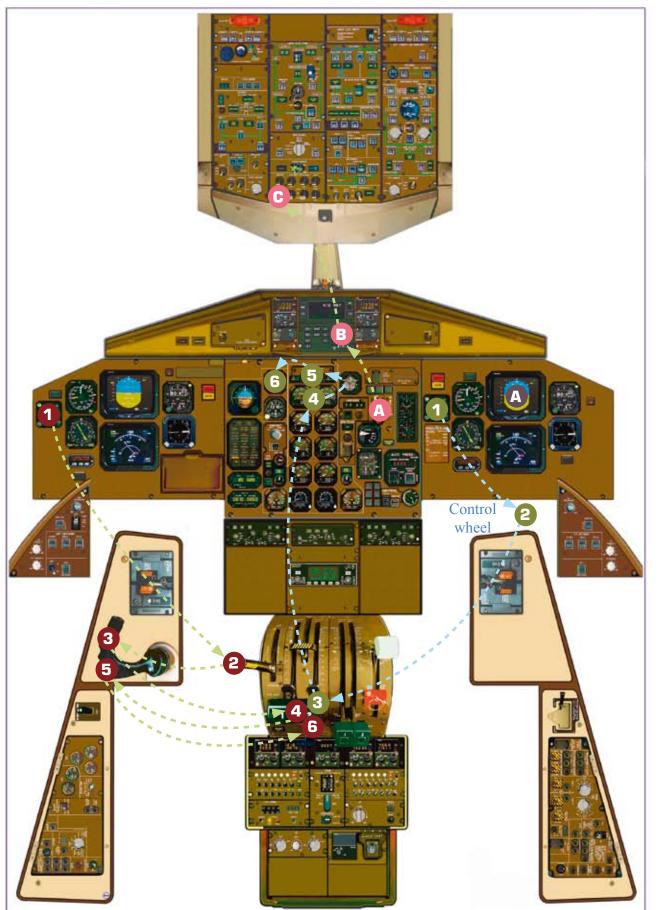
# AR Training Centre

#### NORMAL PROCEDURES

# STANDARD OPERATING PROCEDURES

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#### **TAKE-OFF FLOW**



CM1

1 TIMING: START

Announce "TAKE-OFF AT \_\_\_ O'CLOCK, V1 \_\_\_ Kt".

2 FUEL USED: CHECK

**3 NOSE WHEEL STEERING: HANDED** 

**4** POWER LEVERS: ADVANCED

Advance PLs to the white mark/notch and order "SET POWER".

**5** NOSE WHEEL STEERING: RELEASED

At 70 Kt, release nose wheel steering. PF controls aircraft through rudder.

**6** POWER LEVERS: RELEASED

At V1, release PLs.

**PNF** 

**(1)** LANDING GEAR LEVER: UP

**13** YAW DAMPER: ON

Check white lights illuminated.

**1 TAXI & TO. LIGHT: OFF** 

CM2

1 TIMING: START

**2** CONTROL WHEEL: HOLD TOWARD WIND

3+4 TAKE-OFF TORQUES: ADJUSTED/CHECK
By acting on PLs, adjust/check torque needles to white

bug, check Np=100%.

5 ATPCS LIGHT: ARM ILLUMINATED

Check ARM green light illuminated.

**6** IAS: MONITOR

At 70 Kt, announce "70 KT". READ ON STBY ASI

PF

A FD BARS: FOLLOWED

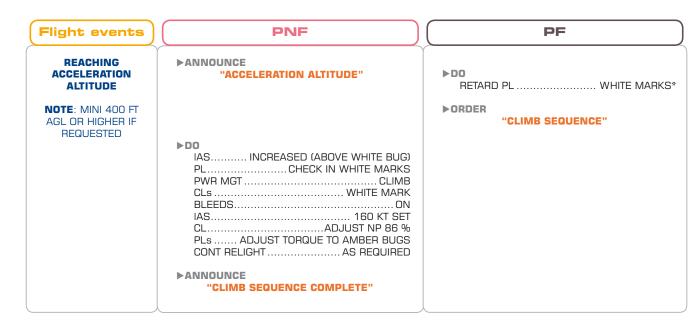


### NORMAL PROCEDURES

# STANDARD OPERATING PROCEDURES

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## 3.11. Climb sequence



<sup>\*</sup> In order to prevent over torques, PF retards PLs prior to reducing CLs.

42 not PEC



# STANDARD OPERATING PROCEDURES

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# 3.11. Climb sequence

Flight events	PNF	PF
REACHING ACCELERATION ALTITUDE	► ANNOUNCE "ACCELERATION ALTITUDE"	<b>▶DO</b> PLCHECK IN THE NOTCH*
NOTE: MINI 400 FT AGL OR HIGHER IF REQUESTED	IAS INCREASED (ABOVE WHITE BUG) PL CHECK IN THE NOTCH PWR MGT	▶ORDER "CLIMB SEQUENCE"
	► ANNOUNCE "CLIMB SEQUENCE COMPLETE"	

<sup>\*</sup> In order to prevent over torques, PF checks PL in the notch before moving the PWR MGT. This is to standardize all the ATR fleet with the go-around and the optional 100% RTO at take-off procedures, which is only available on PW127M engines.



# STANDARD OPERATING PROCEDURES

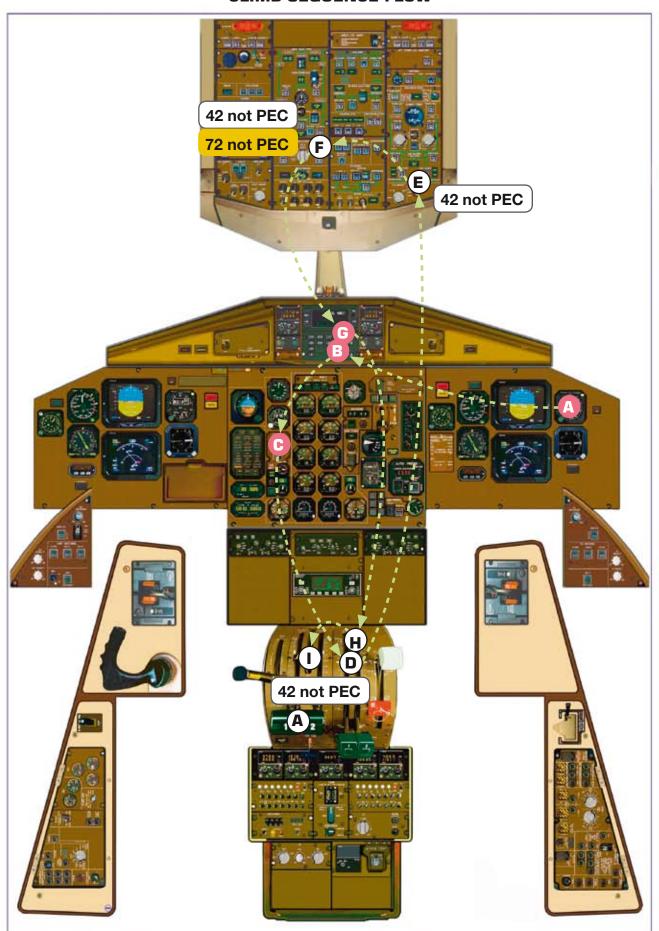
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# 3.11. Climb sequence

Flight events	PNF	PF
REACHING ACCELERATION ALTITUDE	ANNOUNCE "ACCELERATION ALTITUDE"	▶DO PLCHECK IN THE NOTCH*
<b>NOTE</b> : MINI 400 FT AGL OR HIGHER IF REQUESTED		▶ORDER "CLIMB SEQUENCE"
	IASINCREASED (ABOVE WHITE BUG) PLCHECK IN THE NOTCH PWR MGTCLIMB BLEEDSSET ON IF NOT IAS160/170 KT SET	
	►ANNOUNCE "CLIMB SEQUENCE COMPLETE"	

<sup>\*</sup> In order to prevent over torques, PF checks PL in the notch before moving the PWR MGT. This is to standardize all the ATR fleet with the go-around and the optional 100% RTO at take-off procedures, which is only available on PW127M engines.

### **CLIMB SEQUENCE FLOW**





### NORMAL PROCEDURES

### STANDARD OPERATING **PROCEDURES**

PF

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**ALTIMETER: ACCELERATION ALTITUDE** 

A POWER LEVERS: TQ MINUS 10% Retard PL at Acceleration altitude

Announce "Acceleration altitude"

Increase IAS above white bug by using the pitch wheel

AFTER PL CHECKED IN THE NOTCH

**O PWR MGT: CLIMB** 

**13** IAS: INCREASED

© CONDITION LEVERS: WHITE MARK

**E** BLEEDS: ON

F CONT RELIGHT: AS REQUIRED

**160 KT/170 KT** 

(H) CONDITION LEVERS: ADJUSTED

Adjust NP to 86 %

1 POWER LEVERS: ADJUSTED Adjust TQ needle to amber bug



## NORMAL PROCEDURES

# STANDARD OPERATING PROCEDURES

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# 3.12. After take-off

Flight events	PNF	PF
REACHING WHITE OR RED BUG (ACCORDING TO EXTERNAL CONDITIONS)	►ANNOUNCE  "WHITE BUG"  "RED BUG"  NORMAL CONDITIONS  ICING CONDITIONS	
	▶DO FLAPS LEVER SET TO 0	►ORDER "FLAPS 0"
WHEN FLAPS AT 0 ON THE FLAPS INDICATOR	►ANNOUNCE "FLAPS 0"	
REACHING WHITE OR RED BUG + 10 (ACCORDING TO EXTERNAL CONDITIONS)	►ANNOUNCE  "WHITE BUG + 10"  "RED BUG + 10"  ICING CONDITIONS  ►DO  HI BANK	▶ORDER "SET HIGH BANK"
	►ANNOUNCE "HIGH BANK SET"	►ANNOUNCE "CHECK"
	▶DO, ANNOUNCE "SET"	►ORDER, DO "SPEED BUG 160 / 170 KT"*  * 160 kt for 42, 170 kt for 72
WHEN CLEARED FOR A FLIGHT LEVEL OR PASSING TRANSITION ALTITUDE	►DO ALTIMETERSTANDARD SET  ►ANNOUNCE  "STANDARD SET"  ►ANNOUNCE	►ORDER  "SET ALTI STANDARD"  ►DO  ALTIMETERSTANDARD SET  ►ANNOUNCE  "PASSING FL XXX, NOW!"
	"CHECK" OR "PLUS OR MINUS XXX"  if deviation > 50 Ft check altimeter setting if deviation < 50 Ft altimeter setting is correct.	
AFTER ALTIMETER STANDARD SETTING OR AFTER CLIMB SEQUENCE IF ALTIMETERS REMAIN ON QNH SETTING	►ANNOUNCE AND READ "AFTER TAKE-OFF CHECKLIST"  Refer to QRH 6.01	▶REQUEST AND ANSWER "AFTER TAKE-OFF C/L"
	►ANNOUNCE "CHECKLIST COMPLETE"	



# STANDARD OPERATING PROCEDURES

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# 3.13. FL100 during climb

Flight events	PNF	PF
CROSSING FL 100 CLIMBING	PRESSURIZATION	▶ORDER  "FL 100"  No Checklist for FL 100

## 3.14. Cruise

Flight events	PNF	PF
1000 FT BEFORE CRUISE FL	SAT	►ORDER "COMPUTE CRUISE PARAMETERS"
ALT STAR ON PF EADI	►ANNOUNCE "CHECK"	►ANNOUNCE "ALT STAR" read on FMA
ALT GREEN ON PF EADI	► ANNOUNCE  "CHECK"  DO SPEED BUG SET  DO AND ANNOUNCE TORQUE BUGS SET  "SET"	► ANNOUNCE  "ALT GREEN" read on FMA  ► ORDER AND SET  "SPEED BUGKT"
REACHING CRUISE SPEED	POWER MANAGEMENT CRZ TORQUES ADJUSTED TO AMBER BUG CRUISE PARAMETERS CHECK Note: check actual IAS, TAS versus predetermined values.	►ANNOUNCE "CRUISE PROCEDURE"
42 not PEC	►ANNOUNCE "CRUISE PROCEDURE COMPLETE"	
72 not PEC 42 PEC 72 PEC	POWER MANAGEMENT	►ANNOUNCE "CRUISE PROCEDURE"
DURING CRUISE	▶DO FILL THE FLIGHT LOG	<ul> <li>▶DO (as soon as possible)</li> <li>COMPUTE TOP OF DESCENT (TOD)</li> <li>COMPUTE ESTIMATED TIME OF ARRIVAL</li> <li>COMPUTE FUEL REMAINING AND HOLDING TIME</li> <li>COMPUTE EXPECTED LANDING WEIGHT</li> </ul>



# STANDARD OPERATING PROCEDURES

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#### **CRUISE PARAMETERS**

• PNF reads SAT by depressing the SAT PB and determines the ISA deviation.

### Example:

Assuming that the aircraft is cruising at FL200, what is the ISA deviation?

In standard ISA conditions, temperature at sea level is 15°C and decreases by 2°C each 1000ft.

FL200 standard temperature = 15°C -20x2°C = -25°C

In the case described below, the aircraft is flying in ISA conditions.

• Take the FCOM or QRH page in compliance with the cruise weight.

Example:

Assuming that your cruise weight is 20T, what are your cruise parameters in 72-500?

***	CRUISE 3.05.02			5.02		
					8	500
<b>/JR72</b>		MAY C	nuer.		_	OCTOR
EC.O.M.	MAX CRUISE OCT 08					
		CRU	SE 2 ENGINE	s		
20 T						
					MINI	AUM TIME
FLIGHT LEVEL	-10	T 0	DELTA ISA +10	+15	_	+20
-	94.4	94.5	88.1	85.1	+	78.6
	406	471	450	433		416
60	252	250	241	235		229
00	267	279	265	261	-	256
	94.5	94.5	84.4	79.9		75.4
	459 250	464 248	429 235	412 229		296 223
80	273	275	266	262		257
	94.5	90 4	81.0	76.5	$\neg$	257 72.3
	453	441	409	392		377
100	247	241	229	222	- 1	216
100	278 93.8	27 86.3	267	762 73.9	-	257 69.8
	446	419	390	376	- 1	361
120	244	23	223	217		211
120	283	277 83.0	76.7	263 71.7		67.7
	89.6	83.0		21.7	-	67.7
	428	40	374	361	- 1	347
140	287	220	217	211	- 1	205 260
	85.0	79 E	270 72.6	265 59.3	+	65.5
	407	38	367	345	- 1	332
160	230	22	211	206		199
100	-261	74 6	270	296	-	261
	79.7	74.6	68.7 337	85.5 325		62.3 314
400	221	2	203	198	- 1	192
180	281	276	269	264		259
	74.0	69.4	64.4	61.6	$\neg$	58.7
	357	336	316	305	- 1	296
200	212 278	204 273	194	109		183 255
$\rightarrow$	68.4	643	266	261 57.5	-	543
	331	313	294	285		276
220	202	194	185	179		172
220	274	268	261	258	$\rightarrow$	249
	63.0 306	59-3 209	56.3 272	53.2 265		50.9 256
240	191	163	172	166		159
240	268	262	252	246		238
	60.4	56.7	52.9	50.9	$\neg$	48.7
	294	277	261	254		246
250	186 265	176	165 246	158 238		149 227
TQ % NF-	62 %			- 688	_	er.
KONVEND IAS						
TAS						

For NP 82% and 20T TQ = 69.4% FF = 336 kg/H/eng IAS = 204 kt TAS = 273 kt

#### **FLIGHT FUEL MANAGEMENT**

- 1) Fuel used versus distance (in Kg/Nm) = FF / GS
- 2) FU to DEST (in Kg) = actual FU + (dist. to go x Fuel used versus distance) = X
- 3) Remaining Fuel at Destination (in Kg) =  $FOB^* X = RF$
- 4) Holding quantity (in Kg) = RF (alternate fuel + final reserve) = HF
- 5) Estimated maxi-holding time (in min) =

HF / 8 for 42-300 (i.e. 480 kg/h fuel consumption\*\*) HF / 10 for all other ATR type (i.e. 600kg/h\*\*)

\* FOB: Fuel On Board before engine start

<sup>\*\*</sup> please refer to FCOM for exact value.



# STANDARD OPERATING PROCEDURES

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## 3.15. Before descent

Flight events	PNF	PF
LANDING DATA AVAILABLE (APPROX. 10 MIN BEFORE TOD)	DO LANDING AIRPORT DATA OBTAINED  DO LANDING DATA CARD	▶DO LANDING DATA CARD
BEFORE DESCENT (APPROX. 5 MIN BEFORE TOD)		ARRIVAL BRIEFINGPERFORMED CCASCLEAR Refer to 01.03 p 38, arrival briefing.
ARRIVAL BRIEFING COMPLETE (AFTER TOD)	► ANNOUNCE AND READ  "DESCENT CHECKLIST"  Refer to QRH 6.01  ► ANNOUNCE  "CHECKLIST COMPLETE"	▶REQUEST AND ANSWER "DESCENT CHECKLIST"



# STANDARD OPERATING PROCEDURES

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#### **LANDING DATA CARD**

- Filled by PNF and analyzed by PF.
- The landing data card information helps the crew to prepare arrival.
- Crew must process information. Please refer to 01.03 p34, data card proceeding.

Example: Landing data card

Vapp computation
RWY HDG is 230°
- Wind reported 270° / 18kt - So head wind component is 12kt
Vapp=VmHB 30 + Wind factor *
* Wind factor is the highest value between:  1/3 of reported Head Wind  or
The Gust in full
Wind factor maxi 15 kt
Vapp=95+1/3(12)= <b>99</b>

	Vga computation
Is the h	nighest value between:
or	1.1 Vmca
	Vapp no wind + 5kt

Vapp computation
RWY HDG is 090°
- Wind reported 090° / 20kt gusting 30kt - So head wind component is 20 kt gusting 30kt
Vapp=VmHB 30 + Wind factor *
* Wind factor is the highest value between:
1/3 of reported Head Wind -> here 20/3 -> 7kt
or
The Gust in full -> here 30-20 -> 10kt
Wind factor maxi 15 kt
Vapp=95+10= <b>105kts</b>

AR	OPS DATA	4.3	7
42		APR 04	001

14 t			
	Speeds	Normal	lcing
NON LIMITING RWY TAKE-OFF FLAPS 15	V1 = VR V2	92 99	100 107
FINAL TAKE OFF		119 (Flaps 0)	118 (Flaps 15)
DRIFT DOWN	VmLB	119	118 (Flaps 15)
MINI EN ROUTE			138 (Flaps 0)
FINAL APPROACH	VmHB (Flaps 30)	95	112

Normal conditions

Icing conditions ——

For speed bugs setting please refer to 01.03 p. 20, **Speed bugs**.



### STANDARD OPERATING **PROCEDURES**

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## 3.16. FL 100 during descent

Flight events	PNF	PF
CROSSING FL 100 DESCENDING	PRESSURIZATION	►ORDER  "FL 100"  No Checklist for FL 100

# 3.17. Approach

Flight events	PNF	PF
WHEN CLEARED TO AN ALTITUDE OR PASSING TRANSITION LEVEL	► DO AND ANNOUNCE  "XXXX SET"  (Check also the standby altimeter setting)  ► ANNOUNCE  "CHECK"  OR  "PLUS OR MINUS XXXX"  if deviation > 50 Ft check altimeter setting if deviation < 50 Ft altimeter setting is correct.	►ORDER AND DO  "SET QNH"  ►ANNOUNCE  "PASSING XXXX FT, NOW!"
PROCEDURE COMPLETE	► ANNOUNCE & READ  "APPROACH CHECKLIST"  Refer to QRH 6.01  ► ANNOUNCE  "CHECKLIST COMPLETE"	►REQUEST AND ANSWER "APPROACH CHECKLIST"

# 3.18. Before landing

### Stabilization policy

- STABILIZED means: Aircraft configurated for Landing
  - Flight Path and Speed appropriate
  - Checklist before Landing complete



FLIGHT EVENT	FLIGHT EVENT	PNF ANNOUNCES	PF ACTIONS	NOTES
1000 FT AGL IMC	STABILIZED	"XXXX FT, STABILIZED"	ORDER: "WE CONTINUE"	
1000 FT AGE IMC	NON STABILIZED	"XXXX FT, NON STABILIZED"	ORDER: "GO-AROUND"	"XXXX FT": ANNOUNCED ALTITUDE WILL BE Zx + 1000 FT OR Zx + 500 FT OR Zx + 300 FT
500 FT AGL VMC*	STABILIZED	"XXXX FT, STABILIZED"	ORDER: "WE CONTINUE""	
	NON STABILIZED	"XXXX FT, NON STABILIZED"	ORDER: "GO-AROUND"	
300 FT AGL CIRCLE	STABILIZED	"XXXX FT, STABILIZED"	ORDER: "WE CONTINUE""	ACCORDING TO WEATHER CONDITIONS
VISUAL PATTERN	NON STABILIZED	"XXXX FT, NON STABILIZED"	ORDER: "GO-AROUND"	



# STANDARD OPERATING PROCEDURES

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## 3.18.1. ILS precision approach (1/2)

Flight events	PNF	PF
CLEARED FOR APPROACH	►ANNOUNCE "CHECK"	APP MODE ENGAGED  ANNOUNCE  "APPROACH MODE SET LOC WHITE, GS WHITE"
VOR ALIVE	► ANNOUNCE "VOR ALIVE"	
LOC STAR (RWY AXIS IS CONFIRMED WHEN VOR IS CENTERED AND / OR RMI NEEDLE ON FINAL CRS)	► ANNOUNCE  "CHECK"  "RWY AXIS CONFIRMED"  DO AND ANNOUNCE  "RUNWAY HEADING SET, DUAL ILS SET"	► ANNOUNCE  "LOC STAR"  ► ORDER  "SET RUNWAY HEADING, DUAL ILS"
G/S ALIVE	► ANNOUNCE  "GLIDE SLOPE ALIVE"  ► ANNOUNCE  "SPEED CHECK"  ► DO  FLAPS 15	▶order "FLAPS 15"
WHEN FLAPS 15 ON FLAPS INDICATOR	► ANNOUNCE  "FLAPS 15"  ► DO AND ANNOUNCE  "SET"	►ORDER AND DO  "SPEED BUG WHITE BUG + 10"
G/S 1 DOT	► ANNOUNCE  "ONE DOT"  ► ANNOUNCE  "SPEED CHECK"  ► DO  LANDING GEAR LEVEL	▶ORDER "GEAR DOWN"
WHEN 3 GREEN LIGHTS	►ANNOUNCE "LDG GEAR DOWN"	
G/S 1/2 DOT  42 not PEC  72 not PEC  72 PEC	► ANNOUNCE  "HALF DOT"  ► ANNOUNCE  "SPEED CHECK"  ► DO  FLAPS 30	►ORDER "FLAPS 30"
WHEN FLAPS 30 ON FLAPS INDICATOR 42 not PEC 72 not PEC 72 PEC	► ANNOUNCE  "FLAPS 30"  ► DO AND ANNOUNCE  "SET"	►ORDER AND DO  "SPEED BUG V APPROACH"



# STANDARD OPERATING PROCEDURES

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## 3.18.1. ILS precision approach (1/2)

Flight events	PNF	PF
CLEARED FOR APPROACH		APP MODE ENGAGED
	►ANNOUNCE "CHECK"	ANNOUNCE "APPROACH MODE SET LOC WHITE, GS WHITE"
VOR ALIVE	►ANNOUNCE "VOR ALIVE"	
LOC STAR (RWY AXIS IS CONFIRMED WHEN VOR IS CENTERED AND / OR RMI NEEDLE ON FINAL CRS)	►ANNOUNCE  "CHECK"  "RWY AXIS CONFIRMED"  ► DO AND ANNOUNCE  "RUNWAY HEADING SET, DUAL ILS SET"	► ANNOUNCE  "LOC STAR"  FORDER  "SET RUNWAY HEADING, DUAL ILS"
G/S ALIVE	► ANNOUNCE  "GLIDE SLOPE ALIVE"  ► ANNOUNCE  "SPEED CHECK"  ► DO  FLAPS 15 SELECTED	▶order "FLAPS 15"
WHEN FLAPS 15 ON FLAPS INDICATOR	►ANNOUNCE  "FLAPS 15"  ►DO AND ANNOUNCE  "SET"	►ORDER AND DO  "SPEED BUG WHITE BUG + 10"
G/S 1 DOT	► ANNOUNCE  "ONE DOT"  ► ANNOUNCE  "SPEED CHECK"  ► DO  LANDING GEAR LEVEL	▶ORDER "GEAR DOWN"
WHEN 3 GREEN LIGHTS  WHEN FLAPS 25 ON	► ANNOUNCE  "LDG GEAR DOWN"  ► ANNOUNCE  "SPEED CHECK"  ► DO  FLAPS 25 SELECTED  ► ANNOUNCE	▶ORDER "FLAPS 25"
G/S 1/2 DOT	"FLAPS 25"  ANNOUNCE "HALF DOT"  ANNOUNCE "SPEED CHECK"  DO FLAPS 35	ORDER "FLAPS 35"
WHEN FLAPS 35 ON FLAPS INDICATOR	► ANNOUNCE  "FLAPS 35"  ► DO AND ANNOUNCE  "SET"	▶ORDER AND DO  "SPEED BUG V APPROACH"



# STANDARD OPERATING PROCEDURES

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## 3.18.1. ILS precision approach (2/2)

	precision approach (2/2)	
Flight events	PNF	PF
G/S STAR  72 PEC  42 PEC	►DO AND ANNOUNCE "CHECK"  ►DO AND ANNOUNCE ADU	► ANNOUNCE AND ORDER  "GLIDE STAR,  ■ ORDER  SET GO-AROUND ALTITUDE"
	"XXXX FT SET"  ANNOUNCE "TOP OF DESCENT XX DME, CHECK"	►ANNOUNCE "CHECK"
G/S STAR  42 not PEC  72 not PEC	▶DO AND ANNOUNCE "CHECK"	►ANNOUNCE AND ORDER "GLIDE STAR,  ►ANNOUNCE MAX RPM, SET GO-AROUND ALTITUDE"
	DO AND ANNOUNCE  CL'S	►ANNOUNCE "CHECK"
WHEN AIRCRAFT STABILIZED	► ANNOUNCE AND READ  "BEFORE LANDING CHECKLIST"  Refer to QRH 6.01  ► ANNOUNCE  "CHECKLIST COMPLETE"	► REQUEST AND ANSWER  "BEFORE LANDING CHECKLIST"
WHEN C/L COMPLETE	►DO AND ANNOUNCE "HEADING BUG CENTERED"	ANNOUNCE "CENTER HEADING BUG" Apply drift to maintain final track.
1000 FT AGL IMC	►ANNOUNCE "XXXX FT, STABILIZED"	▶ORDER "WE CONTINUE"
1000 FT AGL IMC	NANNOUNCE "XXXX FT, NON STABILIZED"	▶ORDER "GO-AROUND"
REACHING DA + 500 FT	►ANNOUNCE "FIVE HUNDRED ABOVE"	
REACHING DA + 100 FT	►ANNOUNCE "ONE HUNDRED ABOVE"	
REACHING DA	►ANNOUNCE "MINIMUM"	►ANNOUNCE "LAND" OR "GO-AROUND"



# STANDARD OPERATING PROCEDURES

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#### **Deviations and limits**

### Height

General ± 100 Ft

Beginning of go-around + 50 Ft

At decision height 0 Ft

**Tracking** 

On radial  $\pm 5^{\circ}$ 

Precision approach half deviation of LOC and GS, according to altitude

**Speed** 

Both engines + 5 Kt / - 0 Kt

One engine + 10 Kt / - 0 Kt

### Aircraft handling when performing a precision approach manually

LOCALIZER Corrections must be done inside the heading bug.

GLIDE SLOPE Pitch variations should not exceed  $\pm 2^{\circ}$ .

Note: PNF calls for any deviation:

- "SPEED" if +10/-0 Kt deviation exceeded.
- "GLIDE SLOPE" if ½ dot deviation exceeded.
- "LOCALIZER" if 1/2 dot deviation exceeded.

PF answer is:

• "CORRECTION" (and performs correction)



# STANDARD OPERATING PROCEDURES

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## 3.18.2. Non precision approach (1/2)

Flight events	PNF	PF
CLEARED FOR APPROACH	▶DO AND ANNOUNCE "SET"	►ORDER AND DO  "SPEED BUG 160 KT"
4 NM BEFORE DESCENT POINT OR 2 MINUTES FROM DESCENT POINT (IF NO DME AVAILABLE)	►ANNOUNCE  "SPEED CHECK"  ►DO  FLAPS 15 SELECTED	▶ORDER "FLAPS 15"
WHEN FLAPS 15 ON FLAPS INDICATOR	► ANNOUNCE  "FLAPS 15"  ► DO AND ANNOUNCE  "SET"  ► ANNOUNCE  "SPEED CHECK"  ► DO  LANDING GEAR LEVEL	► ORDER AND DO  "SPEED BUG WHITE BUG + 10"  ► ORDER  "GEAR DOWN"
VHEN 3 GREEN LIGHTS ON AT LEAST ONE LDG GEAR INDICATOR	► ANNOUNCE  "LDG GEAR DOWN"  ► ANNOUNCE  "SPEED CHECK"  ► DO  FLAPS 30	▶ORDER "FLAPS 30"
WHEN FLAPS 30 ON FLAPS INDICATOR	► ANNOUNCE  "FLAPS 30"  ► DO AND ANNOUNCE  "SET"  ► DO AND ANNOUNCE  "MAX RPM,GO-AROUND ALTITUDE SET"  * Go-around altitude setting: Set only if present altitude below GA altitude. If not set present altitude + 300 ft to avoid ALT* Set GA altitude when passing GA alt -300 ft	►ORDER AND DO  "SPEED BUG V APPROACH"  ►ORDER  "MAX RPM, SET GO-AROUND ALTITUDE"
	► ANNOUNCE  "CHECK"  ► ANNOUNCE AND READ  "BEFORE LANDING CHECKLIST"  Refer to QRH 6.01	► DO AND ANNOUNCE  "VS 0 FT/MIN SET"  ► REQUEST  "BEFORE LANDING CHECKLIST"



# STANDARD OPERATING PROCEDURES

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## 3.18.2. Non precision approach (1/2)

Flight events	PNF	PF
CLEARED FOR APPROACH	▶DO AND ANNOUNCE "SET"	►ORDER AND DO "SPEED BUG 160 KT"
4 NM BEFORE DESCENT POINT OR 2 MINUTES FROM DESCENT POINT (IF NO DME AVAILABLE)	►ANNOUNCE  "SPEED CHECK"  ►DO  FLAPS 15 SELECTED	▶ORDER "FLAPS 15"
WHEN FLAPS 15 ON FLAPS INDICATOR	►ANNOUNCE  "FLAPS 15"  ►DO AND ANNOUNCE  "SET"  ►ANNOUNCE  "SPEED CHECK"  ►DO  LANDING GEAR LEVEL	►ORDER AND DO  "SPEED BUG WHITE BUG + 10"  ►ORDER  "GEAR DOWN"
WHEN 3 GREEN LIGHTS ON AT LEAST ONE LDG GEAR INDICATOR	TAXI & T/O LIGHTS ON  NOTE  **LDG GEAR DOWN**  ANNOUNCE  **SPEED CHECK**  DO  FLAPS 25 SELECTED	▶ORDER "FLAPS 25"
WHEN FLAPS 25 ON FLAPS INDICATOR	►ANNOUNCE  "FLAPS 25"  ►ANNOUNCE  "SPEED CHECK"  ►DO  FLAPS 35	▶ORDER "FLAPS 35"
WHEN FLAPS 35 ON FLAPS INDICATOR	➤ ANNOUNCE  "FLAPS 35"  ➤ DO AND ANNOUNCE  "SET"  ➤ DO AND ANNOUNCE  "GO-AROUND ALTITUDE SET"  * GO-around altitude setting: Set only if present altitude below GA altitude. If not set present altitude + 300 ft to avoid ALT* Set GA altitude when passing GA alt -300 ft  ➤ DO AND ANNOUNCE  "CHECK"  ➤ ANNOUNCE AND READ  "BEFORE LANDING CHECKLIST"  Refer to QRH 6.01  ➤ ANNOUNCE  "CHECKLIST COMPLETE"	►ORDER AND DO  "SPEED BUG V APPROACH"  ►ORDER  "SET GO-AROUND ALTITUDE"  FOR EACH SET SO FT/MIN SET  FREQUEST  "BEFORE LANDING CHECKLIST"



# STANDARD OPERATING PROCEDURES

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## 3.18.2. Non precision approach (1/2)

Flight events	PNF	PF
CLEARED FOR APPROACH	▶DO AND ANNOUNCE "SET"	▶ORDER AND DO  "SPEED BUG 160 KT"
4 NM BEFORE DESCENT POINT OR 2 MINUTES FROM DESCENT POINT (IF NO DME AVAILABLE)	► ANNOUNCE  "SPEED CHECK"  ► DO  FLAPS 15	▶order "FLAPS 15"
WHEN FLAPS 15 ON FLAPS INDICATOR	► ANNOUNCE  "FLAPS 15"  ► DO AND ANNOUNCE  "SET"	►ORDER AND DO  "SPEED BUG WHITE BUG + 10"
	➤ ANNOUNCE  "SPEED CHECK"  ➤ DO  LANDING GEAR LEVEL: DOWN PWR MGT T/O TAXI & T/O LIGHTS ON	►ORDER "GEAR DOWN"
WHEN 3 GREEN LIGHTS ON AT LEAST ONE LDG GEAR INDICATOR AND TLU GREEN LT ILLUMINATED	► ANNOUNCE  "LDG GEAR DOWN"  ► ANNOUNCE  "SPEED CHECK"  ► DO  FLAPS 30	▶ORDER "FLAPS 30"
WHEN FLAPS 30 ON FLAPS INDICATOR	► ANNOUNCE  "FLAPS 30"  ► DO AND ANNOUNCE  "SET"  ► DO AND ANNOUNCE  ADU	►ORDER  "SPEED BUG V APPROACH"  ►ORDER  "SET GO-AROUND ALTITUDE"  FOR SET WAS SET WITH SET W



# STANDARD OPERATING PROCEDURES

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### 3.18.2. Non precision approach (2/2)

Flight events	PNF	PF
0.3 NM BEFORE THE DESCENT POINT	▶DO AND ANNOUNCE "VS - XXX FT/MIN SET"	▶ORDER "SET VS - XXX FT/MIN"
		►ANNOUNCE "CHECK"
STARTING DESCENT (REFER TO NOTE 1)	►DO TIMING START FLIGHT PATH MONITORED	TIMINGSTART TQREDUCE TO 25% FLIGHT PATHMONITORED
WHEN ON FINAL	▶DO AND ANNOUNCE "HEADING BUG CENTERED"	► ANNOUNCE  "CENTER HEADING BUG"  Apply drift to maintain final track.
1000 FT AGL IMC	►ANNOUNCE "XXXX FT, STABILIZED"	▶ORDER "WE CONTINUE"
1000 FT AGL IMC	►ANNOUNCE "XXXX FT, NON STABILIZED"	▶ORDER "GO-AROUND"
REACHING MDA + 500 FT	►ANNOUNCE  "FIVE HUNDRED ABOVE"	
REACHING MDA + 100 FT	►ANNOUNCE "ONE HUNDRED ABOVE"	
MDA	►ANNOUNCE "MINIMUM"	NANNOUNCE  "LAND"  OR  "GO-AROUND"

- Note 1: PNF announces altitude versus distance, and altitude deviation above or below the desired one.
  - PF corrects by adjusting VS.
- Note 2: When runway in sight, PF announces "LAND". No more minima announcement done by PNF.
- Note 3: Go-around may be initiated before MAPT, according to company policy.



# STANDARD OPERATING PROCEDURES

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#### 3.19. Circle to land

- For circle to land based on a precision approach, please refer to 02.03 p. 49, **ILS precision** approach, for initial configuration.
- For circle to land based on a non-precision approach, *please refer to 02.03 p. 52*, **Non precision approach**, for initial configuration.
- Then, the following amendments must be taken into account:
  - Flaps remain at 15, until final descent initiated.
  - Speed will be White Bug + 10 minimum, during all approach, until Flaps 30/35 extended.
  - Before landing C/L has to be performed during descent, before reaching MDA of the circle to land procedure.
  - Reaching MDA, PF orders /or executes:
    - set ALT, adjust PLs around 40%
    - set HDG MODE HI, select heading bug  $\pm$  45°, start timing.
  - Established on final, when PF orders "FLAPS 30/35", PNF executes and announces
  - "FLAPS 30, MAX RPM, BEFORE LANDING C/L COMPLETE". (42 not PEC / 72 not PEC)
  - "FLAPS 30/35, BEFORE LANDING C/L COMPLETE". (72 PEC / 42 PEC)

For landing phase, please refer to 02.03 p. 58, Landing.



# STANDARD OPERATING PROCEDURES

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# 3.19. Circle to land (Cont'd)

Flight events	PNF	PF
REACHING MDA	►ANNOUNCE "CHECK"	►DO ALT MODESELECTED  ►ANNOUNCE  "ALT SET, ALT GREEN"
AT LEVEL OFF	►DO TIMINGSTART	PLs
30 SEC OUTBOUND	"CHECK"  ►ANNOUNCE  "CHECK"	►DO AND ANNOUNCE HEADING BUG ON DOWNWIND "HDG BUG XXX SET"
DOWN WIND - ABEAM THRESHOLD	►DO TIMINGSTART	►DO TIMINGSTART ►ANNOUNCE "START TIMING"
REACHING OUTBOUND TIME	►ANNOUNCE "CHECK"	►DO HEADING BUG ON BASE LEG  ►ANNOUNCE " HDG BUG XXX SET"
END OF BASE LEG	►ANNOUNCE "CHECK"	►DO HEADING BUGON FINAL  ►ANNOUNCE " HDG BUG XXX SET"
ON FINAL	► ANNOUNCE  "SPEED CHECK"  ► DO  FLAPS 30	▶ORDER "FLAPS 30, MAX RPM"
300 FT AGL	►ANNOUNCE "XXXX FT, STABILIZED"	▶ORDER "WE CONTINUE"
300 FT AGL	►ANNOUNCE "XXXX FT, NON STABILIZED"	▶ORDER "GO-AROUND"



# STANDARD OPERATING PROCEDURES

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# 3.19. Circle to land (Cont'd)

Flight events	PNF	PF
REACHING MDA	►ANNOUNCE "CHECK"	►DO ALT MODESELECTED  ►ANNOUNCE "ALT SET, ALT GREEN"
AT LEVEL OFF	►DO TIMING	PLs around 40% HEADING MODE SELECTED HEADING BUG ± 45° SELECTED TIMING START  ANNOUNCE "HDG MODE SET, HEADING XXX SET, START TIMING"
30 SEC OUTBOUND	►ANNOUNCE "CHECK"	► DO AND ANNOUNCE  HEADING BUG ON DOWNWIND  "HDG BUG XXX SET"
DOWN WIND - ABEAM THRESHOLD	►DO  TIMING START FLAPS 25 SELECTED  ►DO AND ANNOUNCE "FLAPS 25"	► ANNOUNCE "FLAPS 25, START TIMING"  ► DO TIMINGSTART
REACHING OUTBOUND TIME	►ANNOUNCE "CHECK"	►DO HEADING BUG ON BASE LEG ►ANNOUNCE " HDG BUG XXX SET"
END OF BASE LEG	►ANNOUNCE "CHECK"	►DO HEADING BUGON FINAL  ►ANNOUNCE " HDG BUG XXX SET"
ON FINAL	► ANNOUNCE  "SPEED CHECK"  ► DO  FLAPS 35SELECTED  ► ANNOUNCE  "FLAPS 35, BEFORE LANDING C/L COMPLETE"	▶ORDER "FLAPS 35"
300 FT AGL	►ANNOUNCE "XXXX FT, STABILIZED"	▶ORDER "WE CONTINUE"
300 FT AGL	►ANNOUNCE "XXXX FT, NON STABILIZED"	▶ORDER "GO-AROUND"



# STANDARD OPERATING PROCEDURES

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# 3.19. Circle to land (Cont'd)

Flight events	PNF	PF
REACHING MDA		ALT MODESELECTED
	►ANNOUNCE "CHECK"	►ANNOUNCE "ALT SET, ALT GREEN"
AT LEVEL OFF	►DO TIMINGSTART	PLs around 40% HEADING MODE SELECTED HEADING BUG ± 45° SELECTED
	►ANNOUNCE "CHECK"	"HDG MODE SET, HEADING XXX SET, START TIMING"
30 SEC OUTBOUND	►ANNOUNCE "CHECK"	► DO AND ANNOUNCE  HEADING BUG
DOWN WIND - ABEAM THRESHOLD	►DO TIMINGSTART	TIMINGSTART
		►ANNOUNCE "START TIMING"
REACHING OUTBOUND TIME		►DO HEADING BUG ON BASE LEG
	►ANNOUNCE "CHECK"	►ANNOUNCE " HDG BUG XXX SET"
END OF BASE LEG		►DO HEADING BUGON FINAL
	►ANNOUNCE "CHECK"	►ANNOUNCE " HDG BUG XXX SET"
ON FINAL	► ANNOUNCE  "SPEED CHECK"  ► DO  FLAPS 30	▶ORDER "FLAPS 30"
300 FT AGL	►ANNOUNCE "XXXX FT, STABILIZED"	▶ORDER "WE CONTINUE"
300 FT AGL	NANNOUNCE "XXXX FT, NON STABILIZED"	▶order "GO-AROUND"



# STANDARD OPERATING PROCEDURES

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### 3.20. Visual flight patterns (1/2)

From take-off to 1500 ft AAL, please refer to 02.03 p. 39, Take-off and further.

In this example, the PF flies manually by following FD bars (autopilot OFF).

Flight events	PNF	PF
REACHING 1500 FT AAL	►ANNOUNCE  "CHECK"  ►ANNOUNCE  "CHECK"	► ANNOUNCE  "ALT STAR"  ► ANNOUNCE  "ALT GREEN"  ► DO  TQs
WHEN READY TO TURN	DO AND ANNOUNCE "DOWNWIND HEADING SET"	➤ORDER  "SET DOWNWIND HEADING"  PF has to take into account the crosswind component to apply a correct drift.  ➤ANNOUNCE  "CHECK"
DOWNWIND	► ANNOUNCE  "SPEED CHECK"  ► DO  FLAPS 15	►ORDER  "FLAPS 15"  FLAPS 15"  FORDER  "SPEED BUG WHITE BUG +10"
WHEN FLAPS SET TO 15°	► ANNOUNCE  "SPEED CHECK"  ► DO  LANDING GEAR LEVER DOWN  ► ANNOUNCE  "GEAR DOWN"	▶ORDER "GEAR DOWN"
ABEAM THRESHOLD	▶DO TIMINGSTART	TIMING START  Outbound time = $(H/20) \pm 1''/\pm 1$ kt of head/tailwind
REACHING OUTBOUND TIME	►DO, ANNOUNCE 'RUNWAY HEADING SET, VS - 700 SET"	►ORDER "SET RUNWAY HEADING, VS - 700"  ►ANNOUNCE "CHECK"
RUNWAY IN SIGHT		►ORDER "FLIGHT DIRECTOR STANDBY"
ON FINAL	►ANNOUNCE  "SPEED CHECK"  ►DO  FLAPS 30 SELECTED  CLs MAX RPM	▶ORDER "FLAPS 30, MAX RPM"



# STANDARD OPERATING PROCEDURES

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### 3.20. Visual flight patterns (1/2)

From take-off to 1500 ft AAL, *please refer to 02.03 p. 39, Take-off and further.*In this example, the PF flies manually by following FD bars (autopilot OFF).

Flight events	PNF	PF
REACHING 1500 FT AAL	NANNOUNCE "CHECK"	NANNOUNCE "ALT STAR"
	►ANNOUNCE "CHECK"	►ANNOUNCE  "ALT GREEN"  ►DO  TQs
WHEN READY TO TURN	►DO AND ANNOUNCE "DOWNWIND HEADING SET"	► ORDER  "SET DOWNWIND HEADING"  PF has to take into account the crosswind component to apply a correct drift.  ► ANNOUNCE  "CHECK"
DOWNWIND	► ANNOUNCE  "SPEED CHECK"  ► DO  FLAPS 15	►ORDER  "FLAPS 15"  FLAPS 15"  FORDER  "SPEED BUG WHITE BUG +10"
ABEAM TOWER	► ANNOUNCE  "SPEED CHECK"  ► DO  LANDING GEAR LEVER DOWN  ► ANNOUNCE  "GEAR DOWN"  ► ANNOUNCE  "SPEED CHECK"  ► DO  FLAPS 25 SELECTED  ► ANNOUNCE  "FLAPS 25"	►ORDER  "GEAR DOWN"  FLAPS 25"
ABEAM THRESHOLD	▶DO TIMINGSTART	TIMING START  Outbound time = $(H / 20) \pm 1$ " / $\pm 1$ kt of head/tailwind.
REACHING OUTBOUND TIME	►DO, ANNOUNCE 'RUNWAY HEADING SET, VS - 700 SET"	►ORDER "SET RUNWAY HEADING, VS - 700"  ►ANNOUNCE "CHECK"
RUNWAY IN SIGHT		►ORDER "FLIGHT DIRECTOR STANDBY"
ON FINAL	► ANNOUNCE  "SPEED CHECK"  ► DO  FLAPS 35SELECTED	▶ORDER "FLAPS 35"



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## 3.20. Visual flight patterns (1/2)

From take-off to 1500 ft AAL, *please refer to 02.03 p. 39, Take-off and further.*In this example, the PF flies manually by following FD bars (autopilot OFF).

Flight events	PNF	PF
REACHING 1500 FT	►ANNOUNCE  "CHECK"  ►ANNOUNCE  "CHECK"	► ANNOUNCE  "ALT STAR"  ► ANNOUNCE  "ALT GREEN"  ► DO  TQs
WHEN READY TO TURN	►DO AND ANNOUNCE "DOWNWIND HEADING SET"	►ORDER  "SET DOWNWIND HEADING"  PF has to take into account the crosswind component to apply a correct drift.  ►ANNOUNCE  "CHECK"
DOWNWIND	► ANNOUNCE  "SPEED CHECK"  ► DO  FLAPS 15	►ORDER  "FLAPS 15"  FLAPS 15"  FORDER  "SPEED BUG WHITE BUG +10"
ABEAM TOWER	► ANNOUNCE  "SPEED CHECK"  ► DO  LANDING GEAR LEVER DOWN  ► ANNOUNCE  "GEAR DOWN"	▶ORDER "GEAR DOWN"
ABEAM THRESHOLD	▶DO TIMINGSTART	TIMINGSTART  Outbound time=(H / 20) ±1" / ±1 kt of head/tailwind.
REACHING OUTBOUND TIME	►DO, ANNOUNCE 'RUNWAY HEADING SET, VS - 700 SET"	►ORDER "SET RUNWAY HEADING, VS - 700"  ►ANNOUNCE "CHECK"
RUNWAY IN SIGHT		►ORDER "FLIGHT DIRECTOR STANDBY"
ON FINAL	► ANNOUNCE  "SPEED CHECK"  ► DO  FLAPS 30SELECTED	▶ORDER "FLAPS 30"



# STANDARD OPERATING PROCEDURES

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### 3.20. Visual flight patterns (2/2)

	J. Visual Inglic paccellis (E.	,
Flight events	PNF	PF
WHEN FLAPS AT 30 ON FLAPS INDICATOR  42 not PEC  72 not PEC	► ANNOUNCE  "FLAPS 30, MAX RPM"  ► DO AND ANNOUNCE  "SET"  ► ANNOUNCE AND READ  "BEFORE LANDING CHECKLIST"  Refer to QRH 6.01  ► ANNOUNCE  "CHECKLIST COMPLETE"	►ORDER  "SPEED BUG VAPP"  ► REQUEST AND ANSWER  "BEFORE LANDING CHECKLIST"
Flight events	PNF	PF
WHEN FLAPS AT 35 ON FLAPS INDICATOR  42 PEC	► ANNOUNCE  "FLAPS 35"  ► DO AND ANNOUNCE  "SET"	▶ORDER "SPEED BUG VAPP"
	► ANNOUNCE AND READ "BEFORE LANDING CHECKLIST"  Refer to QRH 6.01	► REQUEST AND ANSWER "BEFORE LANDING CHECKLIST"
	►ANNOUNCE "CHECKLIST COMPLETE"	
Flight events	PNF	PF
WHEN FLAPS AT 30 ON FLAPS INDICATOR 72 PEC	► ANNOUNCE  "FLAPS 30"  ► DO AND ANNOUNCE  "SET"  ► ANNOUNCE AND READ  "BEFORE LANDING CHECKLIST"  Refer to QRH 6.01  ► ANNOUNCE  "CHECKLIST COMPLETE"	►ORDER  "SPEED BUG VAPP"  ►REQUEST AND ANSWER  "BEFORE LANDING CHECKLIST"
Flight events	PNF	PF
300 FT AGL	►ANNOUNCE "XXXX FT, STABILIZED"	▶ORDER "WE CONTINUE"
300 FT AGL	►ANNOUNCE "XXXX FT, NON STABILIZED"	▶ORDER "GO-AROUND"

Note: Flaps 15 have to be kept after T/O when performing a visual pattern **below 1500 feet AAL.** 



## STANDARD OPERATING PROCEDURES

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### **3.21.** Landing

Flight events	PNF	PF
WHEN PF DISCONNECTS AP (PRESS TWICE TO CANCEL CAVALRY CHARGE) Up to 160 ft (CAT I) and 80ft (CAT II)		►ANNOUNCE "AUTOPILOT OFF"
RA INFORMATION	**************************************	<b>▶DO</b> PLFI
ON RUNWAY (BOTH LOW PITCH LIGHTS ILLUMINATED)	►CHECK AND ANNOUNCE "2 LOW PITCH"	PL GI PL REVERSE AS RQD
REACHING 70 KT	►ANNOUNCE "70 Kt "	

Note: Use reverse to full stop only if necessary, according to the local noise abatement regulation (please refer to 04.02 p. 1, **Noise abatement procedures**.). It is recommended to return to GI position at 40 kt to avoid flight control shaking.

#### Reverse policy

ENGINES	LO PITCH LIGHTS	PNF ANNOUNCES	PF ACTION ON REVERSE
2 ENGINES	TWO ILLUMINATED	"TWO LOW PITCH"	NORMAL USE
ONLY ONE ILLUMINATED	"NO REVERSE"	NO USE, MAXI YAW EFFECT	
1 ENGINE	ONE ILLUMINATED	"ONE LOW PITCH"	USE WITH CARE, YAW EFFECT

Flight events	CM1	CM2
WHEN PNF CALLS 70 KT	►ANNOUNCE "I HAVE CONTROL"	
FLIGHT CONTROL TRANSFER	STEERING CONTROL HOLD NORMAL BRAKES APPLIED	CONTROL WHEELHOLD INTO THE WIND



# STANDARD OPERATING PROCEDURES

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### 3.22. Go-around

Flight events	PNF	PF
MINIMUM	►ANNOUNCE "MINIMUM"	
DA OR MDA (RUNWAY OR RAMP NOT IN SIGHT) OR OTHER EVENTS UNEXPECTED 42 not PEC WHEN FLAPS AT 15 ON THE FLAPS INDICATOR	DO TQsCHECK / ADJUST GA FLAPS 15SELECTED  ANNOUNCE "FLAPS 15, POWER SET"	►ANNOUNCE "GO-AROUND, SET POWER, FLAPS ONE NOTCH"  ►DO  GA PB ON PL
DA OR MDA (RUNWAY OR RAMP NOT IN SIGHT) OR OTHER EVENTS UNEXPECTED 72 not PEC 72 PEC WHEN FLAPS AT 15 ON THE FLAPS INDICATOR	TQsCHECK / ADJUST GA FLAPS 15SELECTED  ANNOUNCE "FLAPS 15, POWER SET"	► ANNOUNCE "GO-AROUND, SET POWER, FLAPS ONE NOTCH"  ► DO  GA PB ON PL
POSITIVE RATE	► ANNOUNCE  "POSITIVE RATE"  DO  GEAR LEVEL	► ORDER "GEAR UP, HEADING, LOW BANK, IAS VGA"  ► ANNOUNCE  "CHECK"  ► ORDER AND DO "SET SPEED BUG VGA"
WHEN ALL LIGHTS EXTINGUISHED ON THE LDG GEAR PANEL	SET"  ►ANNOUNCE  "GEAR UP"	
REACHING ACCELERATION ALTITUDE  42 not PEC  NOTE: MINI 1000 FT AGL OR HIGHER IF REQUESTED	►ANNOUNCE "ACCELERATION ALTITUDE"	DO PLRETARD TO WHITE MARK  ORDER  "CLIMB SEQUENCE"
REACHING ACCELERATION ALTITUDE 72 not PEC 72 PEC NOTE: MINI 1000 FT AGL OR HIGHER IF REQUESTED	►ANNOUNCE "ACCELERATION ALTITUDE"	►DO PLRETARD TO THE NOTCH ►ORDER "CLIMB SEQUENCE"

CONTINUE THE AFTER TAKE-OFF PROCEDURE - Refer to 02.03 p. 43, After take-off.



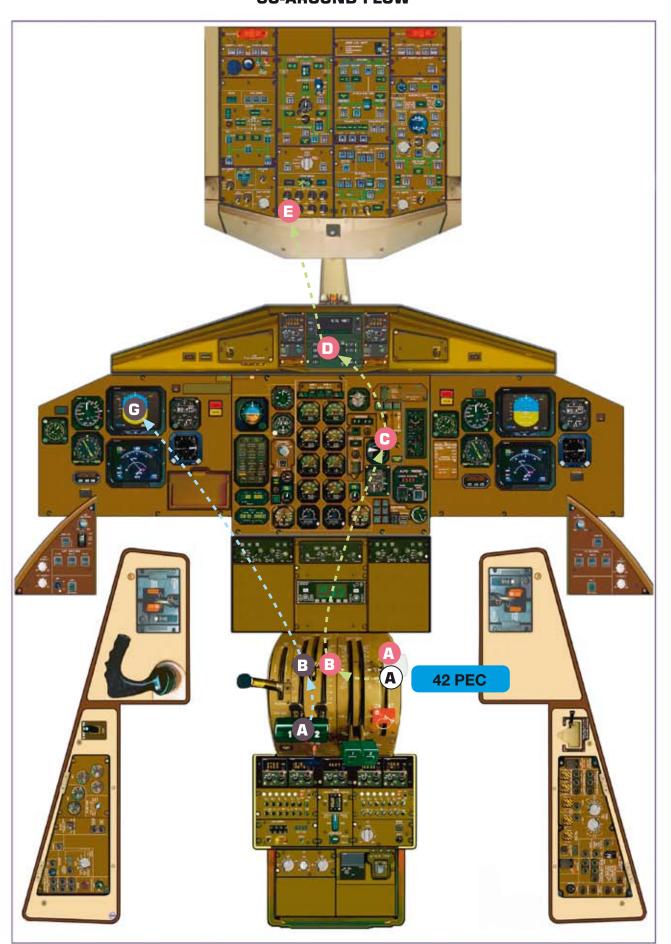
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### 3.22. Go-around

Flight events	PNF	PF
MINIMUM	►ANNOUNCE "MINIMUM"	
DA OR MDA (RUNWAY OR RAMP NOT IN SIGHT) OR OTHER EVENTS UNEXPECTED  WHEN FLAPS AT 25 ON THE FLAPS INDICATOR	►DO  TQSCHECK / ADJUST GA FLAPS 25SELECTED  ►ANNOUNCE  "FLAPS 25, POWER SET"	►ANNOUNCE  "GO-AROUND, SET POWER, FLAPS ONE NOTCH"  ► DO  GA PB ON PL
POSITIVE RATE	► ANNOUNCE  "POSITIVE RATE"  DO  GEAR LEVEL: UP  HDG MODE SELECTED  LO BANK SELECTED  IAS VGA SELECTED  TAXI & T/O LIGHT OFF	▶ORDER "GEAR UP, HEADING, LOW BANK, IAS VGA"
	► ANNOUNCE "IAS XXX SET"  ► DO AND ANNOUNCE "SET"	►ANNOUNCE  "CHECK"  ►ORDER AND DO  "SET SPEED BUG VGA"
WHEN ALL LIGHTS EXTINGUISHED ON THE LDG GEAR PANEL	►ANNOUNCE "GEAR UP"	
REACHING ACCELERATION ALTITUDE	► ANNOUNCE "ACCELERATION ALTITUDE"	PLRETARD TO THE NOTCH
NOTE: MINI 1000 FT AGL OR HIGHER IF REQUESTED	IASINCREASED (ABOVE WHITE BUG) PWR	►ORDER "CLIMB SEQUENCE"
REACHING WHITE BUG OR VGA + 15	► ANNOUNCE  "CLIMB SEQUENCE COMPLETE"  ► ANNOUNCE  "WHITE BUG / VGA + 15"  Note: PF will order flaps retraction to 15 when speed reaches VGA + 15kt or white bug, whichever is lower  ► DO  FLAPS LEVER SET TO 15°	
WHEN FLAPS AT 15 ON THE FLAPS INDICATOR	►ANNOUNCE "FLAPS 15"	
REACHING WHITE OR RED BUG (ACCORDING TO EXTERNAL CONDITIONS)	►ANNOUNCE  "WHITE BUG"  "RED BUG"  ICING CONDITIONS  ►DO  FLAPS LEVERSET TO 0	▶ORDER "FLAPS 0"
WHEN FLAPS AT 0 ON THE FLAPS INDICATOR	►ANNOUNCE  "FLAPS 0"	CONTINUE THE AFTER TAKE-OFF PROCEDURE Refer to 02.03 p. 43, After take-off.

### **GO-AROUND FLOW**





### NORMAL PROCEDURES

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**PNF** 

A FLAPS

Select flaps one notch less than actual.

A FLAPS: 25°

When PF orders "FLAPS 25", select flaps 25.

1 TORQUE: ADJUSTED/CHECK

Adjust/check torque to GA torque.

**1** LANDING GEAR LEVER: UP

Announce "POSITIVE RATE". When PF orders "GEAR UP", select landing gear lever up.

AFCS: SET

Select HDG, LO BANK, IAS VGA.

1 TAXI & T/O LIGHTS: OFF

PF

A GO-AROUND PB: DEPRESSED GA and HDG HOLD appears on FMA.

**B** POWER LEVERS: WHITE MARK/RAMP

At the same moment announce: "GO-AROUND, FLAPS ONE NOTCH, SET POWER".

© PITCH: 8°

Follow FD BARS, and cancel AP Cavalry charge.

### **PERSONAL NOTES**

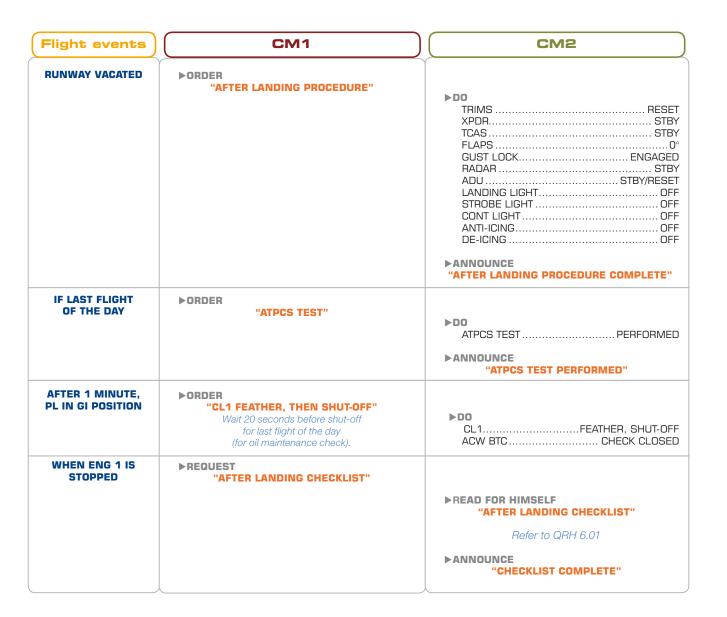


#### NORMAL PROCEDURES

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### 3.23. After landing



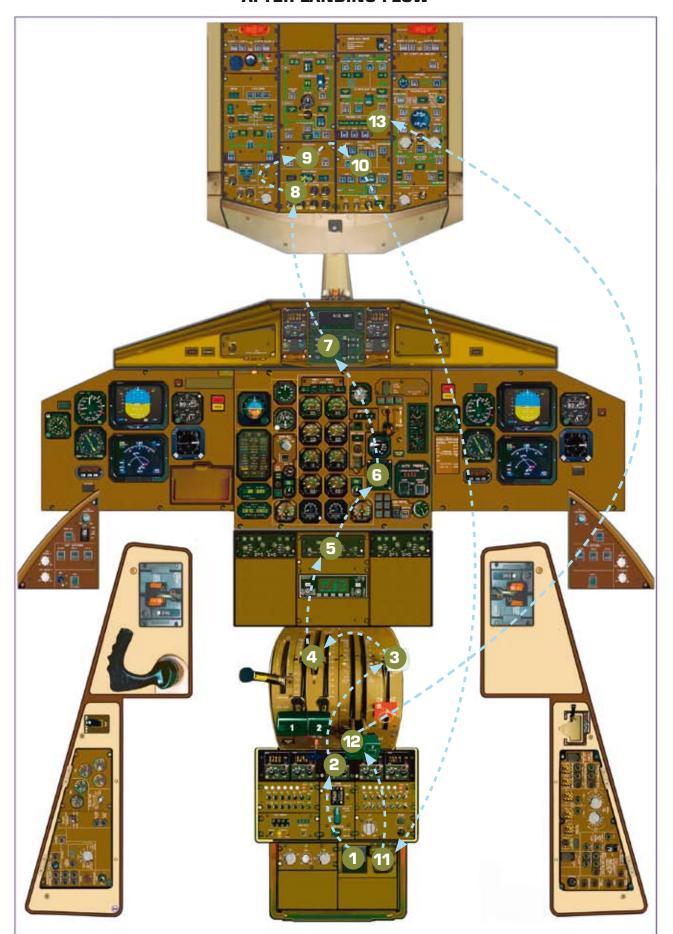
# AR Training Centre

### NORMAL PROCEDURES

## STANDARD OPERATING PROCEDURES

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#### **AFTER LANDING FLOW**



CM<sub>2</sub>

1 TCAS: STBY

2 XPDR: STBY

3 FLAPS: 0°

**4** GUST LOCK: ENGAGED

Pull control column backwards to lock ailerons and elevator.

**5** RADAR: STBY

**1 TRIMS: RESET** 

ADU: STBY & RESET

**11** LIGHTS: OFF

Switch off Landing and Strobe lights.

**ONT RELIGHT: OFF** 

100 ANTI-ICING / DE-ICING: OFF

11 ATPCS TEST (DYNAMIC): PERFORMED (WHEN NECESSARY)

**ARM position:** – ARM light illuminates green

- TQ indication increases

- NP and NH increase slightly

**ENG position:** - Selected engine TQ decreases below 21%

- Opposite engine: TQ does not change, UPTRIM light illuminates,

NP and NH increase slightly.

-2.15 seconds later: concerned propeller is automatically feathered,

ARM green light extinguishes.

Caution: - During ATPCS dynamic test, ACW is temporarily lost and

consequently both main hyd pumps are temporarily lost as well.

- Do not perform ATPCS test while taxiing if DC HYD PUMP is not

operating.

- If braking is required during test, it will be performed using EMER

brake handle as required.

- Wait for 10 minutes if another ATPCS test has to be performed.

### **12** CONDITION LEVER: FEATHER THEN SHUT-OFF

Wait for 1 minute in GI position to select CL1 to feather then shut-off (Last flight of the day, wait for 20 seconds before CL1 shut-off. It enables ground staff to check OIL level).

**13 ACW BTC: CHECK** 

CM2 checks ACW BTC is illuminated and ACW BUS 1 fault light is extinguished.

## **PERSONAL NOTES**



### NORMAL PROCEDURES

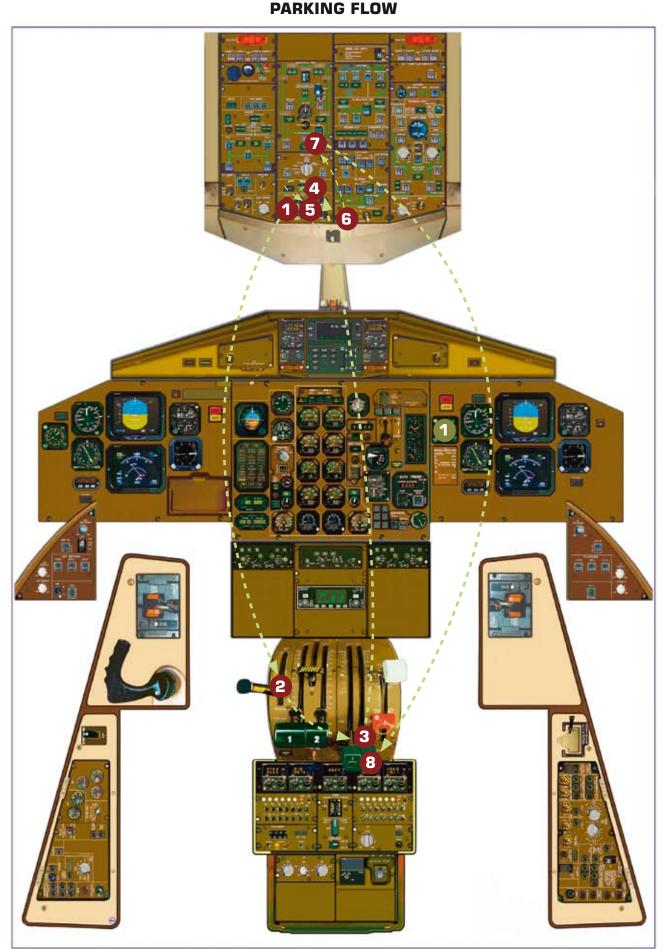
# STANDARD OPERATING PROCEDURES

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## 3.24. Parking

Flight events	CM1	CM2
MARSHALLER IN SIGHT	TAXI & T/O LIGHTOFF	►CHECK AND ANNOUNCE  HYDRAULIC PRESS
AT THE GATE	PARKING CL2 BRKON CL 2FEATHERED READY LTCHECKED PROP BRKON NP BELLOW 20 %ON/LOCKED BEACONOFF SEAT BELTOFF	►DO TIMINGSTART  PROP 2CHECKED STOP
WHEN GPU AVAILABLE	DC EXT PWR PBDEPRESSED CL2FUEL SHUT OFF	
PARKING PROCEDURE COMPLETE	►REQUEST  "PARKING CHECKLIST"	► READ FOR HIMSELF "PARKING CHECKLIST"  Refer to QRH 6.01
		►ANNOUNCE "CHECKLIST COMPLETE"

### DADVING ELOW





### NORMAL PROCEDURES

# STANDARD OPERATING PROCEDURES

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CM1

1 TAXI AND T.O LIGHT: OFF

2 PARKING BRAKE: ON

**3** ENG 2: FEATHERED

4 PROP BRAKE: ON / LOCKED

Check READY green light illuminated and NP <20% Then switch Prop Brake ON.

**5** BEACON LIGHT: OFF

**6** SEAT BELTS: OFF

**7** DC EXTERNAL PWR: ON

Check voltage first on the lateral panel.

**13** CONDITION LEVER 2: SHUT-OFF

Only for last flight of the day, wait 20 seconds before engine 2 shut off (will enable later OIL LEVEL checks).

CM2

1 TIMING: START

Only for last flight of the day, wait 20 seconds before engine 2 shut off (will enable later OIL LEVEL checks).

## **PERSONAL NOTES**

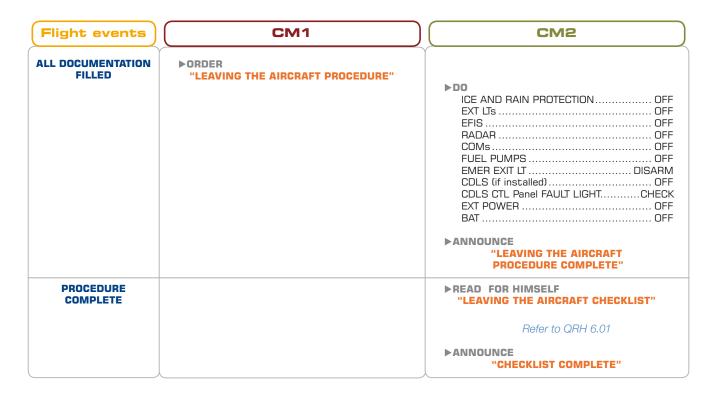


#### NORMAL PROCEDURES

# STANDARD OPERATING PROCEDURES

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## 3.25. Leaving the aircraft



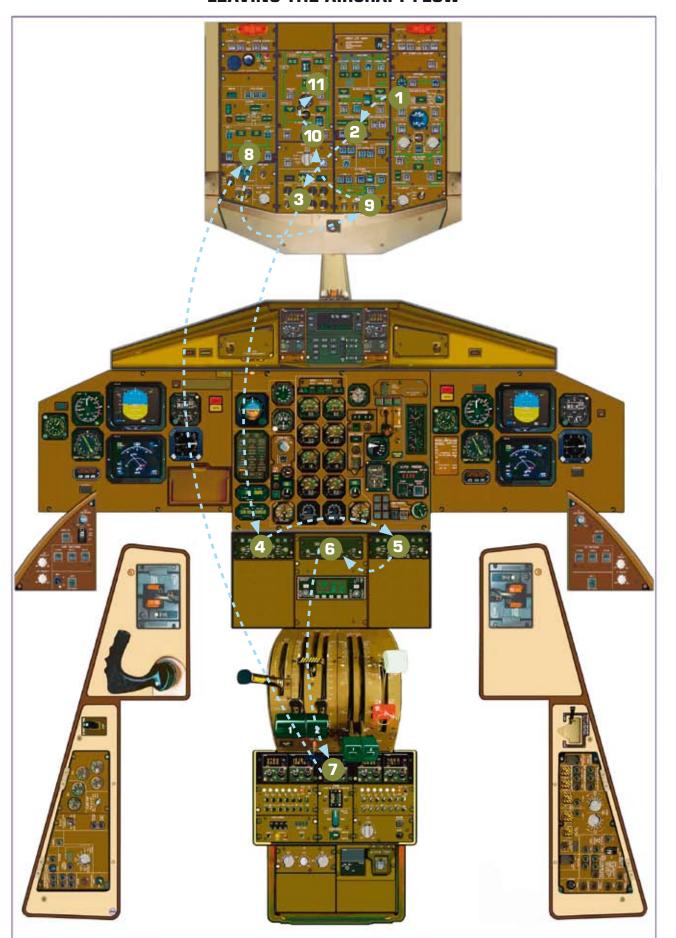
# AR Training Centre

### NORMAL PROCEDURES

# STANDARD OPERATING PROCEDURES

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#### **LEAVING THE AIRCRAFT FLOW**



### CM2

- **1** OXYGEN MAIN SUPPLY: OFF
- 2 ICE AND RAIN PROTECTION: OFF
- **3 EXTERNAL LIGHTS OFF**
- 4 CM1 EFIS: OFF
- **5** CM2 EFIS: OFF
- 6 RADAR: OFF
- OCOMs / NAVs / XPDR: OFF
- **8** BOTH FUEL PUMPS: OFF
- **9 EMER EXIT LIGHT: DISARM**
- 10 EXT PWR: OFF
- 11 BATTERY: OFF

## **PERSONAL NOTES**



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## 1. Global Navigation Satellite System (GNSS)

On ATR aircraft, the GNSS on board is the Honeywell HT1000.

### 1.1. Policy

#### 1.1.1. On the ground:

- IDENT page must be displayed. If not, press DATA, then IDENT.
- GNSS is filled in by PF, according to known (runway in use, cruise flight level, SID,...) or expected data.
- PNF must crosscheck the LEGS and PERF INIT pages during the PF departure briefing.
- Conventional radio navigation means must be set for stand-by use, to assure a safe flight path in case of GNSS failure.

#### 1.1.2 In flight:

- PF manages GNSS with PNF crosscheck when autopilot is engaged.
- Below FL100, GNSS is managed by PNF on PF orders.
- Any flight path modification (horizontal or vertical) must be clearly announced and checked by both crew members.
- In case of flight track change due to ATC, the procedures and phraseology hereafter shall be used:

#### IF AUTOPILOT ENGAGED:

Flight events	PNF	PF
NEW WAYPOINT ACKNOWLEDGED	▶ANNOUNCE	►ANNOUNCE "DIRECT TO XXXXX, CONFIRM?"
	"CONFIRM"	EXEC KEY DEPRESSED NEW FLIGHT PATH MONITORED

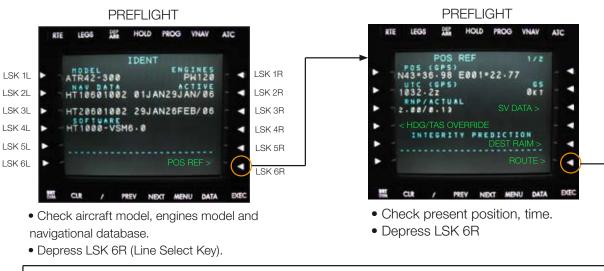
#### IF AUTOPILOT DISCONNECTED:





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#### 1.2. Pre-flight

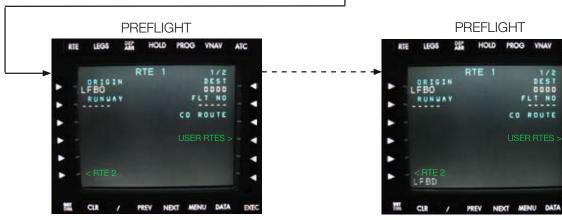




• Route 1 page on which you insert your flight plan.



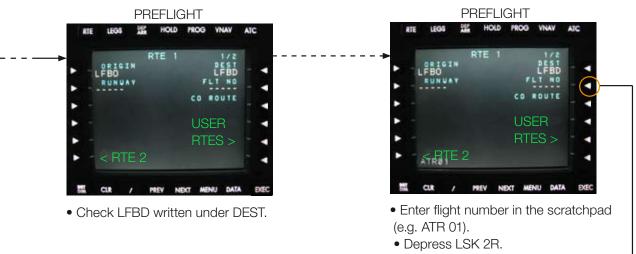
- Enter departure airport ICAO code in the scratchpad (e.g. LFBO)
- Depress LSK 1L to replace the origin box prompts by LFBO.

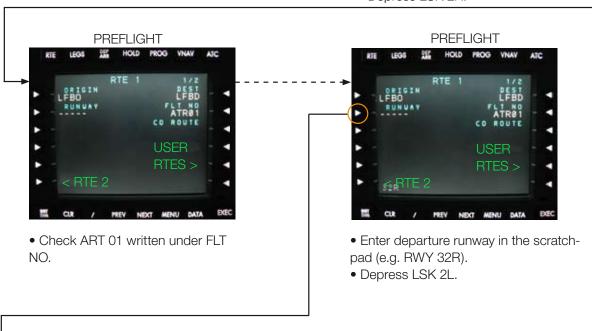


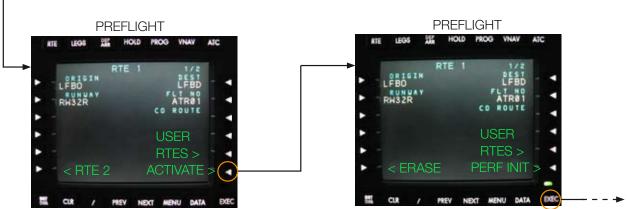
- Check LFBO written under ORIGIN.
- Enter destination airport ICAO code in the scratchpad (e.g. LFBD)
- Depress LSK 1R



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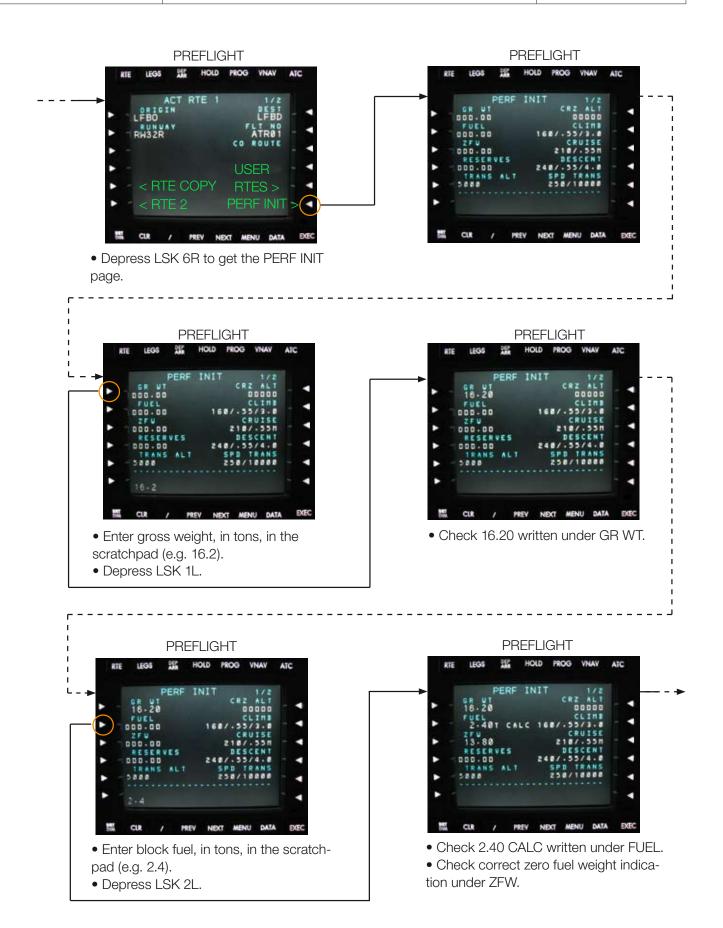


- Check RW32R 01 written under RUNWAY.
- Depress LSK 6R to activate route 1.

• Depress EXEC KEY to execute the activation.



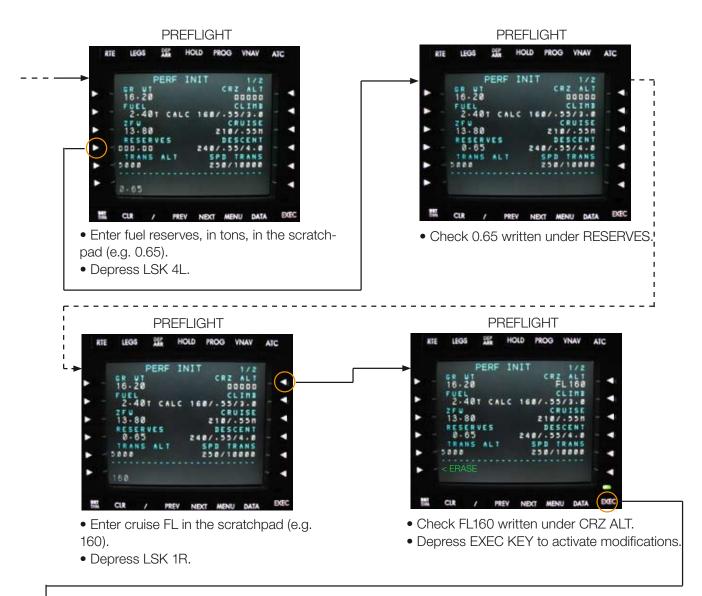
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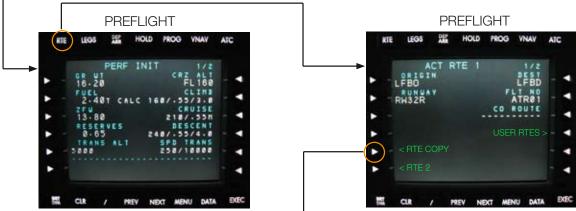




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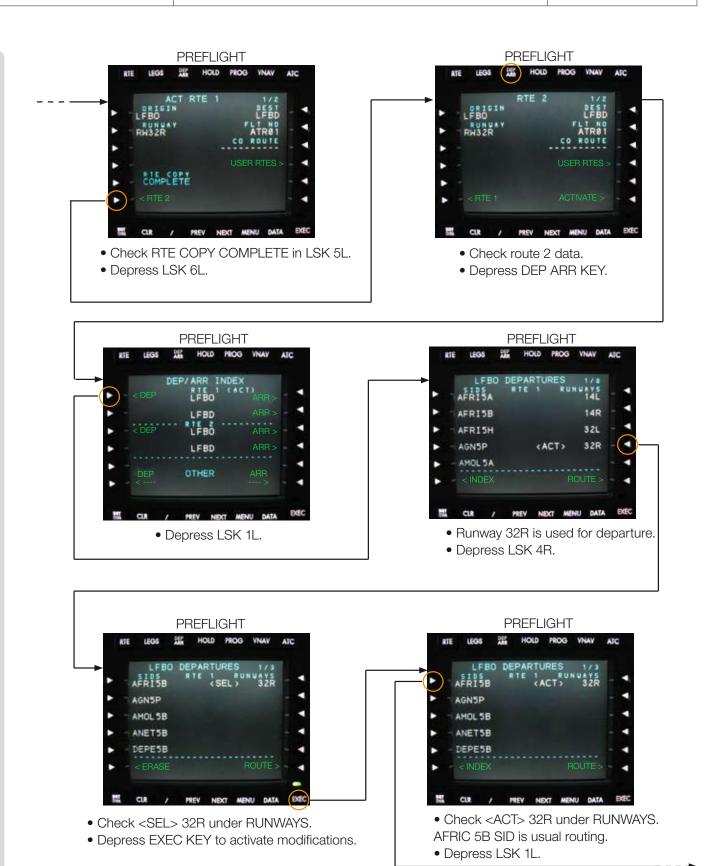




- Check speeds for climb, cruise and descent phase.
- Check speed transition and transition altitude.
- Depress RTE KEY.



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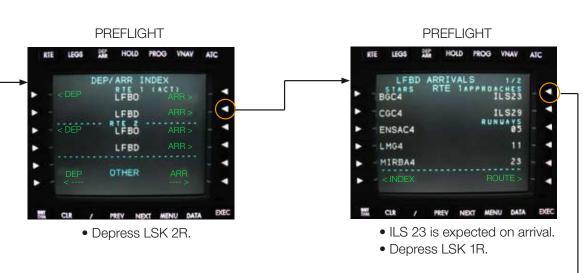


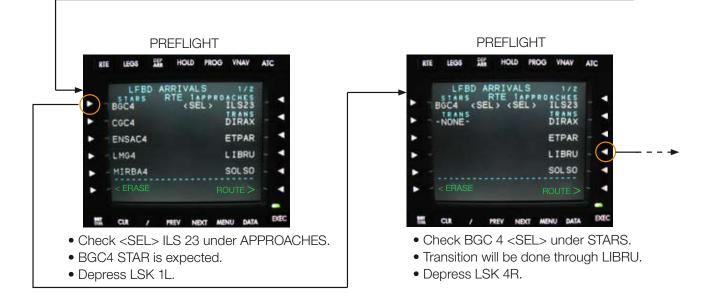


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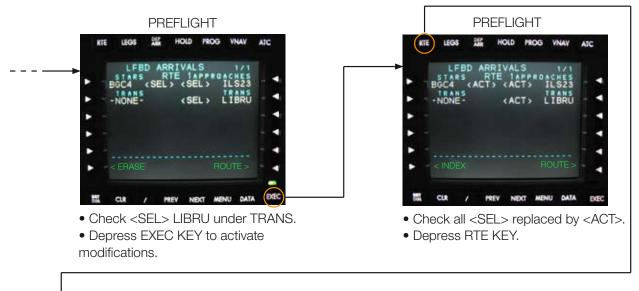


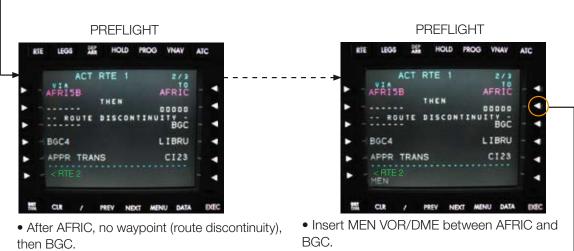






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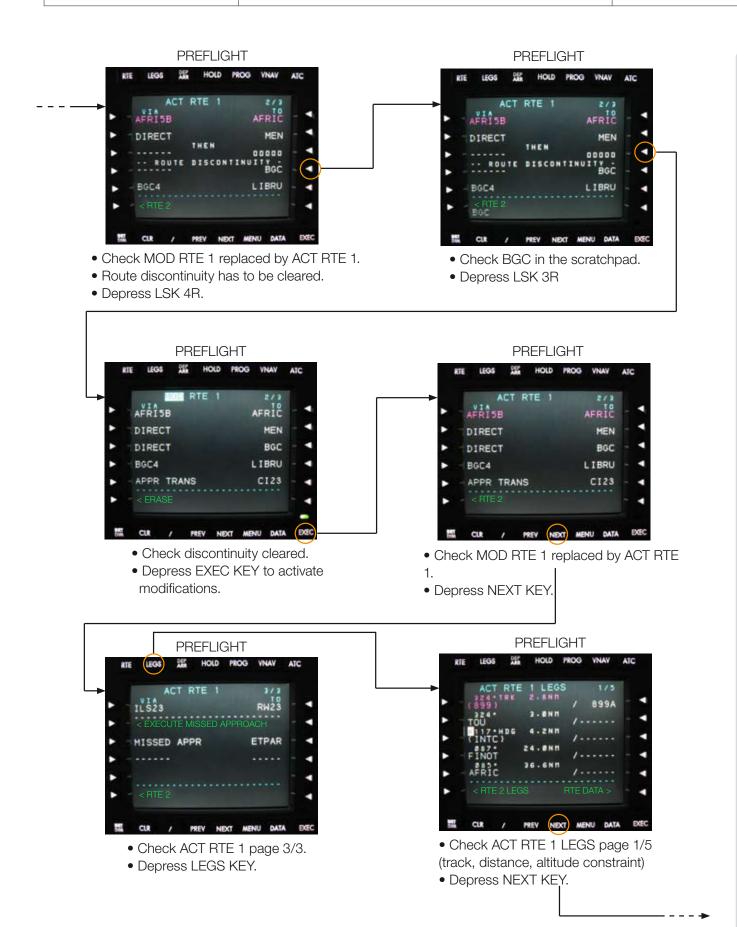


- Enter MEN in the scratchpad.
- Depress LSK 2R.

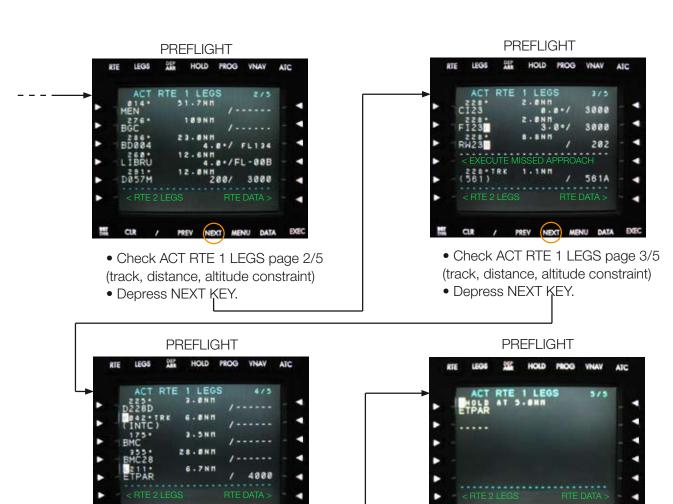




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/ PREV NEXT MENU DATA EXEC

• Depress NEXT KEY.

• Check ACT RTE 1 LEGS page 5/5 (holding point).

/ PREV NEXT MENU DATA EXEC



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### 1.3. User waypoints



#### **USER WAYPOINTS**



- User waypoints list is empty.
- Depress LSK 6L.



• Depress LSK 5L.



• User waypoints can be defined by geographic coordinates or point - bearing - distance or point - bearing / point - bearing.

#### **USER WAYPOINTS**



- Enter the waypoint name (e.g. point) in the scratchpad.
- Depress LSK 2L.

#### **USER WAYPOINTS**



• Check POINT under IDENT.

#### **USER WAYPOINTS**



- Enter TOU230/27 in the scratchpad (point : TOU bearing : 230° -
- distance : 27 Nm).
- Depress LSK 4L.



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- Check TOU230.0/027.0 under PB/D OR PB/PB.
- Check geographic coordinates automatically computed.

#### **USER WAYPOINTS**



- Enter N4323.76E00052.27 in the scratchpad (geographic coordinates).
- Depress LSK 3L.

#### **USER WAYPOINTS**



- Check N43°23.76 E000°52.27 under LAT/LONG.
- Depress LSK 5R.

#### **USER WAYPOINTS**



- Check USER WPT SAVE COMPLETE displayed for a couple of seconds.
- Depress LSK 6L.

#### **USER WAYPOINTS**



• Check POINT inserted in the user waypoints list..



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### 1.4. Flight in progress

#### FLIGHT IN PROGRESS



- ATR01 PROGRESS page obtained by pressing PROG KEY.
- Depress LEGS KEY.

#### FLIGHT IN PROGRESS FLIGHT IN PROGRESS



- Inbound FINOT (23.7 Nm to go), you are cleared direct MEN.
- Depress LSK 3L to get MEN in the scratchpad.



• Depress LSK 1L to go direct to MEN.

#### FLIGHT IN PROGRESS



- Check MEN replaced FINOT.
- Depress EXEC KEY to activate modifications.

#### FLIGHT IN PROGRESS



• Check MOD RTE 1 LEGS replaced by ACT RTE 1 LEGS.



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#### FLIGHT IN PROGRESS



- Inbound TOU (1.8 Nm to go), you want to remove LACOU from your FPL.
- Depress CLR KEY to get DELETE in the scratchpad.

#### FLIGHT IN PROGRESS



• Depress LSK 3L.

#### FLIGHT IN PROGRESS



- Check LACOU removed and route discontinuity displayed.
- Depress LSK 4L.

#### FLIGHT IN PROGRESS



Depress LSK 3L to clear the discontinuity.

#### FLIGHT IN PROGRESS



- Check route discontinuity cleared.
- Depress EXEC KEY to activate modifications.

#### FLIGHT IN PROGRESS



• Check MOD RTE 1 LEGS replaced by ACT RTE 1 LEGS.



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## 2. Aircraft Performance Monitoring (APM)

The APM is an onboard system for detecting ice effects on aircraft, developed to enhance the aircraft safety and protection. It acquires the aircraft performance parameters in real time and compares them to the expected values. The monitored performance parameters are the IAS and the drag. Any abnormal increase on one of those parameters leads to an alarm to alert the flight crew. There are three different levels of alarms, depending on the severity of the discrepancy found.

### 2.1. APM cockpit interface

The interface is composed of:

- a twelve position rotactor selector
- 3 indicators placed in front of the captain and co-pilot to display the performance degradation information
- a FAULT/OFF light button to inform the crew of a problem with APM or to select the APM OFF
- a Push To Test button to test the APM indicators





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### 2.2. Normal procedures

#### 2.2.1. Take-Off weight Selection

To determine the aircraft theoretical and "in flight" performance, the aircraft weight must be known.

As the weight measure is not available, the crew must enter the take-off weight value in the system with a twelve-position rotary selector.

To take into account the new take-off weight value:

- the rotactor must be moved (even if actual weight is the same as the previous flight) to the minimum TO weight and then back to the nearest TO weight
- the selection must be done before the IAS reaches 30 kt
- the selection must be done with both engines running. Indeed, some micro cuts can occur on the DC EMER BUS during the start phase.



If the selected weight is below the real one, the performance of the aircraft will be degraded compared to the computed one, and spurious alerts may be triggered. Inversely, if a higher weight is selected, alerts may be hidden, and more specifically, cases of severe icing may be not detected.

#### Note: Any change of the rotary selector in flight will have no effect

If the crew does not select the take-off weight before take-off with the rotactor, the APM will perform its own take-off weight computation. Computation is performed during the first minutes of the flight and before the APM begins the drag analysis.

APM calculation is less accurate than the flight crew manual selection: analyses of several hundreds of revenue flight have shown that the APM maximum deviation is around ±1500kg for take-off weight computation.

#### 2.2.2. APM Testing

APM testing is activated by the crew daily, to check all APM components work properly.



## ADDITIONAL STANDARD OPERATING PROCEDURES

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## 1. Hotel mode use

### 1.1. Start up without GPU during long transit (1/4)

- CM2 alone may start eng 2 if necessary.
- Refuel must be complete

CM1	CM2
	▶00
• FUEL X-FEED TEST:	EMERGENCY EQUIPMENT
– ENG 1 PUMP ON: FEED LO PR 1	C/BCHECK STBY HORIZON
Extinguished ; FEED LO PR 2 Illuminated	ERECTION KNOB PULL AND MAINTAINED
	BATTERYON
- FUEL X-FEED in line: FEED LO PR 1 and 2	STBY HORIZON  ERECTION KNOB
Extinguished	VHF 1ON
- FUEL X-FEED closed: FEED LO PR 1	ATPCSTEST COCKPIT COM HATCHOPEN
Extinguished ; FEED LO PR 2 Illuminated	PARKING BRAKEON
	PL 1 AND 2GI
- ENG 2 PUMP ON: FEED LO PR 1 and 2	GUST LOCK ON CL 1 AND 2 FUEL S/O
Extinguished ————————————————————————————————————	FLAPS LEVERCHECK
	LANDING GEAR LEVER DOWN
	ECU 1 AND 2 PBs CHECK DEPRESSED WIPERS
	PROP BRKON
	FUEL PUMP 2 ON
▶DO	ENG 2 FIRE TEST PERFORMED
EXTERNAL INSPECTION	
	►READ AND CHECK
	Refer to QRH 3.01
	(DOWN TO ENG 2 START IN HOTEL MODE)



# ADDITIONAL STANDARD OPERATING PROCEDURES

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## 1.1. Start up without GPU during long transit (2/4)

Flight events	CM1	CM2
READY TO START ENGINE 2 IN HOTEL MODE	►ANNOUNCE  "GROUND FROM COCKPIT READY TO START ENG 2 IN HOTEL MODE, CONFIRM SERVICE DOOR CLOSED AND AREA CLEAR"  ►ANNOUNCE  "I AM READY"	SERVICE DOOR
AFTER OUTSIDE VISUAL CHECK	►DO TIMING*START START 2CHECK ON  * For starter limitation time, 30 s maxi when starter off (45%NH)	►DO START 2 PB DEPRESSED  ►ANNOUNCE  "STARTER ON"
NH=10% (UNTIL NH=19% IF ITT>200°C)		➤DO AND ANNOUNCE CL 2
ITT INCREASING	▶DO ENGINE PARAMETERSCHECK	►ANNOUNCE  "IGNITION"  TIMINGSTOP
NH=25%	▶DO ENGINE PARAMETERSCHECK	►ANNOUNCE When FAULT amber light extinguished "ECU"
NH=45%	►ANNOUNCE  "STARTER OFF"  *If not, select rotary selector OFF/START ABORT  ►DO  TIMING	►ANNOUNCE  "45%"  ►DO  ITT MAXCHECK  ►ANNOUNCE  "ITT XXX °C"
NH = 61.5%		►ANNOUNCE "PARAMETERS STABILIZED"
	CM1 orders GPU disconne	ection to ground staff
PARAMETERS STABILIZED		ENGINE START OFF & START ABORT DC GEN 2 FAULT EXTINGUISHED DC BTC CHECK CLOSED BLEED / PACKS / X VALVE OPEN



# ADDITIONAL STANDARD OPERATING PROCEDURES

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## 1.1. Start up without GPU (3/4)

Flight events	CM1	CM2
AFTER ENG 2 STARTED IN HOTEL MODE	ATC recommendation: In case of dual installation check both system using: - System 1 / A for odd days System 2 / B for even days. Example: Transponder, Ignition, ADC switch (if installed).	SCAN ON OVERHEAD PANEL  ANNUNCIATOR LIGHT



# ADDITIONAL STANDARD OPERATING PROCEDURES

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## 1.1. Start up without GPU during long transit (4/4)

Flight events	CM1	CMS
riigite eventes	<u> </u>	SIVIE
AFTER CENTRAL		Y
PANEL SCAN		▶DO
		SCAN ON CENTRAL PANEL
		FUEL QTY TEST / CHECK TAT/SAT CHECK
		CAPCLR
		STBY INSTRUMENTSCHECK
		PWR MGTT/O
		SYNCHROPHASERON
		FUEL USEDRESET ENGINE INDICATORSTEST / CHECK
		ENG PANEL
		CAB PRESS PANEL
		AUTO PRESS TEST / LANDING
		ELEVATION
		TRIM INDICATOR
		FLAPS INDICATOR CHECK
		STICK PUSHER DEPRESSED HYDRAULIC CHECK
		THE DIAGEO
		SCAN ON GLARE SHIELD
		FD BARSON
		NAV 1 AND 2 ON / TEST ADU BRT
		ADOBhi
		SCAN ON LEFT LATERAL PANEL
		NW STEERINGON/GUARDED
		OXYGEN MASKTEST MARKERSTEST / LO
		AHRS CHECK
		AUDIO1 SEL
		CAPT SWITCHING PANEL CHECK
		(E)GPWSGUARDED
		SCAN ON LEFT INSTRUMENT PANEL
		CLOCKSET
		AIR SPEED INDICATOR CHECK
		RMI/EHSI CHECK
		EADICHECK (E)GPWSTEST
		ALTIMETERSET
		VERTICAL AIR SPEEDCHECK
		SCAN ON RIGHT LATERAL PANEL
		EXTRACT AIR FLOW OPEN
		OXYGEN MASK TEST
		AHRS CHECK
		F/O SWITCHING PANEL
		AUDIO 2 SELUneuk
		SCAN ON RIGHT INSTRUMENT PANEL
		(E)GPWSTEST
		VERTICAL AIR SPEED
		EADI
		RMI/EHSI CHECK
		AIR SPEED INDICATOR CHECK
		CLOCKSET
		^

### **ADDITIONAL STANDARD OPERATING PROCEDURES**

NORMAL PROCEDURES

04.01		
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II INI OO		

## 1. Hotel mode use

### 1.1. Start up without GPU during long transit (1/4)

- CM2 alone may start eng 2 if necessary.
- Refuel must be complete

CM1	CM2
• FUEL X-FEED TEST:  - ENG 1 PUMP ON: FEED LO PR 1 Extinguished; FEED LO PR 2 Illuminated  - FUEL X-FEED in line: FEED LO PR 1 and 2 Extinguished  - FUEL X-FEED closed: FEED LO PR 1 Extinguished; FEED LO PR 2 Illuminated  - ENG 2 PUMP ON: FEED LO PR 1 and 2 Extinguished  • DO EXTERNAL INSPECTION	CARGO DOOR CONTROL PANEL COVER
	► READ AND CHECK  Refer TO QRH 3.01
	(DOWN TO ENG 2 START IN HOTEL MODE)



# ADDITIONAL STANDARD OPERATING PROCEDURES

04.01		
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## 1.1. Start up without GPU during long transit (2/4)

		<b>C</b>
Flight events	CM1	CM2
READY TO START ENGINE 2 IN HOTEL MODE	►ANNOUNCE  "GROUND FROM COCKPIT READY TO START ENG 2 IN HOTEL MODE, CONFIRM SERVICE DOOR CLOSED AND AREA CLEAR"  ►ANNOUNCE  "I AM READY"	SERVICE DOOR
AFTER OUTSIDE VISUAL CHECK	►DO  TIMING*	►DO START 2 PB DEPRESSED  ►ANNOUNCE  "STARTER ON"
NH=10% (UNTIL NH=19% IF ITT>200°C)		➤DO AND ANNOUNCE CL 2 FEATHER TIMING* START  "FUEL OPEN"  *For ignition time, it should rise within 10 seconds ►DO ENGINE PARAMETERS. CHECK
ITT INCREASING	▶DO ENGINE PARAMETERSCHECK	►ANNOUNCE  "IGNITION"  TIMINGSTOP
NH=45%	►ANNOUNCE  "STARTER OFF"  *If not, select rotary selector OFF/START ABORT  ►DO  TIMINGSTOP	►ANNOUNCE  "45%"  ►DO ITT MAXCHECK  ►ANNOUNCE  "ITT XXX °C"
NH=61.5%		►ANNOUNCE "PARAMETERS STABILIZED"
PARAMETERS STABILIZED	CM1 orders GPU disco	ENGINE START OFF & START ABORT DC GEN 2 FAULT EXTINGUISHED DC BTC CHECK CLOSED BLEED / PACKS / X VALVE OPEN



# ADDITIONAL STANDARD OPERATING PROCEDURES

NORMAL PROCEDURES

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## 1.1. Start up without GPU during long transit (3/4)

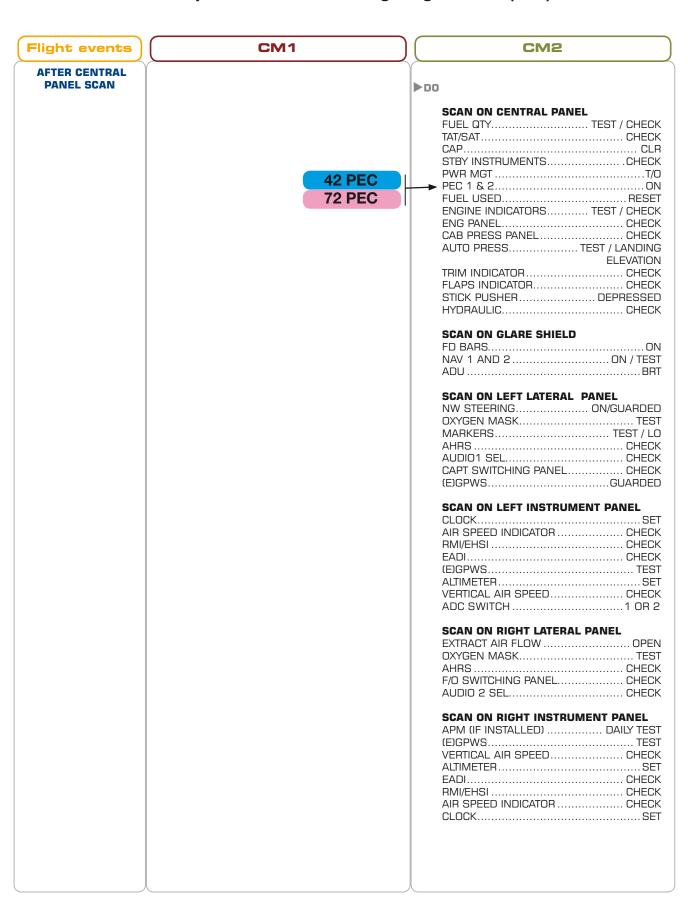
Flight events	CM1	CWS
AFTER ENG 2 STARTED IN HOTEL MODE	ATC recommendation: In case of dual installation check both system using: - System 1 / A for odd days System 2 / B for even days. Example: Transponder, Ignition, ADC switch (if installed).	SCAN ON OVERHEAD PANEL  ANNUNCIATOR LIGHT



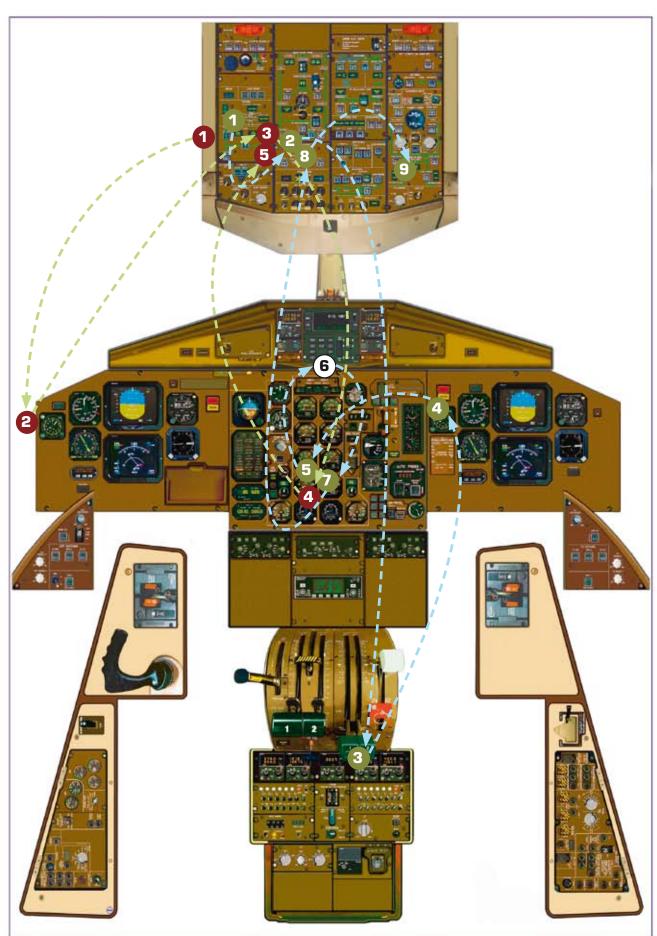
# ADDITIONAL STANDARD OPERATING PROCEDURES

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#### 1.1. Start up without GPU during long transit (4/4)



#### **ENGINE START WITHOUT GPU FLOW**





#### NORMAL PROCEDURES

# ADDITIONAL STANDARD OPERATING PROCEDURES

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CM1

**1 MECHANICAL CALL: PERFORMED**Start timing when CM2 announces "Starter ON".

2 TIMING: START

Start timing when CM2 announces "Starter ON".

**3** STARTER 2: CHECK ON

**4** ENGINE PARAMETERS: MONITOR

According to the CM2 callouts.

5 START OFF: CHECK

At 45% NH, check Start ON light is extinguished and announce "STARTER OFF" and stop timing.

CM<sub>2</sub>

1 "U" CHECK: PERFORMED

DOORS: CLOSED

Check the UNLK amber light is extinguished.

WING LIGHTS: ON, to visually inform that start is in Hotel

Mode.

Fuel Pump N°2: RUN

PROPELLER BRAKE : ON

If no AC GPU, press HYD AUX PUMP, in order to get the READY green light, then propeller brake switch to ON.

ENGINE START ROTARY SELECTOR (or A or B)

2 START PB: DEPRESSED

START 2 PB: ON

Depress START 2 PB after a visual check on right side. Announce: "STARTER ON".

**3** CL2: FEATHER

Advance CL 2 to feather when NH reaches 10% and announce: "FUEL OPEN".

4 TIMING: START

**5 ENGINE PARAMETERS: MONITOR** 

When the ITT needle increases, announce: "IGNITION". ITT must increase within 10 sec on CM2 Timing. Otherwise CL2 shut off.

**6** ECU FAULT LIGHT: EXTINGUISH

At 25% NH, check ECU fault light exinguishes, announce "ECU ON".

**7** ENGINE PARAMETERS: MONITOR

At 45% NH, announce "45%".

**1** ENGINE START ROTARY SELECTOR: OFF

When engine parameters are stabilised, announce "PARAMETERS STABLISED", then turn the rotary selector to OFF/START ABORT.

9 BLEED 2 / PACKS 1+2 / X VALVE: OPEN

When only one BLEED is OPEN on ground, the X VALVE is opened to supply both packs.

## **PERSONAL NOTES**

AR Training Centre

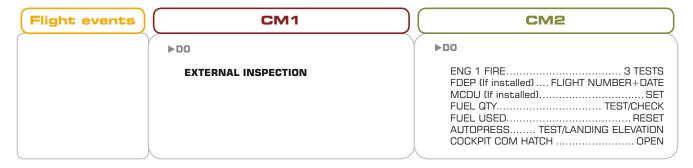
#### NORMAL PROCEDURES

# ADDITIONAL STANDARD OPERATING PROCEDURES

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#### 1.2. Start up without GPU during short transit

ENG 2 FIRE tests are performed before starting engine 2 in Hotel mode.



#### 1.3. Ramp arrival without GPU

ENG 2 runs until "Leaving the Aircraft Procedure".

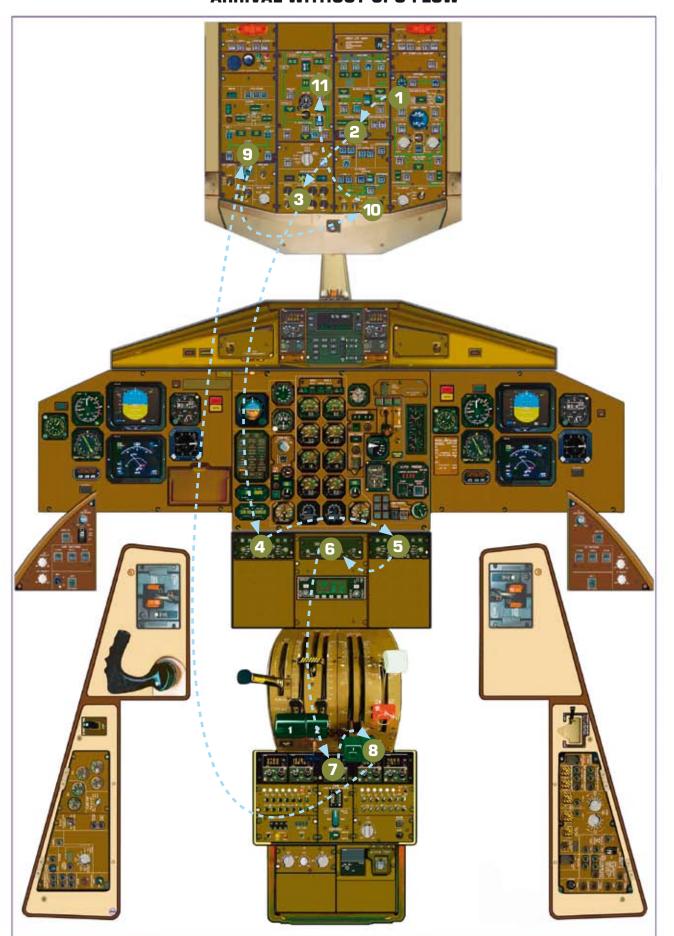
Flight events	CM1	CM2
ALL DOCUMENTATION FILLED	►ORDER "LEAVING THE AIRCRAFT PROCEDURE"	DO OXYGEN MAIN SUPPLY
PROCEDURE COMPLETE		► READ FOR HIMSELF "LEAVING THE AIRCRAFT CHECKLIST"  Refer to QRH 6.01  ► ANNOUNCE "CHECKLIST COMPLETE"



#### NORMAL PROCEDURES **ADDITIONAL STANDARD OPERATING PROCEDURES**

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#### **ARRIVAL WITHOUT GPU FLOW**



#### CM2

<b>OXYGEN</b>	ΜΔΙΝ 9	SUPPLY	OFF
OAIGLIN	IMICALIA	JUFFLI.	· OFF

**2** ICE AND RAIN PROTECTION: OFF

**3 EXTERNAL LIGHTS OFF** 

4 CM1 EFIS: OFF

5 CM2 EFIS: OFF

**6** RADAR: OFF

COMs: OFF

**8** CL 2: FUEL S/O

**9** BOTH FUEL PUMPS: OFF

10 EMER EXIT LIGHT: DISARM

11 BATTERY: OFF

## **PERSONAL NOTES**



# ADDITIONAL STANDARD OPERATING PROCEDURES

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## 2. Noise abatement procedures

The noise abatements procedures contained in PANS-OPS (Vol 1 Part I section 7) have been designed for application to turbojet aeroplanes only.

Even if not required for turbopropeller aeroplanes, ATR recommends the following procedures for noise reduction **on the ground.** 

- Do not use reverse while taxiing
- Minimize the use of reverse at landing

No particular noise abatement procedures are recommended in flight.

#### Note:

- 1. "Nothing in these procedures shall prevent the pilot-in-command from exercising authority for the safe operation of the aeroplane" [PANS-OPS Vol 1 Part I section 7 chap 1]
- 2. These procedures should not be required in adverse operating conditions such as:
  - a) if the runway is not clear and dry, i.e. if it is adversely affected by snow, slush, ice or water, or by mud, rubber, oil or other substances.
  - b) In conditions when the ceiling is lower that 150 m (500ft) above aerodrome elevation, or when the horizontal visibility is less than 1.9 km
- 3. These procedures should not be required in case of any technical problem affecting the safe operation of the aeroplane

**Local aerodrome procedures:** Refer to published airport manuals (In Jeppesen charts, the Noise Abatement page is usually in chapter 10-4).



# ADDITIONAL STANDARD OPERATING PROCEDURES

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## 3. Icing conditions

Please refer to "Cold Weather Operations" book.



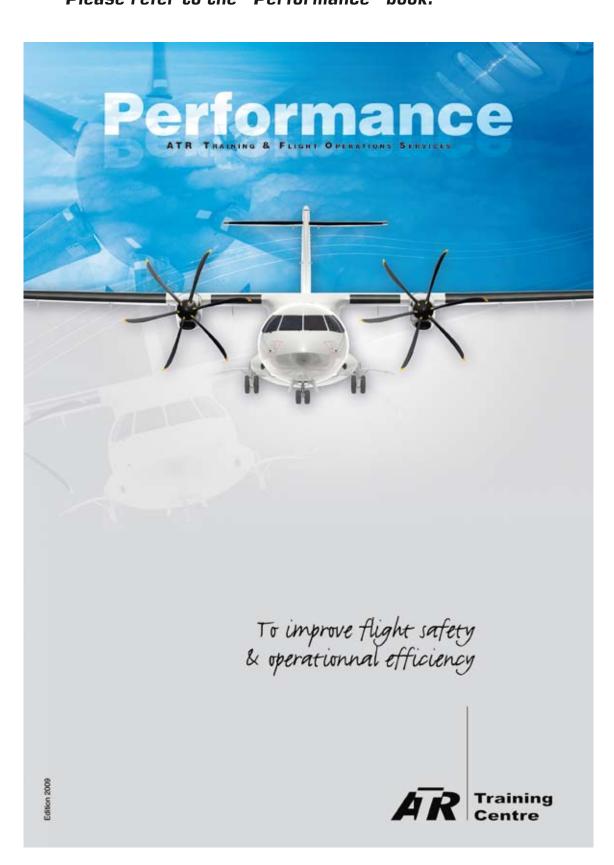
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01

#### NORMAL PROCEDURES

# ADDITIONAL STANDARD OPERATING PROCEDURES

# 4. Operations on wet and contaminated runways Please refer to the "Performance" book.





# ADDITIONAL STANDARD OPERATING PROCEDURES

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## 5. Push-back operations

#### 5.1. Power back

- Power back is done after ATC clearance.
- Ground staff area checked cleared before and during power back, by using conventional signs and / or headphones with several people, as per prevailing airline policy.
- To avoid moving forward, apply slight power back just before releasing brake.
- Each crew member keeps his feet on the floor. NEVER USE BRAKES during power back (to avoid tail strike).
- Nose wheel steering remains ON.
- Use Ground Idle or positive power to decrease speed or stop.
- Power back is performed at low speed.
- No specific ground staff phraseology.

#### 5.2. Push-back with Tug

- CAUTION: To avoid NAC OVHT triggering, the wind direction has to be taken into account for the push back in hotel mode.
- Push back is done after ATC clearance.
- Ground staff remains connected with the aircraft by using conventional signs and / or headphones with several persons according to airline policy. Parking brake released and steering OFF.
- Each crew member keeps his feet on the floor. NEVER USE BRAKES during push back (to avoid tail strike and / or constraint on towing system). Wait for disconnection of the tow bar by the ground staff before switching ON the steering
- Set nose wheel steering to ON. Caution: never set the hydraulic of the steering before the deconnection of the tow bar.
- Specific phraseology is used:

Flight events	CM1	GROUND STAFF
CLEARED TO PUSH BACK	NOSE WHEEL STEERING SWITCHOFF PARKING BRAKEOFF	
	► ANNOUNCE  "GROUND FROM COCKPIT, I CONFIRM CLEAR  TO PUSH, NOSE NORTH (SOUTH, EAST,  WEST), PARKING BRAKE IS OFF, NOSE WHEEL  STEERING IS OFF"	►ANNOUNCE "STARTING PUSH"
WHEN PUSH BACK COMPLETE	▶ <b>DO</b> PARKING BRAKEON	ANNOUNCE "COCKPIT FROM GROUND, PUSH BACK COMPLETE, PARKING BRAKE ON"
TOW BAR DISCONNECTED AND VISUALLY CONFIRMED BY CREW	NOSE WHEEL STEERING SWITCHON  ANNOUNCE "NOSE WHEEL STEERING IS ON, YOU CAN DISCONNECT YOURSELF, GOOD BYE"	NANNOUNCE "TOW BAR IS DISCONNECTED, YOU MAY CONNECT NOSE WHEEL STEERING"
	CM 2 REQUEST 1	TAXI CLEARANCE

# ADDITIONAL STANDARD OPERATING PROCEDURES

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## 6. Start up engine n°1 during taxiing

The ATR Training Center uses "start of both engines on stand". Nevertheless, ATR's planes are technically able to start ENG 1 during taxiing. This procedure is an operator's choice and under its responsibility. For safety reasons, engine 1 start must be performed on a clear taxiway, and in low workload environment.

Flight events	CM1	CM2
ON CAPTAIN DECISION	►ORDER "START ENGINE 1, RADIO MY SIDE"	
AFTER OUTSIDE VISUAL CHECK		►ANNOUNCE "STARTING ENG 1"
		START 1 PB DEPRESSED TIMING START
NH = 10% (UNTILL NH=19% IF ITT>200°C		►DO AND ANNOUNCE  CL 1
		►DO ENGINE PARAMETERS CHECK
ITT INCREASING		► ANNOUNCE  "IGNITION"  ► DO  ENGINE PARAMETERS
NH = 25%		►ANNOUNCE "ECU"
NH NCREASING		►DO AND ANNOUNCE  ENGINE PARAMETERS
NH = 45%		►ANNOUNCE "45%, STARTER OFF"
		STARTER OFF
		►ANNOUNCE " ITT XXX °C"
NH = 61.5%		►ANNOUNCE  "PARAMETERS STABILIZED"
PARAMETERS STABILIZED	▶ORDER	ENGINE START OFF & START ABOR DC GEN 1 FAULT EXTINGUISHED DC BTC CHECK OPEN BLEED / PACKS LIGHTS EXTINGUISHED OVERHEAD PANEL DARK (EXCEPTED THE FAULT LIGHT ILLUMINATED ON EXHAUST MODE PB FOR 2 MINUTES AND ALSO ACW GEN 1 FAULT LIGHT)
	"CL1 MAX RPM"	DO AND ANNOUNCE  CL 1MAX RPN  "CL1 MAX RPM"
HEN NP STABILISED AROUND 71%		►ANNOUNCE  "LOW PITCH"  ►CHECK
		ACW GEN 1 ON LIN



# ADDITIONAL STANDARD OPERATING PROCEDURES

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## 6. Start up engine n°1 during taxiing

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Flight events	CM1	CM2
ON CAPTAIN DECISION	►ORDER "START ENGINE 1, RADIO MY SIDE"	
AFTER OUTSIDE VISUAL CHECK		► ANNOUNCE  "STARTING ENG 1"  ► DO  START 1 PB
NH = 10% (UNTILL NH=19% IF ITT>200°C		►DO AND ANNOUNCE  CL 1
ITT INCREASING		►ANNOUNCE  "IGNITION"  ►DO  ENGINE PARAMETERS CHECK
NH NCREASING		►DO AND ANNOUNCE ENGINE PARAMETERS CHECK "OIL PRESS"
NH = 45%		►ANNOUNCE "45%, STARTER OFF"  ►DO STARTER OFF
NH = 61.5%		►ANNOUNCE " ITT XXX °C"
PARAMETERS STABILIZED	<b>→</b> ▶ORDER	► ANNOUNCE  "PARAMETERS STABILIZED"  DO  ENGINE START OFF & START ABORT DC GEN 1 FAULT EXTINGUISHED DC BTC CHECK OPEN BLEED / PACKS LIGHTS EXTINGUISHED OVERHEAD PANEL DARK (EXCEPTED THE FAULT LIGHT ILLUMINATED ON EXHAUST MODE PB FOR 2 MINUTES AND ALSO ACW GEN 1 FAULT LIGHT)
72 PEC	"CL1 AUTO"	►DO AND ANNOUNCE CL 1
72 not PEC	→ ►ORDER "CL1 MAX RPM"	►DO AND ANNOUNCE CL 1
WHEN LOW PITCH AND SGL CH LIGHTS ILLUMINATED	42 PEC 72 PEC 72 not PEC	► ANNOUNCE  "SINGLE CHANNEL LOW PITCH"  ► ANNOUNCE  "LOW PITCH"
VHEN NP STABILISED AROUND 71%		CHECK ACW GEN 1 ON LINE

# AR Training Centre

#### NORMAL PROCEDURES

## ADDITIONAL STANDARD OPERATING PROCEDURES

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#### CM<sub>2</sub>

## 1 ENGINE START ROTARY SELECTOR: A+B START 1 PB: ON

Depress the START 1 PB after a visual check on left side.

2 TIMING: START

#### **3 CONDITION LEVER 1: FEATHER**

Advance condition lever 1 to feather when NH reaches 10% and announce: "FUEL OPEN".

#### **4** ENGINE PARAMETERS: MONITOR

When the ITT needle increases, annouce: "IGNITION".

#### **5 ECU FAULT LIGHT: EXTINGUISH**

At 25% NH, check that the ECU fault light extinguishes, announce "ECU ON".

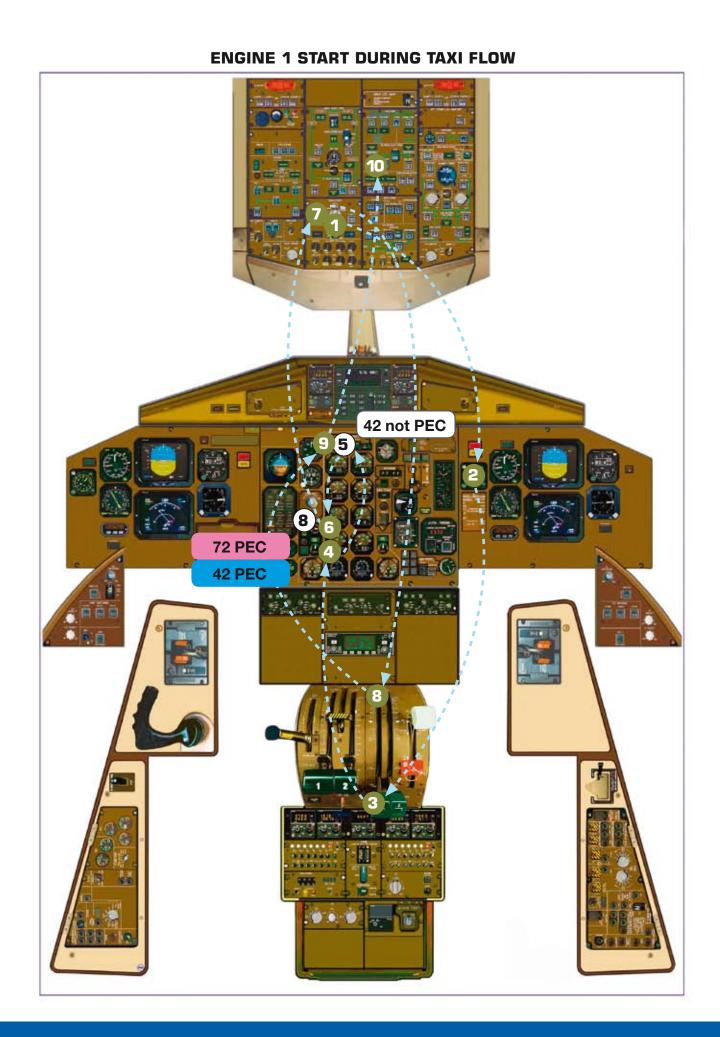
#### **6** ENGINE PARAMETERS: MONITOR

OIL PRESS needle increase, announce "OIL PRESS" At 45% NH, announce "45%" Stop timing, announce "STARTER OFF" if ON, white light extinguished on START 1 PB.

#### **2** ENGINE START ROTARY SELECTOR: OFF

When engine parameters are stabilised, announce "PARAMETERS STABLISED", then turn the rotary selector to OFF/START ABORT.

- **3** CONDITION LEVER 1: MAX RPM/AUTO
- 8 PEC SINGLE CHANNEL TEST: CHECK Check SGL CH is illuminated, then extinguished.
- 1 LO PITCH LIGHT: ILLUMINATED
- **OPEN.**On LINE Check ACW BTCs OPEN.



#### **PERSONAL NOTES**



#### NORMAL PROCEDURES

# ADDITIONAL STANDARD OPERATING PROCEDURES

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## 7. Operating minima

#### 7.1. **D**efinitions

#### MEA (Minimum En-route IFR Altitude)

The lowest published altitude (or Flight Level) between radio fixes that meets obstacle clearance requirements between those fixes and in many countries assures acceptable navigational and radio signal coverage.

#### MORA (Minimum Off-Route Altitude)

A MORA route provides reference point clearance within 10 NM (18.5 km) of the route centerline (regardless of the route width) and end fixes.

A MORA grid altitude provides a reference point clearance within the section outlined by latitude and longitude lines.

MORA values clear all reference points by 1000-ft (300 m) in areas where the highest reference points are 5000-ft (1500 m) MSL, or lower.

MORA values clear all reference points by 2000-ft (600 m) in areas where the reference points are above 5000-ft (1500 m) MSL.

When a MORA is shown along a route as "unknown" or within a grid as "unsurveyed" a MORA is not shown due to incomplete or insufficient information.

#### **MOCA (Minimum Obstruction Clearance altitude)**

The lowest published altitude in effect between radio fixes on VOR airways, off-airways routes, or route segments, which meets obstacle clearance requirements for the entire route segment.

#### **MSA (Minimum Sector Altitude)**

Altitude depicted on instrument approach, SID or STAR charts and identified as the minimum safe altitude which provides a 1000 ft (300 m) obstacle clearance within a 25 NM (46 km) (or other value as stated) radius from the navigational facility upon which the MSA is predicated.

#### **Terminal** area

Except during IFR approach or departure, when on track with a published minimum altitude on airport charts, the minimum altitude must not be lower than the Minimum Sector Altitude (MSA).

# LL ATR



## ADDITIONAL STANDARD OPERATING PROCEDURES

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#### 7.2 Approach minima

#### 7.2.1. Classification of airplanes

For approach, aircraft are classified in categories: A, B, C, D, and E.

The criteria taken into account for the classification of airplanes is the indicated airspeed at threshold  $(V_{\Delta T})$  in landing configuration at the maximum certified landing weight.

 $V_{\rm AT}$  = 1.3 VS for ATR 42 - 300 or  $V_{\rm AT}$  = 1.23 VS1G for the other ATR models. ATR aircraft are classified class B.

The airplane categories corresponding to  $V_{\scriptscriptstyle AT}$  values are in the table 2 below:

#### Aircraft category (multi-engine) - Extracted from Appendix 2 to OPS 1.430 c

Aeroplane Category	V <sub>AT</sub>	
Α	<b>V<sub>AT</sub> &lt;</b> 91 kt	
В	91 kt ≤ <b>V<sub>AT</sub> &lt;</b> 121 kt	
С	121 kt ≤ <b>V<sub>AT</sub> &lt;</b> 141 kt	
D	141 kt ≤ <b>V<sub>AT</sub> &lt;</b> 166 kt	
E	166 kt ≤ <b>V<sub>AT</sub> &lt;</b> 211 kt	

#### 7.2.2 Procedure protections

ATR is integrated in category B			
Vat	91/120 Kt		
Initial Approach	120/180/(170) Kt*		
Final Approach	85/130 Kt		
Circle to land	135 Kt		
Missed approach 130/150 Kt			

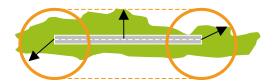
<sup>\*</sup> Speed use in parallel entry



# ADDITIONAL STANDARD OPERATING PROCEDURES

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#### 7.2.3. Obstacle clearance



The arrow represents the radius for the circle to land protection zone.

ATR is integrated in category B		
Speed	135 Kt	
Radius	2.8 Nm	
Obstacle clearance	295 Ft	
осн	492 Ft	
Minimum visibility	2.8 Km	

#### 7.2.4. Entry in the standard Patterns:

#### • (1) parallel entry

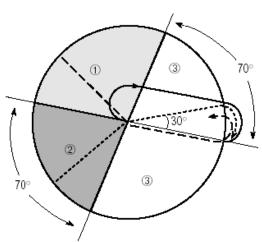
Parallel holding course, turn left and return to holding fix or intercept holding course

#### • (2) teardrop entry

Proceed on outbound track of 30° to holding course, turn right to intercept holding course.

#### • (3) direct entry

Turn right and fly the pattern.





## ADDITIONAL STANDARD OPERATING PROCEDURES

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### 7.3. RVR / visibility

All tables are extracted from the OPS 1.430 appendix 1.

#### 7.3.1. Take-off

Facilities	RVR / Visibility (3)	
Nil (day only)	500 m	
Runway edge lighting and/or centreline marking	250/300 m (1) (2)	
Runway edge and centreline lighting	200/250 m (1)	
Runway edge, centreline lighting and multiple RVR information	150/200 m (1) (4)	

- (1) Higher values apply to Category D aircraft.
- (2) For night operations, at least the runway edge and runway end lights are required.
- (3) The Reported Visibility Representative / RVR for the initial part of the take-off run may be replaced by a pilot assessment.
- (4) The required RVR value must be achieved for all of the relevant RVR reporting points except as stated in (3), above.

#### 7.3.2. Non-precision approach

Facility (approach aid)	lowest MDH (ft)	
ILS with no glide path (LLZ)	250	
SRA (terminating at 1/2 NM.)	250	
SRA (terminating at 1 NM.)	300	
SRA (terminating at 2 NM.)	350	
VOR	300	
VOR/DME	250	
NDB	300	
VDF (QDM and QGH)	300	



## ADDITIONAL STANDARD OPERATING PROCEDURES

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#### 7.3.3. Cat I approach

Decision	Facilities/RVR (5)			
Height (7)	<b>Full</b> (1)(6)	Intermediat e (2)(6)	<b>Basic</b> (3)(6)	<b>Nil</b> (4)(6)
200 ft	550 m	700 m	800 m	1000 m
201-250 ft	600 m	700 m	800 m	1000 m
251-300 ft	650 m	800 m	900 m	1200 m
301 ft and above	800 m	900 m	1000 m	1200 m

<sup>(1)</sup> Full facilities comprise runway markings, 720 metres of HI/MI approach lights, runway edge lights, threshold and end lights. Lights must be on.

- (5) The RVR values are either as reported, or met visibility converted as in the previous table.
- (6) The above figures are only applicable to conventional approaches with a slope not exceeding  $4^{\circ}$ .
- (7) The DH mentioned in the table refers to the initial calculation of DH; when selecting the associated RVR it is not necessary to take account of 'rounding up' to the nearest ten feet which may be done for operational purposes.

#### 7.3.4. RVR / visibility conversion

Lighting element in operation	RVR = Reported Meteorological visibility multiplied by	
gg	Day	Night
HI approach and runway lighting	1.5	2.0
Any type of lighting installation other than above	1.0	1.5
No lighting	1.0	Not applicable

<sup>\*</sup> This table can be used only for flight management, never for flight preparation.

<sup>(2)</sup> Intermediate facilities comprise runway markings. 420-719 metres of HI/MI approach lights, runway edge, threshold and end lights. Lights must be on.

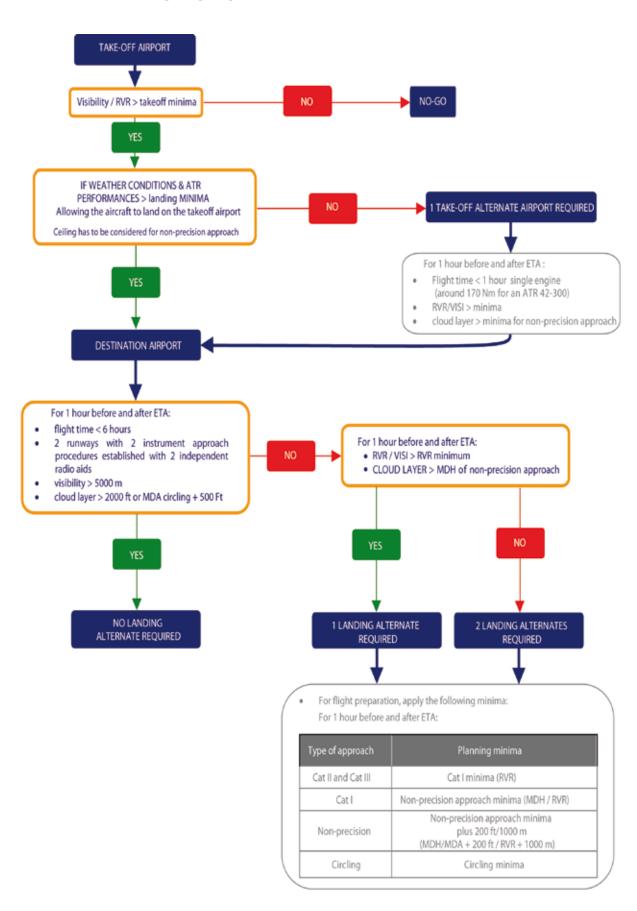
<sup>(3)</sup> Basic facilities comprise runway markings, less than 420 metres of HI/MI approach lights, runway edge, threshold and end lights. Lights must be on.

<sup>(4)</sup> Nil approach light facilities comprise runway markings, runway edge, threshold and end lights or no lights at all.

#### **ADDITIONAL STANDARD OPERATING PROCEDURES**

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#### 7.4. Flight preparation



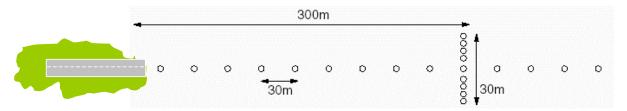


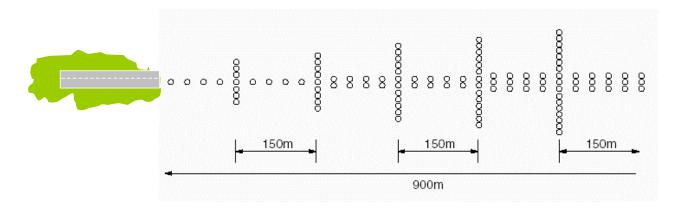
# ADDITIONAL STANDARD OPERATING PROCEDURES

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#### 7.5. Airport approach facilities

#### 7.5.1. Runway approach line





- Full facilities comprise runway markings, 720 meters of HI/MI approach lights, runway edge lights, threshold and end lights. Lights must be on.
- Intermediate facilities comprise runway markings. 420-719 meters of HI/MI approach lights runway edge, threshold and end lights. Lights must be on.
- Basic facilities comprise runway markings, less than 420 meters of HI/MI approach lights, runway edge, threshold and end lights. Lights must be on.
- Nil approach light facilities comprise runway markings, runway edge, threshold and end lights or no lights at all.

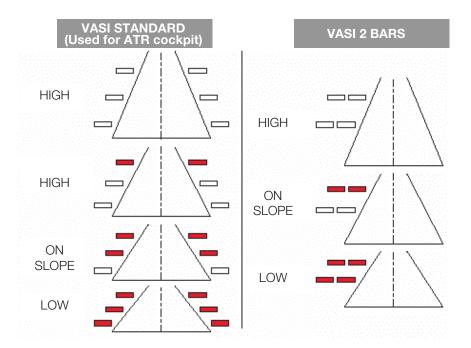
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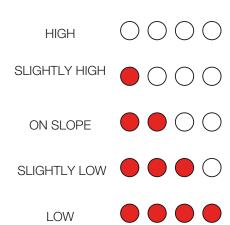
#### **ADDITIONAL STANDARD OPERATING PROCEDURES**

NORMAL PROCEDURES

#### 7.5.2. Visual aids



PAPI



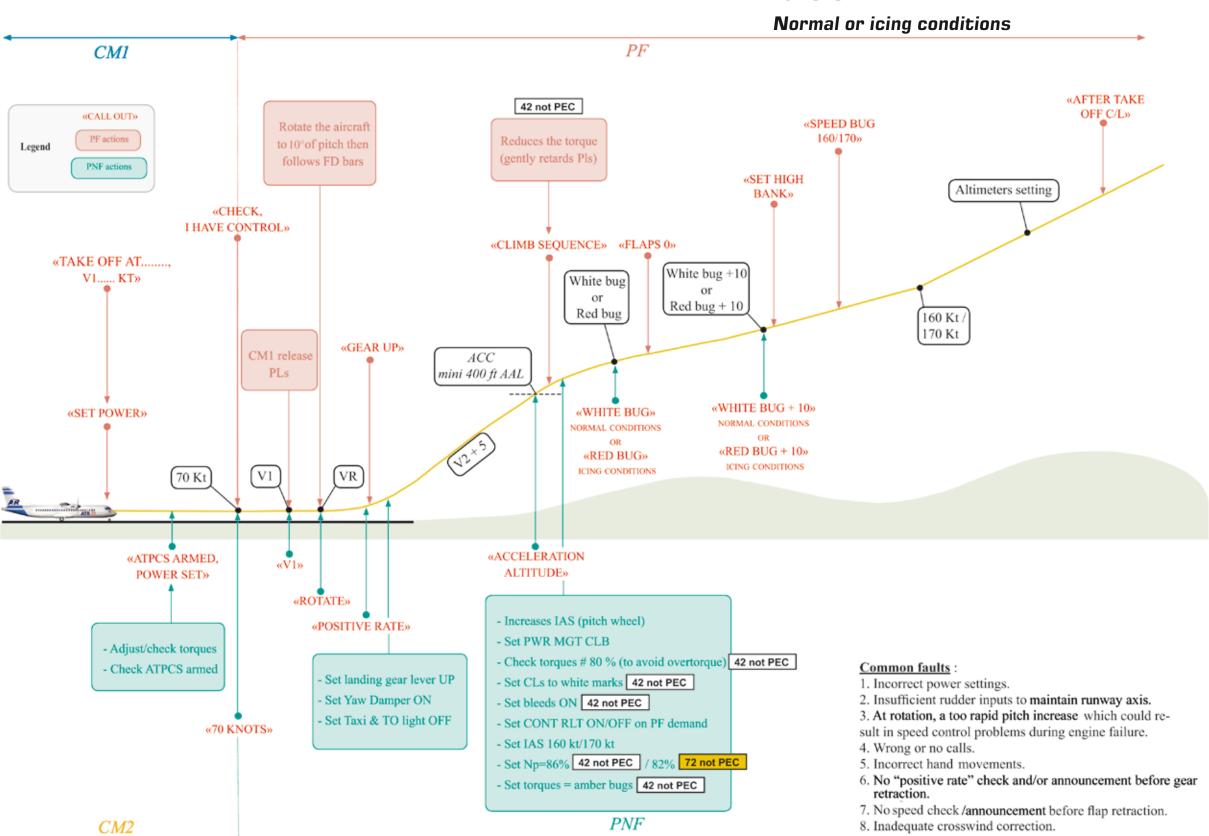
## **PERSONAL NOTES**



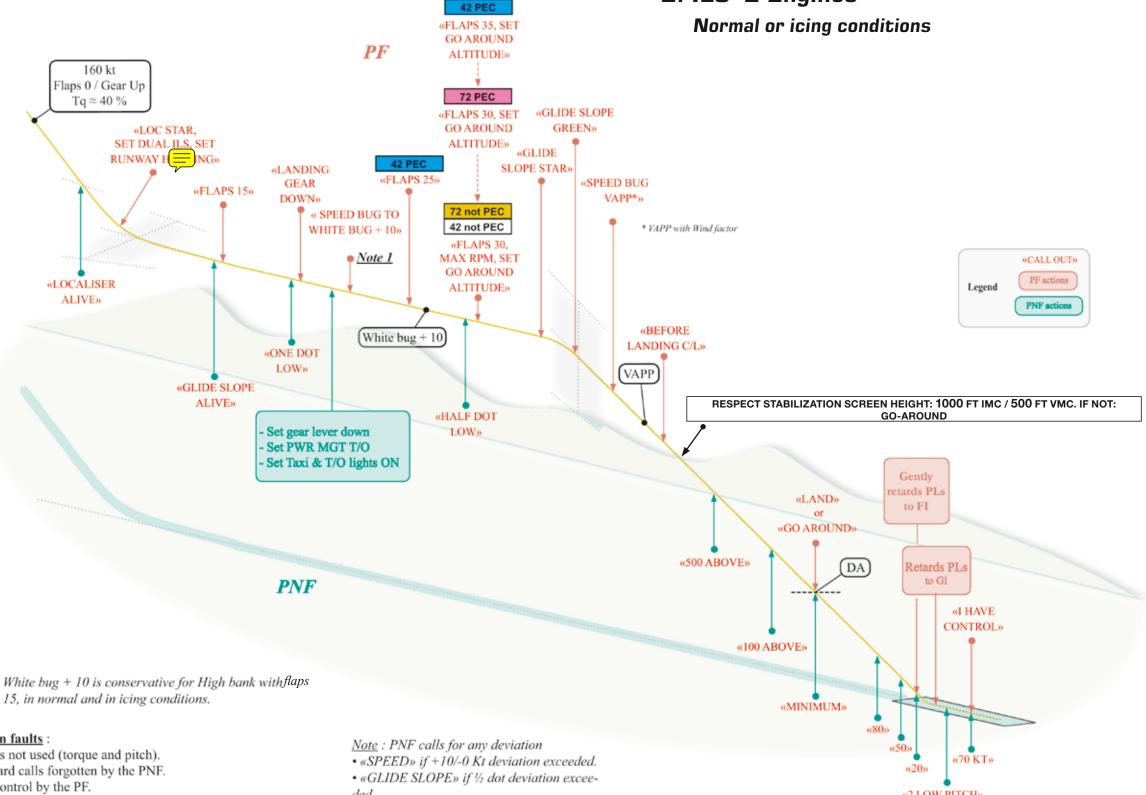
## SCHEMATICS

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#### 1. Take-off



# 2. ILS 2 Engines



Note 1 White bug + 10 is conservative for High bank with flaps

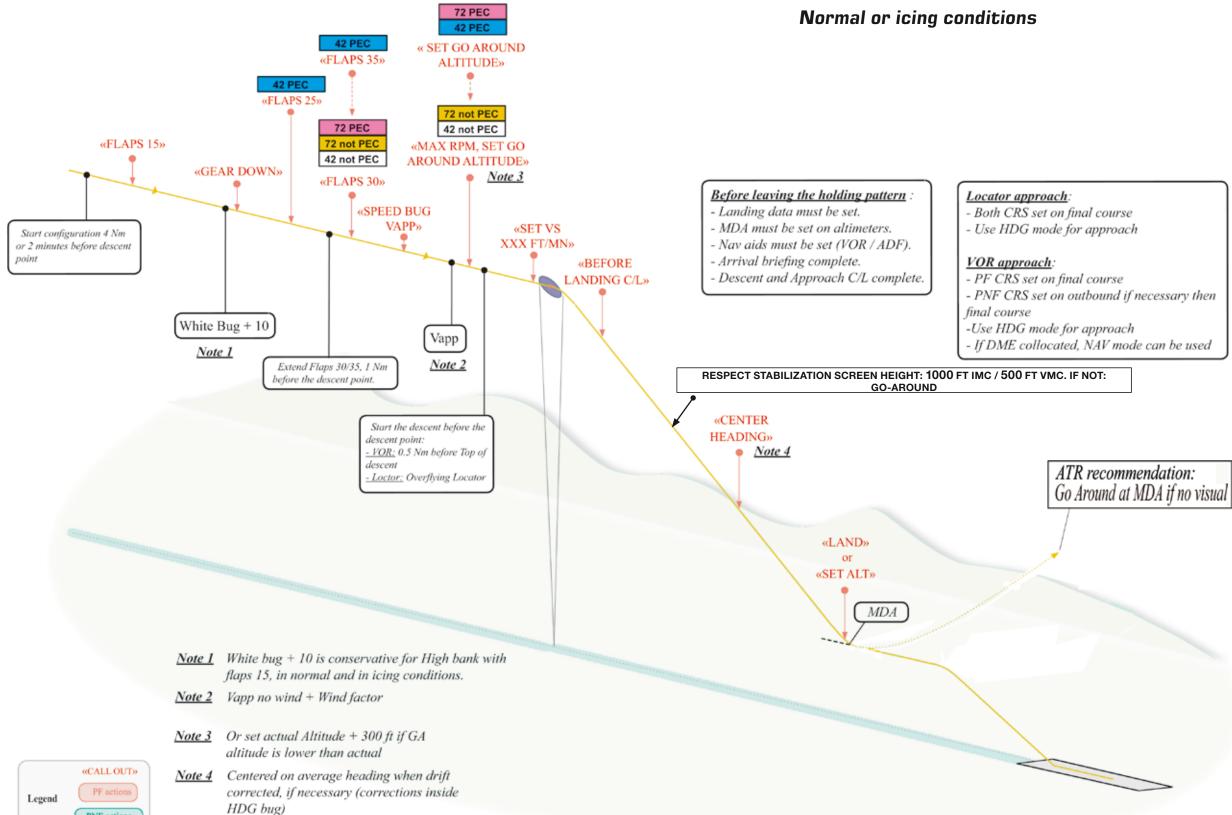
#### Common faults:

- 1. Presets not used (torque and pitch).
- 2. Standard calls forgotten by the PNF.
- 3. Overcontrol by the PF.

- · «LOCALISER» if 1/2 dot deviation exceeded.

05.03



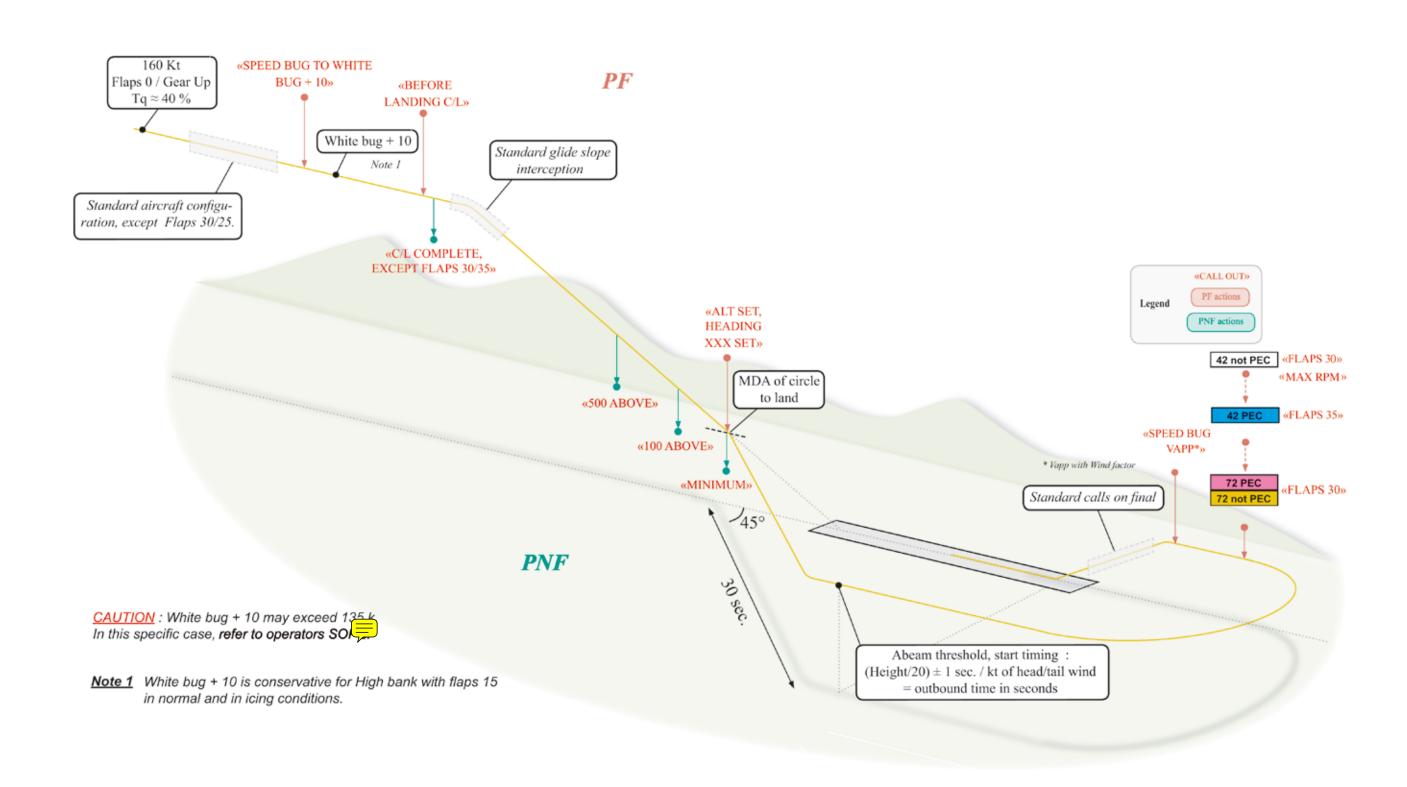


PNF actions

#### NORMAL PROCEDURES **SCHEMATICS**

## 4. Circling approach

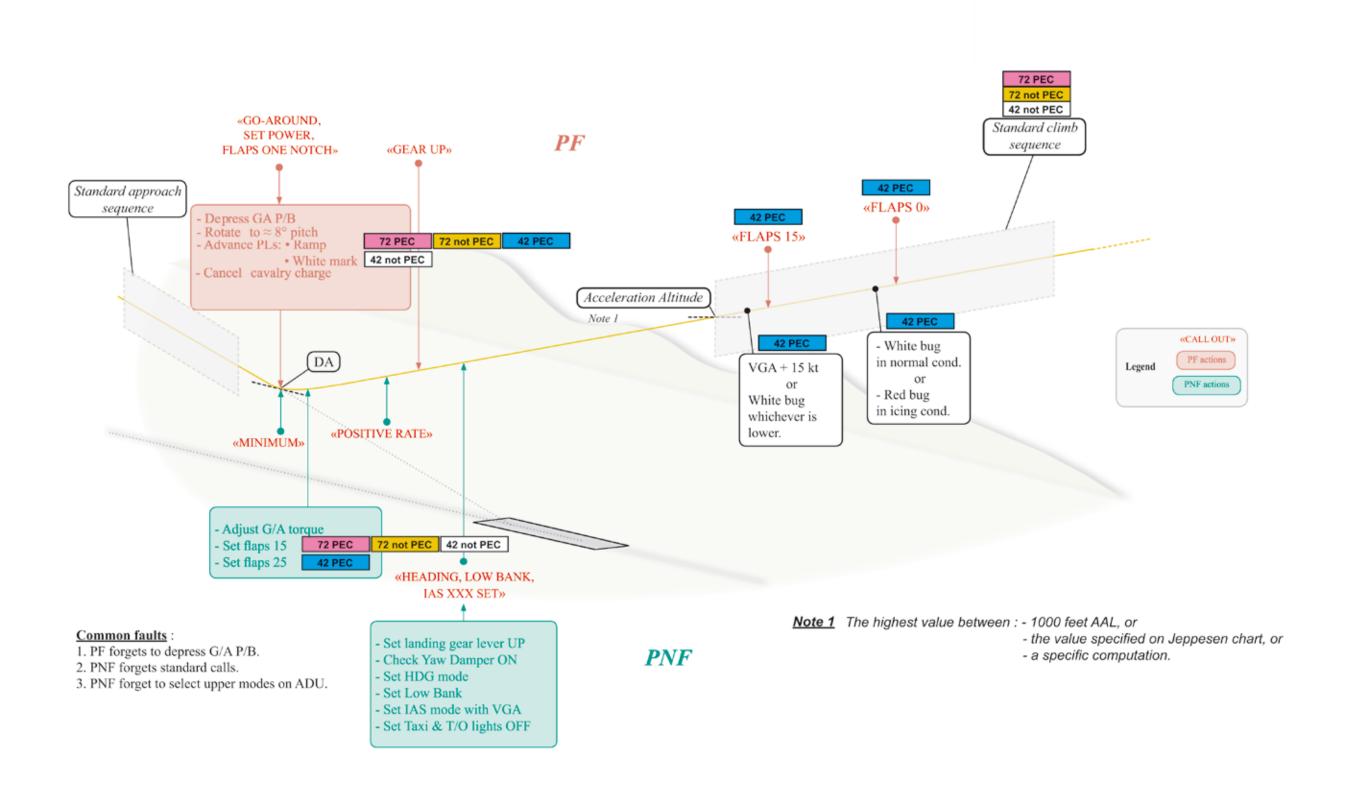
Normal or icing conditions



05.05

## 5. Go-around 2 engines

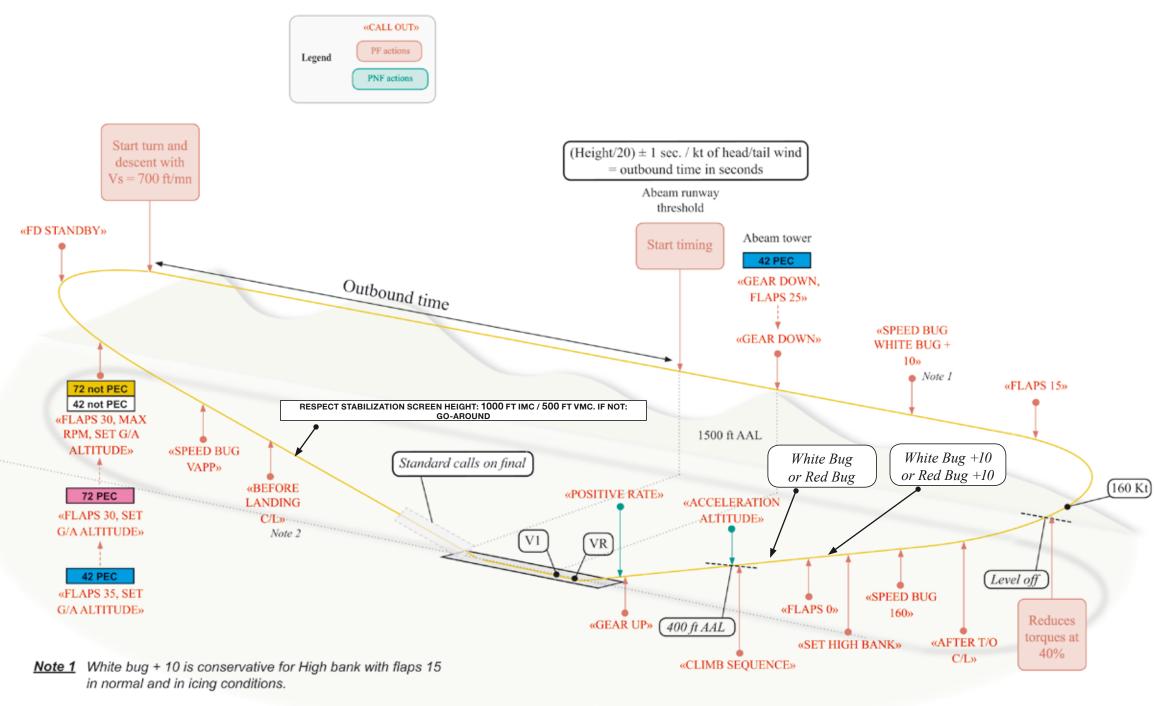
Normal or icing conditions



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## 6. Standard visual pattern 1500 ft AAL

Normal or icing conditions



Note 2 Before landing C/L must be complete before reaching 500 ft AAL.

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Every effort has been made to ensure document quality.

However please do not hesitate to share your comments and information with us by using the following address: flight-ops-support@atr.fr

Yours faithfully

Your ATR Training and Flight Operations support team.



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